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About the cover...

The cover of this report shows the 1976 Form 1040A with design changes that resulted in a greatly simplified 1977 Form 1040A. The entire 1040A Form was put on one side of a single sheet of paper. The design was simplified and the number of line items was reduced from 25 to 15. Even more important, the computation of tax liability was simplified.

The new 1040A makes it possible for many more taxpayers to use a truly simple tax form. The 1040A for 1977 is a milestone in the continuing effort to make it easier for taxpayers to complete their income tax returns.

Introduction

The continuing vigor of our self-assessment tax system is reflected in this annual report, which describes Internal Revenue Service activities during Fiscal Year 1977. Gross receipts, returns filed, refunds, and additional tax from direct enforcement all increased during this period.

When the fiscal year closed, I had served as Commissioner of Internal Revenue for less than six months. When I took office, the groundwork was already in place for many of the programs that were to be carried out by the Service during the year.

One of our priority goals has been to improve the information and assistance IRS gives to taxpayers to help them understand and cope with the complex tax laws. I believe that readily available high quality taxpayer assistance is essential to voluntary compliance. We are also redesigning the Form 1040 to make it more logical.

The Tax Simplification and Reduction Act of 1977 permitted substantial simplification of the Form 1040A and we took the opportunity to redesign this form and simplify the language used in the instructions. As a result, taxpayers whose tax computations are unaffected by complex provisions of the tax law will find this form easier to prepare. Moreover, the 1040A is designed to encourage a taxpayer to fill out a few lines of basic information and let the IRS compute the tax.

To help taxpayers who cannot resolve their problems through normal IRS channels and to identify obstacles in the system, we established problem resolution (complaint) offices in each of our districts. We believe these offices will help relieve many of the frustrations taxpayers feel in dealing with the IRS

Public confidence in the fairness of the tax system is important to voluntary compliance. People who willingly comply with the tax law are entitled to feel confident that others are doing the same. A trend that could have an adverse effect on that confidence is the profileration of abusive tax shelters. We, therefore, have developed a program to identify questionable shelters early and to rule on them promptly. This program also calls for increased audit coverage of the returns of taxpayers most likely to have abusive tax shelters.

We have begun studying new methods of classifying tax returns to permit better allocations of audit resources.

To cope with revelations concerning bribes, kickbacks and political contributions, the IRS developed a series of questions which were asked of corporate executives and others during audits of large corporations. The technique has been productive. We have modified the form of the questions, and their use in luture examinations will be discretionary.

In keeping with the policies of the President and the Secretary of the Treasury, as well as my own desire, the Service has placed added emphasis on its equal employment opportunity programs. This emphasis has produced steady advances at all grade and salary levels for women and minority group employees, and has aided the recruitment of prospective minority employees as well.

Our management improvement programs show annual recurring savings of several millions of dollars. Improvements adopted during the past year will result in more effective deployment of personnel, better use of mechanical and technical equipment, and more modern work techniques.

The President has emphasized the need for reorganizing the institutions of the Federal government to make them better serve the public and for increasing the productivity of the Federal work force. The size and scope of Internal Revenue's operations, combined with a constantly expanding workload of dealing directly with the public, make it imperative that we respond fully to the President's direction. We have begun to do so and expect to be well on our way to-meeting his goals in the IRS during 1978.

Jerome Kurtz

Commissioner of Internal Revenue

Contents

| Introduction | | |
|----------------------------|--|-----|
| Chapter 1. | Assisting Taxpayers | 6 |
| Chapter 2. | Collecting the Revenue | 12 |
| Chapter 3. | Insuring Compliance | 22 |
| Chapter 4. | Data Services Technical Activities | 32 |
| Chapter 5 | Employee Plans and Exempt Organizations | 36 |
| Chapter 6. | International Programs | 40 |
| Chapter 7. | Legal Activities | 46 |
| Chapter 8. | Planning and Research | 62 |
| Chapter 9. | Internal Management | 70 |
| Chapter 10. | Appendix | |
| Organization | Chart ons. Districts. | 78 |
| and Service | | 79 |
| Chronologica IRS Commis | al List of sioners (1862-1977) | 80 |
| Principal Offi | icers of the IRS | 82 |
| Audit Charts | and Tables | 88 |
| Statistical Ta | bloc | 110 |

Addenda:

Addenda:
Statistical data used in the text and tables of this volume are on a fiscal year basis, unless otherwise noted. For example, data headed "1977" pertains to the liscal year ended Sept. 30, 1977.
In certain graphs and charts, to illustrate the text, ligures have been rounded and may not add precisely to the printed totals in the statistical tables which are based on unrounded figures.

Chapter 1

Assisting Taxpayers

Assisting Taxpayers

The voluntary compliance tax system is uniquely American. To maintain and heighten voluntary compliance, the Service provides taxpayers with comprehensive information about the system and their responsibilities and rights under it. Aware that the process of determining income, exemptions, deductions, and correct tax is not a simple task for many taxpayers, the IRS provided them with considerable direct assistance.

During 1977 the IRS continued to expand quality assistance to taxpayers and to make this assistance readily available to those needing it. In over 340,000 contacts sampled during the 1977 filing period, including a review of Service-prepared returns, and the monitoring of responses to taxpayer telephone inquiries, IRS assistors achieved an accuracy rate of about 97 percent.

The IRS continued its efforts to place Jaxpayer Service offices near public transportation and on the first floor of buildings. During the 1977 filing period walk-in service was offered in about 700 permanent offices and in over 220 temporary offices set up only for the filing period. These offices were located in the inner city, business districts, and suburban and rural areas. When necessary, hours of service were extended for taxpayers unable to call or visit during normal business hours.

The IRS again offered special assistance to taxpayers who speak foreign languages. Over 480 employees in 140 offices provided tax assistance in Spanish and over 470 employees in 148 offices provided help in other foreign languages.

Under the Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) Program, the Service trained approximately 20,000 volunteers who offered free tax assistance primarily to elderly, Spanish-speaking and low-income taxpayers.

Over 216,000 individuals, an increase of 23 percent over 1976, attended approximately 4,000 IRS-sponsored classes conducted as part of the Service's Taxpayer Education Institutes and Workshops Program.

The Service made major efforts to raise the level of public wareness of the Earned Income Credit (EIC), which benefits low-income taxpayers. With the cooperation of other Federal government agencies such as the Departments of Health, Education and Welfare, Agriculture, and Labor, special notices were sent to those considered eligible for the Earned Income Credit. Notices also were sent to taxpayers who filed returns without claiming the EIC but who apparently qualified for it according to their tax return information.

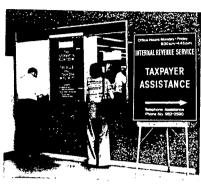
During the period January 1 through September 30, approximately 6.2 million taxpayers claimed the EIC for a total of approximately \$1.2 billion, averaging out to nearly \$201 per taxpayer. Tax filers who filed returns only to claim the EIC received almost 5 percent of these credits.

During FY 1977 the IRS received about 100,000 written, 28 million telephone, and nine million walk-in inquiries. More than 63 percent of these inquiries occurred from January 1 through April 30, 1977, when the IRS received over 17 million telephone calls, over six million walk-in inquiries, and over 42,000 written inquiries, for a total of over 23 million requests for assistance.

Over 90 percent of all telephone calls received during the 1977 filling period were on the toll-free telephone service. Under this system, any taxpayer in the United States may call the IRS for assistance without having to pay a long-distance charge. Tollfree numbers are listed in the income tax packages provided to taxpavers as well as in all public telephone directories. Taxpayers also may use the toll-free network to call for clarification of the bills and notices they receive concerning their accounts. These notices are accompanied by an enclosure that lists a toll-free telephone number and suggests that the taxpayer use the number to obtain assistance or further explanation.

The toll-free telephone system has provided taxpayers with greater access to IRS offices and has made an IRS office as close to taxpayers as their telephones.

Tax Assistance







Taxpayer assistance was provided in 1977 to over 23 million persons at convenient walk-in locations, by telephone, and through correspondence. With the help of 32,000 banks and Postal Service stations, the IRS distributed 237 million (ax forms and instructions during the year.

Training for Tax Assistors was improved significantly in 1977 with special attention given to the Tax Reform Act of 1976. Over 191,000 of the 15.5 million telephone calls received at 74 IRS toll-free answering sites were sampled to verify the accuracy and quality of answers provided to taxpavers' questions during the 1977 filing period. Since December 1976, the IRS has provided TV telephone and teletypewriter service for the deaf on a nationwide, toll-free basis through the Indianapolis District. As a result, hearing-impaired taxpayers in all states except Alaska and Hawaii now have access to services similar to those offered other taxpayers. In May 1977, two representatives from the Indianapolis District attended the President's Committee on Employment of the Handicapped Convention held in Washington, D.C., to demonstrate the TV phone and to increase the awareness of the handicapped of this IRS assistance propram.

Tax Forms Improvements

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The complexity of the Tax Reform Act of 1976 and its late enactment made the Service's job of simplifying the 1976 forms and instructions very difficult. Over 100 forms were affected by the new law. In spite of these obstacles, the IRS was able to achieve some simplification. For example, to make the Form 1040A instructions more legible, the Service printed them in larger type and with wider columns. To save space in the instructions for explanatory material on the Tax Reform Act and areas that gave taxpavers trouble in the past, the tax tables were reduced from 10 to three pages. The Earned Income Credit worksheet was moved from page 8 to page 2 in the Form 1040 instructions and was expanded to a full page to give it more prominence. Also, several infrequently used lines were removed from Form 1040.

As a result of concerted efforts of IRS personnel, and in response to the Federal Paperwork Commission's request for a Government-wide special drive to reduce the paperwork burden, numerous other forms and form letters were simplified, eliminated or consolidated.

The Tax Reform Act of 1976 also had an effect on income tax return preparers. Any person preparing income tax returns for compensation is now subject to disclosure requirements and penalties for negligently or fraudulently preparing returns. The identification number and address of the preparer, in addition to the signature, must now be disclosed on all tax returns he or she prepares. Also, an annual information report must be filed by preparers before August 1.

1977 Tax Forms

The Tax Reduction and Simplification Act of 1977 enabled the IRS to develop a simplified form 1040A for 1977. The complex formula for computing the standard deduction has been eliminated and incorporated into the tax tables, along with the allowances for personal exemptions and the general tax credit. The 1977 Form 1040A has been organized so that a taxpayer is encouraged to let the IRS compute the tax liability. The 1977 1040A has 15 numbered entries, with all calculations on one full-sized page. The 1976 form had 25 entries on both sides of a half-page.

Form 1040 for 1977 also has been redesigned. The items have been arranged in a natural sequence that permits filers to start at the top of the front page and progress to the signature block on the bottom of the back page, eliminating the need for frequent reference to both sides of the form

Other significant form changes for 1977 include an agreement with the Department of Labor (DOL) to eliminate duplicate filling of the annual pension plan returns, Form 5500 series. Under the agreement, IRS is developing a processing system for the returns that will satisfy the administrative needs of both agencies. The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC), which was to have obtained data from DOL, also will use the system. PBGC's annual report, Schedule A (Form PBGC-1), will be merged into the Form 5500 series returns.

Public Participation in Forms Simplification

In a Federal Register Notice in March 1977, the IRS asked for public comments and suggestions for improving and simplifying IRS tax forms and instructions. Nearly 500 written submissions were received. In addition, public hearings on Forms 1040 and 1040A were held in three cities—Boston, Mass.; Portland, Ore.; and Oklahoma City, Okla.

While many of the suggestions would require changes in the tax law by Congress, others did help in reducing and improving 1977 forms. The improvements made in the 1977 Forms 1040 and 1040A will reduce the public's reporting burden on IRS forms by an estimated 10 percent. The IRS also will sample public opinion on the forms through a questionnaire included in some 40,000 1977 Form 1040 and 1040A packages.

Tax Publications

The Service distributes a large number of its publications free of charge.

During 1977, the IRS distributed three million copies of Publication 17, Your Federal Income Tax, 900,000 copies of Publication 334, Tax Guide for Small Business, and 800,000 copies of Publication 225. Farmer's Tax Guide. In addition, the IRS turnished tax materials on request to five million individual taxpayers, 520,000 tax practitioners, and 400,000 employers. Over 32,000 banks and Postal Service stations helped distribute over 237 million tax forms and instructions.

The IRS prepares many publications about specific tax matters, such as disability payments and business use of home. Substantive revisions were made to these publications in 1977 to reflect changes by the Tax Retorm Act of 1976. and several new publications were developed to explain the Tax Reduction and Simplification Act of 1977.

Publication 560, Tax Information on Self-Employed Retirement Plans and Publication 571, Tax-Sheltered Annuity Plans for Employees of Public Schools and Certain Tax-Exempt Organizations, have been revised to reflect the latest provisions of the

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The Mass Media

The Service continued to use the mass media to furnish tax information to the public. In 1977, material prepared by the IRS was sent to 17.850 radio and TV stations, daily and weekly newspapers and magazines. Service personnel participated in 6.288 interviews, answered 19.483 media inquiries, and made 4.491 talks to professional, trade, service and other groups.

The IRS issued 7,916 news releases to the media. These releases covered such topics as services available to taxpayers, appeal rights, tax advice for disaster victims, the Earned Income Credit, pension benefit plans, and various provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1976. There also were numerous releases covering tax rulings, procedures, regulations, and legal interpretations.

Some releases, radio and TV scripts, and IRS films were translated into Spanish.

Three IRS color films, covering the American way of taxing, audit and appeals procedures, and tax information relating to small businesses, were shown 97 times by TV outlets, and 3,426 times to professional, trade, service, educational and other groups during 1977.

Chapter 2

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Collecting the Revenue

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Receipts

Gross revenue collections in FY 1977 rose to 358.1 billion, an increase of 47.3 billion (15.2 percent) over the preceding 12-month period. The increase was the largest ever recorded, far in excess of the record \$34.4 billion rise in 1969. Major factors contributing to this year's strong advance were higher personal income, higher corporate profits. increases in the social security wage base and abnormally large gift tax collections.

Income taxes accounted for over two-thirds of all tax receipts in FY 1977. Individual income taxes totaled 186.8 billion, an increase of 22.9 billion (14 percent). The gain was moderated by a reduction in the amount of withholding for most taxpayers. effective June 1, 1977, to reflect an increase in the standard deduction under the Tax Reduction and Simplification Act of 1977. Corporate income taxes collected were \$60 billion, up sharply by 12.6 billion (26.6 percent).

Employment taxes social security, unemployment insurance, and railroad retirement received amounted to \$86.1 billion, a gain of \$9.4 billion (12.2 percent). Receipts from this source were affected by higher wage and salary payments, increases in the social security wage base due to the operation of the automatic adjustment mechanism and an increase in the net Federal unemployment tax rate from 0.5 percent to 0.7 percent.

Excise tax collections registered the smallest gain for any major tax category, rising 0.4 billion (2.5 percent) on collections of 17.8 billion. The continued phasing out of the telephone excise tax and lower alcohol and tobacco tax collections contributed to this smaller gain.

Estate and gift tax collections of \$7.4 billion showed the largest rate of increase, advancing 37.3 percent (\$2 billion). Much of the increase was due to a very large rise in both the number and amount of taxable gifts made prior to the January 1, 1977 effective date for gift tax revisions under the Tax Reform Act of 1976. The gift tax portion of this combined tax class amounted to \$1.8 billion, up \$1.3 billion (283 percent).

Pipeline

At the ten Regional Service Centers. tax returns are:







2. Envelopes are opened and counted

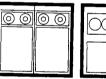






Returns are edited and coded for computer processing.







Refund checks are printed by Treasury Department Disbursing Center.

Once a tax return reaches one of ten IRS Service Centers, it travels through a series of processing steps known as "the pipeline." While many parts of the pipeline

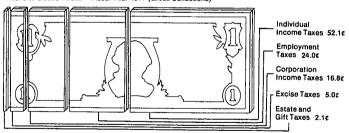
shown here are automated for faster processing and faster refunds, people are involved every step of the way.

Gross Internal Revenue Collections

(Dollars in thousands. For details see table 1 in Appendix.)

| | Percent of 1977 Collec- | | _ | Increase Decreas | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Source | tions | 1976³ | 1977 | Amount | Percent |
| Grand total 1 | 100.0 | 310,822,819 | 355,139,417 | 47,316,598 | 15.2 |
| Income taxes, total | 68.9 | 211,320,660 | 246,805,067 | 35,484,407 | 16.8 |
| Corporation | 16.8 | 47,431,879 | 60,049,804 | 12,617,925 | 26.6 |
| Individual, total | 52.1 | 163,888,781 | ⁵ 186,755,263 | 22,866,482 | 14.0 |
| Withheld by employers ² | 40.4 | 127,757,804 | 144,672,331 | 169,914,527 | 13.2 |
| Other ² | 11.8 | 36,130,976 | 42,082,932 | 5,951,956 | 16.5 |
| Employment taxes, total | 24.0 | 76,694,900 | 86,076,316 | 9,381,416 | 12.2 |
| Old-age and disability insurance, total | 23.0 | 73,346,484 | 82,257,211 | 8,910,727 | 12.1 |
| Federal insurance contributions | 21.9 | 69,809,814 | 78,256,895 | 8,447,081 | 12.1 |
| Self-employment insurance contributions | 1.1 | 3,536,670 | 4,000,316 | 463,646 | 13.1 |
| Unemployment insurance | 0.5 | 1,625,205 | 1,910,302 | 285,097 | 17.5 |
| Railroad retirement | 0.5 | 1,723,212 | 1,908,803 | 185,591 | 10.8 |
| Estate and gift taxes | 2.1 | 5,408,141 | 7,425,325 | 2,017,184 | 37.3 |
| Excise taxes, total | 5.0 | 17,399,118 | 17,832,707 | 433,589 | 2.5 |
| Alcohol | 1.5 | 5,399,055 | 5,406,633 | 7,578 | 0.1 |
| Tobacco | 0.7 | 2,514,321 | 2,398,501 | -115,820 | -4.6 |
| Other | 2.8 | 9,485,742 | 10,027,573 | 541,831 | 5.7 |

The Tax Dollar Where It Came From Fiscal Year 1977 (Gross Collections)



Net Internal Revenue Collections (Including tax rebates) through September 30, 1977 (Dollars in thousands)

| Source | | | Net Collect | ions |
|---|-------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| | Collections | Refunds ¹ | Amount | Per- cent of Total |
| Grand total | 358,139,417 | 36,178,997 | 321,960,420 | 100.0 |
| Corporation income taxes | 60,049,804 | 5,214,540 | 54,835,264 | 17.0 |
| Individual income taxes | 186,755,263 | 30,142,134 | 156,613,129 | 48.7 |
| Employment taxes, total | 86,076,316 | 436,189 | 85,640,127 | 26.6 |
| Old-age, survivors, disability and hospital insurance | 82,257,211 | 400,140 | 81,857,071 | 25.4 |
| Railroad retirement | 1,908,803 | 190 | 1,908,613 | 0.6 |
| Unemployment insurance | 1,910,302 | 35,859 | 1,874,443 | 0.6 |
| Estate and gift taxes | 7,425,325 | 98,737 | 7,326,588 | 2.3 |
| Excise taxes | 17,832,707 | 287,397 | 17,545,310 | 5.4 |

*Does not include interest paid on refunds.

The Tax Dollar Where It Came From Fiscal Year 1977 (Net Collections)

Employment Corporation Taxes 26.6¢ Income Taxes 17.0¢ Individual Excise Taxes 5.4¢ Income Taxes 48.7¢ Estate and Gift Taxes 2.3¢

^{**}Collections are adjusted to exclude amounts transferred to the Government of Guam - **Estimated—Collections of individual moone to withheld excluded the Collection of Individual income Is not withheld are not reported separately from OASHI taxes on soil-employment income. The amount of OASHI tax collections shown is seed on estimates amount of OASHI tax collections shown is seed on estimates and on the Collection of the

all OASDH taxes. The estimates shown for the two classes of individual income taxes were derived by subtracting the OASDH taxes are the control to the control tax estimates from the componed totals reported. Act of 1974 P.P. The Congressorial Bogel and impoundment Act of 1974 P.P. The Congressorial Bogel and impoundment Act of 1974 P.P. The Company of the control to the control tax of the control tax of 1974 P.P. The companied purposes, 1976 data are for period beginning October 1, 1975 through September 30, 1976 through Septemb

Refunds

During Fiscal Year 1977 the Internal Revenue Service paid refunds totaling \$36.5 billion to 67.9 million taxpayers whose income tax withholding, estimated tax payments or credits were shown on their returns to have exceeded their tax liabilities. The average refund to individuals was \$459. For the preceding 12-month period, 67.6 million refunds totaling \$34.7 billion were paid. The 1977 data includes 4.4 million checks totaling \$0.9 billion for the Earned Income Credit (EIC).

The table following shows a January to June comparison for the years 1976 and 1977 of returns filed and refunds issued.

Returns Received

IRS Service Centers received 133.7 million tax returns in FY 1977, compared to 127.7 million during the preceding 12-month period. Individual and fiduciary returns accounted for almost two-thirds of all return receipts. Nearly 87.3 million individual and fiduciary income returns were received in 1977, an increase of 3.1 million over the previous 12-month period.

After declining during 1976, the number of Form 1040 filers increased this year. The Service received 56.5 million Forms 1040 during 1977, a 3.2 percent increase over the 54.7 million received last year.

The number of Form 1040A filers continues to grow. More than 29 million individual taxpayers, 33.9 percent of all individual filers, used the short Form 1040A in 1977, compared to nearly 28 million in the preceding 12-month period, an increase of 4.6 percent in the number of Forms 1040A filed.

Returns Filed and Refunds Issued Individual Income Tax* January-June (Cumulative 000's, cumulative percentages)

| Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | June |
|-------|--|--|---|--|---|
| | | | | | |
| 8,082 | 34,460 | 50,800 | 80,031 | 81,185 | 82,096 |
| 9.8 | 42.0 | 61.9 | 97.5 | 98.9 | 100 |
| | | | | | |
| 2,263 | 20,564 | 40,364 | 56,802 | 62,614 | 63,837 |
| 3.5 | 32.2 | 63.2 | 89.0 | 98.1 | 100 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 5,417 | 31,732 | 50,123 | 81,406 | 83,190 | 84,129 |
| 6.4 | 37.7 | 59.6 | 96.8 | 98.9 | 100 |
| | | | | | |
| 1.780 | 19,418 | 39,700 | 56,447 | 62,546 | 63,823 |
| 2.8 | 30.4 | 62.2 | 88.4 | 98.0 | 100 |
| | 8.082 9.8 2,263 3.5 5,417 6.4 | 8,082 34,460 9.8 42.0 2,263 20,564 3.5 32.2 5,417 31,732 6,4 37.7 1,780 19,418 | 8.082 34,460 50,800 9.8 42.0 61.9 2,263 20,564 40,364 3.5 32.2 63.2 5,417 31,732 50,123 6,4 37.7 59.6 1,780 19,418 39,700 | 8,082 34,460 50,800 80,031 9.8 42.0 61.9 97.5 2,263 20,564 40,364 56,802 3.5 32.2 63.2 89.0 5,417 31,732 50,123 81,406 6,4 37.7 59.6 96.8 1,780 19,418 39,700 56,447 | 8.082 34,460 50,800 80,031 81,185 9.8 42.0 61.9 97.5 98.9 2.263 20,564 40,364 56,802 62,614 3.5 32.2 63.2 89.0 98.1 5,417 31,732 50,123 81,406 83,190 6.4 37.7 59.6 96.8 98.9 1,780 19,418 39,700 56,447 62,546 |

Returns processed by National Computer Center and scheduled for issuance by Regional Disbursing Centers includes only Forms 1040 and 1040A

Tax Credits Under 1976 Reform Act

The Tax Reform Act of 1976 continued or modified some of the credits originally established by the Tax Reduction Act of 1975. The Earned Income Credit continued as a "negative income tax" in that it provides a refundable credit to taxpayers meeting certain criteria of income and dependents.

A refundable credit is one that provides for a payment to taxpayers if the credit exceeds income taxes due. A nonrefundable credit reduces tax liability but does not provide a payment in excess of tax liability.

The General Tax Credit replaced the former Personal Exemption Credit; it is a non-refundable credit available to taxpayers based on \$35 per exemption or two percent of taxable income not to exceed \$180. The

Child Care Expense Credit was available to taxpayers for the first time in 1977; it provided a non-refundable credit of 20 percent of employment-related expenses paid to enable the taxpayer to work if the taxpayer maintained a household including a child under age 15 or dependent or spouse incapable of self-care.

The data in the following table covers the period January 1 through September 30 of each year:

| | 1976 | 197 |
|------|---------------------------------|--|
| No | 6.3 million | 6.2 million |
| Amt | \$1.3 billion | \$1.2 billion |
| Amt. | | \$9.2 billion |
| No | 194.2 million | |
| Amt | \$5.8 billion | _ |
| No. | | 2.7 million |
| Amt | | \$0.5 billion |
| | Amt Amt. No Amt No. | No 6.3 million Amt \$1.3 billion Amt. No 194.2 million Amt \$5.8 billion No. |

Number of returns filed, by principal type of return (Figures in Thousands. For details, see table 7, in Appendix)

| Type of Return | 19761 | 1977 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Grand Total | 127,662 | 133,685 |
| Income Tax, Total | 95,362 | 98.807 |
| Individual | 82,577 | 85.611 |
| Declaration of estimated tax | 7,868 | 8.088 |
| Fiduciary | 1,612 | 1,663 |
| Partnership | 1,135 | 1,197 |
| Corporation | 2,170 | 2,247 |
| Estate Tax | 242 | 248 |
| Gift Tax | 309 | 387 |
| Employment Tax | 24,841 | 25,023 |
| Exempt Organization | 503 | 554 |
| Employee Plans | 525 | 1,321² |
| Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms | 593 | 558 |
| Excise Tax | 919 | 910 |
| Supplemental Documents | 4,369 | 5,877 |
| Records for cover Ories - 1 1025 to - 5 | | |

¹Receipts for period October 1, 1975 thru September 30, 1976 ²This total figure includes returns filed for calendar years 1975 and 1976—both received in FY 1977.

Presidential Election Campaign Fund

A total of 23.2 million individual income tax returns had designations for the Presidential Election Campaign Fund (PECF) in Fiscal Year 1977. This was 27.5 percent of the returns processed during that period. The total amount designated in Fiscal Year 1977 was 36.5 million. In the preceding 12-month period, there were 21.2 million individual tax returns (25.8 percent of returns processed) with PECF designations totaling \$33.7 million. The cumulative amount credited to the Presidential Election Campaign Fund since the check off was initiated in 1972 is \$132.3 million.

Information Returns **Program**

The IRS Information Returns Program (IRP), begun in 1975, continued to match the information returns of some individual taxpavers with their income tax returns to detect non-filing or underreporting of income

The IRP matches all information returns filed for individuals on magnetic tape and some of those filed on paper. The Service actively encourages all organizations having tape

capability or access to computers to file the information returns on tape. During 1977, the IRS received almost 470 million information returns from businesses and organizations required to report payments of wages, interest, dividends and other forms of income: over 245 million were submitted on magnetic media.

Mathematical Verification

During fiscal 1977, the IRS checked the mathematics on 85.9 million individual returns. The tax was calculated on 1.4 million, manually verified on two million, and computer verified on 82.5 million.

Computer verification reduced the tax liability of four million taxpayers totalling \$428 million, for an average of \$108 per return. On 4.6 million returns, taxpaver errors increased their liability by \$629 million, averaging \$137 per return.

The Service, in computer checking estimated tax credits on individual returns, found that taxpavers underclaimed by \$232 million and overclaimed by \$463 million.

Results of the fiscal year 1977 computer verification program are tabulated below.

Individual Income Tax Returns Mathematically Verified By Computer

| (in Indusarius) | | |
|--|---------|---------|
| | 1976* | 1977 |
| Number verified by computer | 79,510 | 82,488 |
| Number of returns on which mathematical errors were detected | 7,066 | 8,548 |
| Percent of returns with mathematical errors | 8.9 | 10.4 |
| Returns with increase: | | |
| Number | 3,177 | 4,575 |
| Amount | 501,369 | 628,843 |
| Average amount (dollars) | 157.79 | 137.46 |
| Returns with decrease: | | |
| Number | 3,889 | 3,973 |
| Amount | 315,816 | 428,310 |
| Average amount (dollars) | 81.21 | 107.79 |

¹⁹⁷⁷ data covers the fiscal year, Oct. 1976-Sept, 1977; 1976 data covers the preceding 12 month period, Oct. 1975-Sept. 1976. Average dollar amounts are rounded

Information Returns on Magnetic Media

During 1977 the IRS received almost 470 million information returns from businesses and organizations required to report payments of wages, interest, and dividends. Over 245 million of these documents were submitted on magnetic media in 1977 as a result of the Service's continuing program to encourage all organizations that have computer capability or computer access to report on magnetic media.

The table below shows the number of organizations shifting to magnetic media filing during the past decade.

Information Returns Reported on Magnetic Media

| Tax Year | Documents (thousands) | Reporting Entities |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1966 | 26,248 | 591 |
| 1967 | 36,492 | 1,048 |
| 1968 | 47,686 | 2,426 |
| 1969 | 58,951 | 2,963 |
| 1970 | 68,300 | 4,637 |
| 1971 | 91,449 | 8,504 |
| 1972 | 115,008 | 12,758 |
| 1973 | 144,533 | 13,128 |
| *1974 | 185,554 | 21,862 |
| *1975 | 216,839 ^r | 32,486 ^r |
| *1976 | 245,277 | 35,330 |

Fi Revised Data

*Calendar year data Data for 1973 and prior covers the 6 month period January

Delinquent Accounts

During 1977 the Service emphasized the Delinquency Prevention Program (DPP), designed to identify potentially delinquent and Compliance taxpayers and help review and correct their problems. A significant development in the failure to file activity was the mailing of 1.2 million notices to all individuals who had not filed 1040 Forms.

Despite a budget reduction of over 800 staff years, improved programming and staff utilization permitted a nominal increase in the number of outstanding delinquent accounts assigned to field operations. Compared to 1976, the cases assigned to district offices in 1977 increased by 16 percent while the total dollar value of these accounts increased by seven percent.

Program Accomplishments

The Collection activity closed over 2.6 million delinquent accounts during FY 1977. Included were some 328,000 delinquent notices received by taxpayers who contacted IRS field offices to resolve the matter when notified. IRS employees had to initiate contact on the remaining 2.3 million delinquent accounts.



Suellen P. Hamby is designated Director, Program Planning and Review Staff, by Commissioner Kurtz. The number of women in high level positions continued to increase during 1977 and the overall employment of women in the IRS increased by 7.52 percent during the same period

Nearly 3.1 billion in delinquent taxes was collected during the year, a decrease of about 700 million over a comparable period in 1976. This was due to a budget reduction in staff, emphasis on delinquency prevention and investigations for failure to file returns. District personnel disposed of over 2.4 million investigations for failure to file returns, a 28 percent increase over a comparable 1976 period. Approximately 689.000 delinquent returns were secured in 1977, involving nearly \$501 million in additional taxes.

During 1977, 16 percent of delinquent individual taxpayers were repeaters, while the rate for business taxpayers was 39 percent. Because of the high business repeater rate, the Service stresses bringing business repeaters into voluntary compliance, through the Trust Fund Compliance Program. At the beginning of 1977, there were nearly 275,000 taxpayers with delinquent trust fund accounts totalling over \$635 million. Of these accounts, 2,500 had a balance of \$25,000 or more. At the end of 1977 the number of taxpayers with delinquent trust fund accounts was some 325,000, with an outstanding balance of approximately \$667 million, and the number of delinquent trust fund accounts over \$25,000 was 2,400.

Gross tax, penalties and interest resulting from direct enforcement

(in thousands of dollars)

| Item | 1976 | 1977 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Additional tax, penalties, and interest assessed, total | 4,861,934 | 4,930,447 |
| From examination of tax returns, total | 4,307,196 | 4,084,135 |
| Income tax, total | 3,588,071 | 3,390,508 |
| Corporation | 2,148,049 | 1,982,748 |
| Individual and fiduciary | 1,440,022 | 1,407,760 |
| Estate and gift tax | 429,112 | 463,431 |
| Employment tax (including withheld income tax) | 207,825 | 173,150 |
| Excise tax | 82,188 | 57,047 |
| From delinquent returns secured, total | 554,738 | 846,312 |
| By district collection divisions | 554,738 | 500,971 |
| By district audit divisions | N/A | 345,341 |
| Delinquent taxes collected, total | 3,757,446 | 3,068,673 |

N/A: Not available.

Chapter 3
Insuring Compliance

Audit of Returns

The IRS audits tax returns in order to encourage voluntary compliance with the tax laws. While audit activity is the primary method that the IRS uses to encourage voluntary compliance, every return is subject to scrutiny by IRS employees and computers. When a return is received in one of the 10 IRS service centers, it is first checked manually for completeness and accuracy and for such obvious errors as the claiming of a partial exemption or duplicate deductions. Then the service center's computers check the accuracy of the taxpaver's arithmetic and pick up other errors which may have escaped manual detection, such as the failure to reduce medical deductions by three percent of adjusted gross income.

Returns Selection

The primary method used by the IRS in selecting returns for audits is a computer program of mathematical formulas-the Discriminant Function System (DIF)-that measures the probability of tax error in each return. Returns identified by the DIF system as having the highest error potential are selected for audit. Since this system was introduced in 1969, the IRS has reduced the number of taxpavers contacted whose audits would result in no tax change for all taxes from a peak of 43 percent in 1968 to 24 percent in 1977. New DIF formulas for both individual and partnership returns were developed in 1977, and will be used for returns filed in 1978.

Returns also may be chosen for audit under the Taxpayer Compliance Measurement Program (TCMP), a computerized system that makes a random selection of returns within income classes for research purposes. These audits also are used to update DIF formulas with current taxpayer filing and reporting characteristics. Audits conducted under this program are more intensive in order to develop information required.

Computer selection of returns is complemented by manual selection. For example, if the IRS audits a partnership return, the returns of the partners also may be audited. Other returns may be manually selected based on information documents. such as Forms W-2 and 1099, or other additional information. The IRS also screens returns with adjusted gross income above certain amounts and some returns of taxpavers who submit claims for refund or credit after filing returns.

Results of Audit Activity

The IRS audited 2,345,110 tax returns of all types in 1977. Of that total, 150,730 were examined in service centers, compared to 142,667 last year. The remainder were examined in district offices by revenue agents and tax auditors.

Examinations conducted by revenue agents at the taxpaver's place of business or residence totaled 677,192 returns, a decrease of 37,148 returns or five percent from last year.

There were 1,517,188 returns examined by tax auditors under office audit procedures, a decrease of 91,118 returns or six percent from last year. Audit coverage of income, estate and gift tax returns was 2.46 percent compared to 2.59 percent in 1976.

The Service's examination program resulted in approximately \$5.1 billion recommended additional tax and penalties, making this the fifth straight year that recommendations have exceeded \$5 billion.

The following table shows returns examined by Audit Divisions in 1976 and 1977.

Number of Returns Examined (Audit Divisions) Fiscal years 1976–1977

| Type of Return | 19761 | 1977 |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Revenue Agents Grand Total | 714,340 | 677,192 |
| Income Tax Total | 498,456 | 467,000 |
| Individual | 320,750 | 288.810 |
| Fiduciary | 17,078 | 10,740 |
| Corporation | . 160,628 | 167,450 |
| Estate and Gift Tax | 48,344 | 44,567 |
| Excise & Employment | 167,540 | 165,625 |
| Tax Auditors Grand Total | 1,608,306 | 1,517,188 |
| Income Tax Total | 1,545,139 | 1,453,626 |
| Individual | 1,544,359 | 1,453,246 |
| Fiduciary | 100 | 141 |
| Corporation | 680 | 239 |
| Estate and Gift Tax | 10.846 | 9,237 |
| Excise & Employment . | 52,321 | 54.325 |
| Service Center Grand Total | 142,667 | 150,730 |
| ncome Tax—Individual | 136,645 | |
| xcise Tax | 6.022 | 150,730 |
| Total Grand Total | 2,465,313 | 0.045.440 |
| ncome Tax Total | 2,180,240 | 2,345,110 |
| ndividual | 2,001,754 | 2,071,356 |
| iduciary | | 1,892,786 |
| Corporation | 17,178 | 10,881 |
| state and Gift Tax | 161,308 | 167,689 |
| xcise & Employment | 7 59 190 | 53,804 |
| Revised Data | 225,883 | 219,950 |

During 1977 assessments totaled \$4.1 billion, including \$3.4 billion in assessed tax and penalties and \$650 million in interest. In 1976, assessments were \$4.3 billion, of which \$3.6 billion represented tax and penalties and \$710 million, interest. The table on following page shows the recommended additional tax and penalties for the years 1976 and 1977.

Examiners are required to determine a taxpayer's correct tax liability, which means that examiners observe that taxpayers neither overstate nor understate their liability. In 1977, Service examinations disclosed overassments on 122,003 returns, accounting for refunds of \$281 million.

Service Center Program

The IRS service center review program, begun in 1972, generally is limited to the verification or resolution of issues that can be handled satisfactorily by service center personnel through correspondence with the taxpayer. More than 913,000 returns were checked in service centers in 1977, a 51 percent decrease from 1976.

The decrease occurred primarily in the Unallowable Items Program as a result of the Tax Reform Act of 1976. Certain items previously included in this program, such as medical expenses not reduced by the one and three percent limitations, are now considered mathematical or clerical errors and are corrected during initial returns processing.

As a result, 354,916 returns were corrected by audit activity in 1977, compared to approximately 1,474,000 in 1976. With service centers conducting correspondence examinations of returns selected under district office criteria: 150,730 returns were examined during 1977, an increase of seven percent over 142,667 examined in 1976.

Computer Assisted Audits

The Service has an ongoing program to use computers in audits of tax data in automated accounting systems. Both generalized computer programs and specifically developed programs are used to retrieve and anlayze data essential to an examination. Taxpayers and the IRS save time and expense since computer assisted audits are done in a fraction of the time required to do the same job manually.

Over 10,000 applications of these computer audit techniques were performed in 1977, an increase of 2,000 over 1976. The audits are done by computer audit specialists, experienced revenue agents who have received intensive training in computer systems, hardware, programming languages, and audit techniques.

Coordinated Examination Program

All large case taxpayers, except financial institutions and utilities, whose gross assets exceed \$250 million are included in the Coordinated Examination Program. Financial institutions and utilities are included in the program if gross assets exceed \$1 billion.

Large case tax audits involve complex accounting operations and the team audit approach allows the IRS to assemble its experienced revenue agents, economists, computer specialists, engineer agents, international and excise tax examiners, and employee plans specialists to examine these intricate returns.

At the end of FY 1977, there were 1,286 large cases in this program, which averaged 2.8 open years per case. This is the fifth consecutive year the average open years in the large case program has been less than 3.0 per case.

During FY 1977, the IRS continued its practice of conducting industry-wide audits of major companies in a given industry. Nine industries are currently being audited by this approach, and two more are in the planning stage.

Recommended Additional Tax and Penalties (Audit Divisions) (In millions of dollars) Fiscal Years 1976–1977

| Type of Returns | 19761 | |
|----------------------------|----------|---------|
| Revenue Agents Grand Total | 4,538.5 | 1977 |
| Income Tax Total | | 4,453.3 |
| Individual | 3,710.7 | 3,579.0 |
| Fiduciary | 953.3 | 1,066.0 |
| Corporation | 35.5 | 47.4 |
| Estate and Gift Tax | 2,721.9 | 2,465.3 |
| | 603.1 | 657.3 |
| Excise & Employment | 224.7 | 217.0 |
| Tax Auditors Grand Total | 418.8 | 472.4 |
| Income Tax Total | 384.0 | 441.3 |
| Individual | 383.1 | 441.0 |
| Fiduciary | .1 | .1 |
| Corporation | .8 | .2 |
| Estate and Gift Tax | 15.0 | |
| Excise & Employment | 19.8 | 12.5 |
| Service Center Grand Total | 222.7 | 18.6 |
| Income Tax—Individual | | 131.5 |
| Excise Tax | 222.1 | 131.5 |
| Total Grand Total | 6 | |
| ncome Tax Total | 5,180.0 | 5,057.2 |
| ndividual | 4,316.8 | 4,151.8 |
| | 1,558.5 | 1,638.8 |
| iduciary | 35.6 | 47.5 |
| Corporation | 2:722.7 | 2,465.5 |
| state and Gift Tax | ii 618.1 | 669.8 |
| xcise & Employment | 245.1 | 235.6 |
| Revised Data | | 200.0 |

Special Enrollment Examination

The Special Enrollment Examination enables individuals who are not attorneys or Certified Public Accountants to demonstrate their competence in tax matters. Upon successful completion of the examination, individuals are "enrolled" to practice before the IRS.

In 1977 the examination was redesigned and patterned alter CPA examinations. The present test is divided into four parts and candidates are required to pass each part. Candidates can retain credit for any part passed and need only take those parts failed. Examination questions focus on the tasks which enrolled agents must perform to file complete forms and returns, and to represent taxpayers before the Service.

Candidates filing applications for the examination have increased from 824 in 1967 to 5,090 in 1977.

Tax Shelter Program

In 1974, the IRS established a nationwide tax shelter program to conduct examinations of possible tax shelter abuses by investors in the oil and gas industry. The program was later expanded to include real estate, farm operations, motion pictures, master recordings and coal shelters. Most returns examined in this program are those of partnerships as they are commonly used by taxpayers as the vehicle to obtain significant tax benefits without the risk of personal liability.

Joint Committee Review

The Internal Revenue Code requires that all income, estate and glit tax, private foundation, and pension plan tax refunds and credits in excess of \$200,000 be reported to the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation. During 1977, 997 cases involving overassessments of \$984 million were reported to the Joint Committee, as compared with 1,506 cases and \$1 billion in 1976.

Audit Information Management System In 1977, the Service successfully

implemented the Audit Information
Management System (AIMS) nationwide. The
new system is an expansion of the existing
Integrated Data Retrieval System (IDRS)
currently located in IRS service centers.
AIMS allows Service personnel to promptly
locate any return in the Audit Division. This
teature permits more rapid responses to
taxpayer inquiries and taster assessment
and refund action resulting in improved
taxpayer relations. The system also provides
for automated control and verification of
assessments from the point of origin in the
district office and service center.

The Appeals Process

The Internal Revenue Service encourages the resolution of tax disputes through an administrative appeals system rather than litigation. Taxpayers who disagree with a proposed change to their tax liability are entitled to a prompt, independent review of their cases. The appeals system is designed to minimize inconvenience, expense, and delay to the taxpayer in disposing of contested tax cases.

Within the system are two levels of appeal: the district conference staff in the audit division of the district director's office, and the appellate division in the regional commissioner's office. Each level of appeal is independent of the other, and each has different authority and jurisdiction. Opportunities for such appeals are offered at 58 district offices and 40 regional branch offices throughout the country. Conferences also are arranged, as needed, at other IRS locations and at times convenient for taxpayers.

Proceedings are informal in both offices. Taxpayers may represent themselves or be represented by an attorney, a Certified Public Accountant, or other advisor enrolled to practice before the IRS. If the disputed tax liability for each taxable year involved in the dispute, is \$2,500 or less, the taxpayer may obtain a district conference and a subsequent regional conference without filing a written protest. For larger amounts a written protest is required. If agreement cannot be reached during the district conference the taxpayer is advised of further appeal rights, and may request a regional appellate office conference.

In most cases, the taxpayers and the district conferee, or regional appeals officer, reach mutually acceptable agreements. Consequently, few cases go to trial. In the past 10 years, 97 percent of all disputed cases were closed without trial. In 1977, the appeals function disposed of 56,805 cases by agreement; the Tax Court tried 1,402 cases; and the United States District Courts and Court of Claims tried 403 cases. Thus, in disputed tax matters, the administrative appeals system serves the taxpayer well.

District Conference

District conference staffs consider disputes involving factual questions regardless of size. They also consider whether proposed actions by a district director's office reflect the correct interpretation of the Internal Revenue Code, as stated, and as clarified by the courts and by IRS Regulations and Revenue Rulings. Since April 1, 1974, district

conference staffs have had the authority to settle cases where the amount of tax in dispute was \$2,500 or less, by considering the hazards of litigation.

Since receiving this settlement authority, the percentage of agreed cases closed by district conference staffs has significantly increased.

District conference staffs reached agreement with the taxpayer in about 70.5 percent of the cases they considered in 1977

Appellate Division

Cases considered by the Appellate Division fall into two broad categories: Nondocketed cases in which the taxpayer is protesting a proposed action by the district director involving additional taxes, a refund disallowance, or a rejection of an offer in compromise. These cases made up about 55 percent of appellate's workload in 1977. The second category of cases are known as docketed, and involve cases where taxpayers have filed a petition for a hearing before the United States Tax Court. In 1977, 70 percent of nondocketed cases and 73 percent of docketed cases were

closed by the Appellate Division by



The U.S. Tax Court in session for a small case hearing. Under a simplified procedure, Tax Court proceedings permit informal hearings where taxpayers can present their cases before a special trial judge. A knowledge of courtroom proceedings is not required, since the objective is to provide an inexpensive forum for the taxpayer. A small case is when the disputed tax does not exceed \$1,500 in any tax year.

Other Appeal Options

If a tax dispute cannot be resolved at either the district or the regional level, the taxpayer is advised of additional appeal rights. In most cases, the taxpayer may file an appeal with the United States Tax Court.

If the disputed tax does not exceed \$1,500 in any tax year, a simplified procedure is available under the Tax Court's small case rules. Small case Tax Court proceedings permit informal hearings where taxpayers may present their cases before a special trial judge. Since a knowledge of courtroom proceedings is not required, an inexpensive forum for the taxpayer is provided. However, under small case procedures, there is no provision in the law for an appeal of the Tax Court's decision.

If a taxpayer chooses to bypass the Tax Court, the tax deficiency may be paid and a claim for refund filed within two years from the date of payment. If the claim is denied by the IRS, or no action is taken by the IRS on the claim within six months, the taxpayer may file suit for a refund in either a United States District Court or the Court of Claims.

A taxpayer may appeal an adverse decision of the Tax Court or District Court to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals having jurisdiction. Adverse decisions of the Court of Claims or the Circuit Court of Appeals may be appealed to the United States Supreme Court, although the Supreme Court does not accept all such appeals.

Tax Fraud Investigations

The Intelligence Division is responsible for the enforcement of the criminal provisions of the tax laws, investigating evidence of tax evasion or tax fraud and recommending prosecution.

If a pattern of noncompliance is detected, special projects may be carried out to determine the extent of the noncompliance in a given geographical area or occupational field.

During 1977, the Intelligence Division completed 8,391 investigations and recommended prosecution of 3,408 taxpayers. Grand juries indicted or courts filed information on 1,636 taxpayers. Prosecution was successfully completed in 1,476 cases. In 1,063 cases taxpayers entered guilty pleas, 166 pleaded nolo contendere, and in 247 cases, taxpayers were convicted after trial. Acquittals and dismissals totaled 55 and 110, respectively. Of the 1,532 taxpayers sentenced during 1977, 685 or 44.7 percent received jail sentences, compared with 41.5 percent last -

The following table covers the results of criminal action in tax fraud cases from 1973 to 1977.

Results of Criminal Action in Tax Fraud Cases 1973-1977

| Action | Number of Defendants | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | |
| Plea of Guilty noto contendere | 914 | 1,062 | 1,046 | 977 | 1,229 | |
| Convicted after trial | 190 | 191 | 173 | 216 | 247 | |
| Acquitted | 55 | 97 | 83 | 77 | 55 | |
| Nol-prossed or dismissed | 112 | 115 | 168 | 71 | 110 | |
| Total Disposals | 1,271 | 1,465 | 1,470 | 1,341 | 1,641 | |
| Indictments & Informations | 1,186 | 1,441 | 1,495 | 1,331 | 1,636 | |

Organized Crime and Strike Force Activities

The IRS cooperates in the Federal government's fight against organized crime by participating in the Federal Organized Crime and Strike Forces Program, Located in 12 major cities, strike force units are headed by attorneys from the Justice Department. The objective of this program is to coordinate the combined forces of Federal law enforcement agencies against the criminal element in our society. The IRS is responsible for ensuring that the income from illegal activities is correctly reported and taxed and for detecting criminal violations of the tax laws. During 1977, the IRS contributed 485 staff years of direct investigative and examination time to the strike force effort.

A total of 135 organized crime members and their associates were convicted or pleaded guilty. to tax charges during the year and 678 prosecution cases were pending when the year ended.

Since the inception of the organized crime program in 1966, 834 organized crime members and associates have been convicted or have pleaded guilty to various tax charges.

Tax Investigations of High Level Narcotics Leaders and Financiers

As part of its Special Enforcement Program, the Service continued to identify and investigate significant tax violations by high-level narcotic financiers and traffickers.

During 1977 the IRS completed 220 criminal tax investigations, obtained 72 indictments and achieved 62 convictions of financiers and traffickers.

Restricting Access to Tax Returns

Legislative actions concerning disclosure were significant during Fiscal Year 1977. with the Tax Reform Act of 1976 amending Code Section 6103, effective January 1, 1977, to provide, generally, that tax returns and tax return information are to be confidential and not subject to disclosure except as authorized. Increased criminal penalties and new civil damage provisions for unauthorized disclosures also were included in the Act. The legislation was strongly supported by the IRS because it reflected many Treasury legislative recommendations, and codified most existing disclosure regulatory and policy practices.

The Disclosure Operations Division provides program guidance to Disclosure Officers in all IRS field offices. To implement the provisions of the Privacy and Freedom of Information (FOI) Acts, and IRC 6103 amendments,-the IRS decentralized some administrative responsibilities to the field for disclosure, privacy, and FOI. Disclosure Officer positions were established in IRS regions, districts, service centers, the Office of International Operations, the Assistant Commissioner (Inspection), and the IRS Data Center. Field officials now act on certain requests for testimony of Service employees. make initial determinations concerning FOI requests and process requests for information under the Privacy Act.

The following table shows the number of individual tax return disclosures made in compliance with Federal law. (See page 57 for legal aspects of IRS disclosure procedures.)

Disclosure to Third Parties

(Number of disclosures on individual taxpayers)

| FY 1974 | FY 1975 | FY 1976 |
|------------|------------------|---|
| 58,911,922 | 62,980,779 | 65,855,434 |
| 18,062 | 17.678 | 22,711 |
| 10,446 | | 9.505 |
| 6,633 | 5,835 | 5,484 |
| | 18,062 10,446 | 58,911,922 62,980,779 18,062 17,678 10,446 11,485 |

Chapter 4

Data Services Technical Activities

Data Services

A new office of Assistant Commissioner (Data Services) was created and operating effective January 2, 1977, after data processing responsibilities overlapping functional lines had made it increasingly difficult to: (1) develop integrated long-range goals: (2) assure a well balanced ADP program; and (3) control the expenditure of resources.

The Assistant Commissioner (Data Services) organization includes the Service and Design Division, the Systems Programming Division, the Systems Analysis Division, the National Computer Center, and the Data Center. This reorganization affects only the National Office since there are no counterpart changes in the field.

The Assistant Commissioner (Data Services) is responsible for the development, implementation and evaluation of computer systems, programs and hardware requirements.

Service and Design Division serves as the principal contact for all IRS data processing support services. In addition to overall responsibility for the maintenance of existing data processing systems, it participates in developing or revising systems to meet customer needs.

Systems Programming Division directs and coordinates the development and operation of all computer processing programs except those of the Data Center. It also develops and maintains computer software support and standards.

Systems Analysis Division is responsible for the overall evaluation of systems, hardware and operational effectiveness of the IRS data processing support program including systems acceptability testing; control of the request for proposal process and hardware vendor selection; assessment of program effectiveness, and oversight of Data Services security, privacy and disclosure.

The National Computer Center plans, directs and coordinates master file operations of the tax administration systems including establishing, maintaining and updating individual, business, employee plans and exempt organization master files.

The Data Center coordinates the analysis, design, development, maintenance, and operation of automated data systems and nonmaster file data processing.

Tax Rulings and Technical Advice

The Service's tax ruling program consists of letter rulings, technical advice and published Revenue Rulings.

A letter ruling is a written statement issued to a taxpayer by the National Office interpreting and applying the tax laws to a specific set of facts. Such a ruling provides guidance through advice concerning the tax effects of a proposed transaction. Letter rulings are not precedents and may not be relied upon by other taxpayers.

Technical advice is guidance as to the proper application of the tax laws to a specific set of lacts furnished by the National Office at the request of a district office in connection with the audit of a taxpayer's return or claim for refund or credit. Frequently, the district director's request is made in response to the suggestion of the taxpayer that technical advice be sought.

A Revenue Ruling is an interpretation of the tax laws issued by the National Office and published in the *Internal Revenue Bulletin* for the information and guidance of taxpayers, practitioners, and IRS personnel.

Internal Revenue Bulletin

The weekly Internal Revenue Bulletin is the authoritative publication of the Commissioner for announcing official rulings and procedures of the Service and for publishing Treasury Decisions, Executive Orders, tax conventions, legislation, court decisions, and other items of general interest. Bulletin contents of a permanent nature are consolidated semi-annually into Cumulative Bulletins. Copies of the weekly and semi-annual issues are distributed within the Service and are made available to the public by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, on a single copy or subscription basis.

During 1977 the Bulletin included 545 Revenue Rulings, 48 Revenue Procedures, 15 Public Laws relating to Internal Revenue matters and 18 committee reports, 72 Treasury Decisions containing new or amended regulations, 21 Delegation Orders, six Treasury Department Orders, 14 Notices of Suspension and Disbarment from Practice before the Service, 250 Announcements of general interest and six court decisions.

The Bulletin Index-Digest System, revised as of December 31, 1974, provides a rapid means of researching material published in the Internal Revenue Bulletin after 1952. The following table shows a breakout of the types of Revenue Rulings and Revenue Procedures published in 1977.

Revenue Rulings and Revenue Procedures Published in 1977

| Number |
|--------|
| 14 |
| 18 |
| 61 |
| 65 |
| 83 |
| 327 |
| 15 |
| 10 |
| 593 |
| |

Public Disclosure of Rulings

The Tax Reform Act of 1976 provided that IRS rulings and technical advice generally will be open to public inspection after the deletion of the taxpayer's identity, trade secrets, and confidential commercial and financial information.

Rulings and technical advice requested after October 31, 1976, generally are made available within 90 days after they are issued to taxpayers. Over 100,000 of them issued before November 1, 1976, will be made available to the public over the next two years.

Chapter 5

Employee Plans and Exempt Organizations

Employee Plans and Exempt Organizations

The Office of Employee Plans and Exempt organizations (EP/EO) administers the regulatory responsibilities of the Service for employee benefit plans and tax exempt organizations. At the National Office, the functions are Employee Plans, Exempt Organizations, and Actuarial Divisions. EP/EO field staffs are located primarily in seven regional offices and 19 key districts, with other local service also provided.

The Employee Plans activity administers the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) with major emphasis on developing regulations and procedures urgently needed by taxpayers. The IRS continues to coordinate implementation of ERISA with the Department of Labor (DOL) and the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) by issuing compatible regulations, procedures and rulings, and by reducing duplicate reporting by taxpayers. For example, starting with the 1977 annual return/report (Form 5500 series), plan sponsors and administrators will file only with the IRS.

To reduce taxpayer expense and burden in complying with ERISA, four Model Plans were developed for use by corporate employers along with a new procedure permitting sponsors to obtain approval of their field prototype plans. A new, simpler Short Form Application for Determination for Employee Benefit Plan, Form 5307, also was introduced.

During 1977, 24 regulations, 10 revenue rulings and procedures, 11 delegation orders, eight forms, and 23 news releases, as well as 4,128 National Office opinion letters on Master and prototype plans were issued.

In 1977 the Service devoted an average of 841 field professional positions to carrying out employee plans responsibility. Advance determination letters were issued on the qualification of pension, profit-sharing and other employee benefit plans. Examinations were conducted to determine the qualification of plans in operation and to verify the appropriateness of plan contribution deductions. During FY 1977. 158,473 determination letters were issued on corporate and self-employed plans, an increase of 345 percent from the 12-month period prior to October 1, 1976.

As for prohibited transactions, five final and two proposed class exemptions, three regulations, two delegation orders and three news releases were issued and 314 individual exemption applications were processed to disposition.

The Exempt Organizations activity determines the qualifications of organizations seeking tax-exempt and private foundation status, and examines returns to ensure compliance with the law.

During 1977, eight regulations, 76 revenue rulings and revenue procedures, 278 technical advice memoranda, four delegation orders, 21 announcements, 24 forms, form letters and applications, eight news releases, six publications and 10 Exempt Organization and Private Foundation Handbook chapters were issued or revised. In 1977, the Service devoted an average of 465 field professional positions to the examination of 9,803 exempt organization returns. The Service received 50,649 applications and reapplications from organizations seeking a determination of taxexempt status or seeking a determination of the effect of organizational or operational changes on their status, and issued 47,067 determination and ruling letters, and 329 .

Filing requirements for certain exempt organizations were changed from those with gross receipts in excess of \$5,000 to those with gross receipts in excess of \$10,000. As a result, approximately 36,000 exempt organizations will not have to file an annual information return.

The feasibility test conducted at the Cincinnati Service Center in 1976 concerning decentralizing the processing of Exempt Organization (EO) returns was successful. During 1977, the Andover and Fresno Service Centers started processing EO returns and related documents. Previously, all return filing and processing was done at the Philadelphia Service Center. The first Exempt Organization Taxpayer Compliance Measurement Program (TCMP) covering the examination of private foundations, public charities and social welfare organizations was completed December 31, 1976. Data from this survey will be used to select returns for examination.

The Actuarial Division provides the basic principles and rules for uniform interpretation and application of the Federal tax laws involving actuarial matters.

In 1977 the Service devoted an average of 17 professional positions to carrying out actuarial responsibilities. The Actuarial Division participated in public nearings on proposed regulations and serviced taxpayer requests for rulings, including requests for waiver of the funding standard account.

Chapter 6 International Programs

Tax Administration Abroad

The Service maintains a system of permanent foreign posts. Revenue Service Representatives (RSRs) at these stations are involved in compliance and taxpayer assistance activities and maintain cooperative contacts with foreign tax agencies. IRS foreign operations are the responsibility of the Office of International Operations (OIO).

Since OIO established its first office in Paris in 1948, the number of foreign posts staffed by RSRs has increased to 14. At present, posts in Bonn, London, Paris, and Rome cover Western Europe, and North Africa. Those in Mexico City, Caracas, and Sao Paulo are responsible for Mexico, Central America, and South America, while Canada is serviced from Ottawa. Offices in Tokyo, Manila, Kuala Lumpur, and Canberra administer OIO activities in Japan, Southeast Asia, Australia, and New Zealand. A post in Tehran covers the Middle East, and the one in Johannesburg services Africa south of the Sahara.



IRS Commissioner Jerome Kurtz (left) compliments Leroy A. Qunn, U.S. Vrigin Islands Commissioner of Finance, following the signing of a mutual agreement procedure to resolve cases of double taxation involving ne U.S. Virgin Islands.

IRS foreign posts provide a vital link with more than two million Americans living abroad. In 1977, the RSRs continued to maintain personal contacts with foreign tax authorities, foreign government officials, the U.S. Department of State and other U.S. agencies, as well as American communities abroad. The RSRs also act as liaison with foreign competent authorities in tax treaty matters when called upon to represent the U.S. Competent Authority.

The Tax Reform Act of 1976 and the Tax Reduction and Simplification Act of 1977 included important changes aftecting overseas taxpayers. The 1977 filing period marked the 24th consecutive year that overseas taxpayers received tax assistance through the Overseas Taxpayer Service Program, with over 148,000 taxpayers assisted—an increase of approximately 20 percent over 1976. Twenty-three assistors were detailed abroad during the year, providing assistance in 131 cities in 76 foreign countries.

In 1977 Commissioner Kurtz met with the Canadian Minister of National Revenue, Monique Begin, to formalize a working arrangement for simultaneous taxpayer examinations. Under the tax treaty, the United States and Canada are exchanging tax information on related U.S. and Canadian companies that has been developed in examinations. The treaty also provides for confidentiality of taxpayer information exchanged between the two countries.

The Service entered into tax administration agreements with American Samoa, Guam and the U.S. Virgin Islands, allowing the Service to provide taxpayer return intormation and to develop programs to improve tax administration, including, in the Virgin Islands, procedures to resolve cases of double taxation.



The Harvard International Tax Program participants representing 18 countries received three days training through arrangements with the IRS Tax Administration Advisory Services (TAAS). The 1977 Harvard group is shown with TAAS Director, Gordon C. Hill (seated center) and Mrs. Sarah W. Salter, Harvard Director of International Tax Training (seated right). IRS TAAS officials for the program are Bill Lund (left standing) and Dr. Chester R. McNut (right seated).

Compliance Overseas

The OIO's audit activity takes place primarily within the United States. This activity focuses on securing compliance with Federal tax laws from resident and visiting aliens, and foreign corporations conducting business in the United States. Personnel of the OIO, at National Office, also examine thousands of tax returns filed by Americans living abroad. The more complex tax return examinations continue to be conducted at the foreign country site of origin, and during 1977 the

number of these audits increased

Tax Treaties and the Competent Authority

Tax treaties with other countries are designed to eliminate double taxation, remove tax barriers to trade and investment, and help curb tax avoidance. The United States now has income tax treaties with 39 countries and estate tax treaties with 13 countries. A new income tax treaty with the United Kingdom was signed in December 1975. It will replace the current one when ratified by both the U.S. Senate and the British House of Commons.

The Assistant Commissioner (Compliance) is the designated U.S. Competent Authority under our system of tax treaties

In 1977 meetings were held with tax officials from several treaty countries for the purpose of improving the administration of the treaties involved. These conferences improved working arrangements for more effective exchanges of information and for resolution of recurring problems that arise from conflict of U.S. and foreign tax laws.

Technical Assistance to Foreign Countries

Since 1963 the Service has provided reimbursable training, technical and managerial advisory services to requesting foreign governments in cooperation with the Department of State and the Agency for International Development. The program objective is to assist friendly developing countries to modernize their tax administrations.

During 1977 the Service extended long-term advisory assistance to El Salvador, Liberia, Trinidad and Tobago, and Uruguay, Short-term assistance was provided to the UN Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. An audit instructor team taught courses in Liberia and Sierra Leone.

General tax administration surveys in the UN Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and the Northern Mariana Islands were completed. Specialized surveys were conducted for Cyprus in ADP applications, for Ecuador on collection of delinquent accounts, and for Egypt as a follow-up to a major report in 1975. New projects are under way in Sierra Leone and the Caribbean as well as the expansion of the Liberia project.

In 1977, 330 foreign tax officials from 60 countries visited the Service to participate in study-observation programs. Over 4,600 officials from 124 countries have come to the IRS for such assistance since 1963.

Among the special visitor training projects were a seven-week Middle Management Seminar in Tax Administration for 11 tax officials from Ethiopia, Indonesia, Japan, and Nigeria and a nine-week Comparative Tax Administration Seminar for six Korean tax officials. Twenty-three Harvard International Tax Program participants and 25 students from the International Monetary Fund Public Finance Course were briefed by the Service.

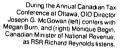
The Service continued support of the Inter-American Center of Tax Administrators (CIAT), the 26-country-member hemispheric organization for tax administration improvement. The Commissioner's presentation on U.S. tax simplification was one of two IRS papers presented to CIAT's Eleventh General Assembly in Caracas, Venezuela, in May 1977. The Director, Tax Administration Advisory Services Division, was made a member of CIAT's Executive Council. The IRS advised CIAT on a new format for Technical Conferences. At CIAT's request, six papers were presented to related Technical Conferences on Taxation of Multinationals and the Exchange of Information under Tax Treaties by representatives of the Office of Assistant Commissioner (Compliance) and OIO. The Service also presented two papers at the 5th Annual General Assembly of the Caribbean Organization of Tax Administrators (COTA) in Roseau, Dominica, in August 1977.



Millicent M. Wood, IRS London office secretary, receives a superior performance award from Assistant Commissioner Compliance S. B. Wolle, as RSR William A. Voyzey observes.



Richard Gardner, U.S. Ambassador to lialy, presents 30 year service award to RSR William S. McCarter (left) at the Rome Embassy, in the presence of Mrs. Edna McCarter.





Chapter 7
Legal Activities

11

Chief Counsel for the Internal Revenue Service

The Chief Counsel, an Assistant General Counsel of the Treasury Department, is the chief legal officer for the Internal Revenue Service. He is a member of the Commissioner's executive staff, and advises the Commissioner on all matters pertaining to the administration and enforcement of the internal revenue laws and related statutes, as well as on all non-tax legal questions.

His advisory responsibilities fall into three major areas: general, litigation and technical. The Chiel Counsel is assisted by an Associate Chiel Counsel (General), an Associate Chief Counsel (Litigation), an Associate Chief Counsel (Technical), and seven Regional Counsel located in the seven IRS Regional offices.

The Office of Chief Counsel employs over 900 attorneys, which makes it next to the Department of Justice, the largest law firm in the country. These attorneys are located in the National Office and in thirty-seven field offices.

Approximately forty percent of attorney time is spent in the Tax Court Litigation area handling all litigation in the United States Tax Court. The attorneys also advise the Service and assist the Department of Justice attorneys on refund suits, criminal tax cases, suits seeking the disclosure of files and documents of the IRS, collection suits, and all non-tax litigation involving the Service in Federal and state courts.



Secretary of the Treasury W. Michael Blumenthal administers the oath of office to IRS Chief Counsel Stuart E. Seigel as Mrs. Joyce Seigel holds the Bible during the ceremony.

Administrative Services

The Administrative Services Division is responsible for the general supervision of all matters relating to budget, administration, and management in the Office of Chief

The Division coordinates the recruitment program for the Chief Counsel's Office, runs the Summer Employment Program for legal interns and provides opportunities for attorneys in the Office to participate in law school, bar association, or in-house training courses.

Under the aegis of the Division, an Equal Employment Opportunity Advisory Committee and a Federal Women's Program Advisory Committee, composed of representatives from each Division in the National Office, assist in the administration of the Chief Counsel's Equal Employment Opportunity Program. The Office continued to progress in goals under the Affirmative Action Plan during this past year. Attorney hiring goals for liscal year 1977 were 10 percent for minorities and 20 percent for women, and the goals were achieved by hiring 10 percent minorities and 21 percent women.

The Planning, Analysis and Operations (PAO) Branch is engaged in planning and analysis, cost/benefit studies, systems development and operational activities such as legal information retrieval and computer equipment analysis. During 1977, the PAO Branch developed procedures and began microfiche filming of approximately 70,000 selected internal research documents. PAO completed requirements for an automated Criminal Tax Case Reporting System which will link the reporting of Intelligence Division cases in the Commissioner's Office with Criminal Tax cases in the Chief Counsel's Office, to provide caseload statistics compatible with the operating procedures of both organizations. PAO also initiated planning efforts to determine the feasibility of automating all Chief Counsel statistical. administrative and case control systems.

The Administrative Services Division was responsible for the introduction and implementation of Zero Base Budgeling in the Office. During the latter part of the year, the Division recruited paralegal specialists to assist attorneys in legal and other work.

Criminal Tax

Attorneys in the Criminal Tax area handle all criminal tax legal matters for the IRS, review criminal cases and decide if cases warrant prosecution, coordinate criminal tax prosecutions with the Department of Justice, provide assistance to United States attorneys in criminal tax trials upon request, assist the Tax Court and Relund Litigation Divisions in coordinating the application of the civil fraud penalties, and coordinate disclosure matters, as well as Freedom of Information Act and Privacy Act matters, in cases where criminal action is anticipated or has been undertaken.

In 1977, the Criminal Tax Division of the National Office undertook the responsibility to review unauthorized disclosure matters. Criminal Tax attorneys continued to furnish legal advice to the Intelligence Division and the Office of International Operations during the investigative stage of criminal tax cases. The prereferral assistance to these offices has resulted in a more efficient use of manpower in criminal tax investigations.

Significant Criminal Cases Fiscal Year 1977

United States v. Paepke, 550 F. 2d 385 (7th Cir. 1977) held that evidence illegally seized by State Police officers was admissible in a subsequent criminal tax prosecution. Based on information obtained in an illegal search and seizure, Paepke was arrested on narcotics charges. Incident to arrest. \$12,725 was seized from his person. The illegally seized evidence was subsequently suppressed. Months later Paepke filed a tax return in which he failed to report the \$12,725. In permitting the introduction at trial of the money and other illegally seized documents, the court found that the primary purpose of the exclusionary rule had been satisfied by the suppression of evidence in the state court proceedings. The court held that the local authorities at the time of Paepke's arrest could not have foreseen the instant criminal tax prosecution and hence there was no deterrent effect to be achieved by suppressing the evidence. The court also considered the fact that the taxpayer could have reported the \$12,725 and claimed a Fifth Amendment privilege as to its source.

Receipt and Disposal of Criminal Tax Matters-1977

| Prosecution Cases Received From Intelligence | |
|--|-------|
| Pending Beginning | 5.036 |
| Total Opened | 3,408 |
| Total Closed | 2,734 |
| Counsel Declined | 264 |
| Department of Justice Declined | 222 |
| U.S. Attorney Declined | 274 |
| Prosecutions Completed | 1,974 |
| Pending End | 5,710 |
| Opinions | |
| Pending Beginning | 17 |
| Total Requested | 86 |
| Total Rendered | 47 |
| Pending End | 56 |

Criminal Tax Activity—1977

| 2,695 |
|--------|
| 1,636 |
| 31 |
| 1,229 |
| 247 |
| 55 |
| 110 |
| 17,765 |
| |

In United States v. Pomponio, 429 U.S. 10 (1976) the Supreme Court held in a prosecution for willfully filing false income tax returns, that "willfully" simply means a voluntary and intentional violation of a known legal duty. The finding of an evil motive, as mandated by the Fourth Circuit decison was held to be unnecessry. The Court also stated that the term "willfully" has the same meaning in the misdemeanor and felony sections of the Internal Revenue Code. United States v. Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Company, 551 F.2d 1106 (8th Cir. 1977) upheld the District Court's dismissal of an indictment against 3M and two of its principal officers for filing false corporate income tax returns and other tax related violations. In affirming the District Court's decision the court found there was substantial evidence to support the conclusion that a prior agreement between the Watergate Special Prosecutor's Force and 3M prevented the prosecution of the corporation and its officers for criminal tax violations arising from illegal political contributions.

In United States v. Sahadi, 555 F.2d 23, (2nd Cir. 1977) the court upheld the disclosure and reporting provisions of the wagering tax laws, 26 U.S.C. § 4401, et seq. The court found that as Congress has enacted both specific restrictions and criminal sanctions regarding the unauthorized disclosure and use of wagering tax information, the reporting requirements of the wagering tax laws are not violative of the Fifth Amendment privilege against self-incrimination. The court distinguished Marchetti v. United States, 390 U.S. 39 (1968) and Grosso v. United States, 390 U.S. 62 (1968) in that under the wagering tax laws as existed at that time, Congress intended that the wagering information was to be provided to interested prosecuting authorities, whereas the present law clearly evidences a contrary Congressional intent.

General Litigation

Attorneys in the General Litigation area furnish legal advice to the IRS in connection with the assessment and collection of Federal taxes and assist the Department of Justice in the prosecution and defense of suits to collect taxes, suits to recover erroneous refunds, proceedings under the Bankruptcy Act and other insolvencies, civil enforcement of summonses, and injunction and declaratory judgment actions. General Litigation attorneys furnish extensive legal services and assistance unrelated to docketed cases, including day-to-day formal and informal advice to Internal Revenue Service Centers and local District Offices. and to the Assistant Commissioners (Compliance) and (Accounts, Collection and Taxpayer Service).

The Tax Reform Act of 1976 made significant changes in the General Litigation area. The amendments to I.R.C. § 6851 changed the result of the Supreme Court's decision in Laing v. United States, 423 U.S. 161 (1976), by providing that a termination assessment does not end the taxable year at the time the assessment is made. A termination assessment pursuant to the revised section would, contrary to the result in Laing, require no notice of deficiency under section 6212 within 60 days of the making of the assessment. Rather, the Act contains a new section, section 7429, which provides an expeditious procedure for review of the reasonableness of both termination and jeopardy assessments by the Service and, finally, the U.S. District Court.

Significant changes in procedures involving administrative summonses were also made by the Tax Reform Act. Section 7609 provides that when a summons is served on a third party recordkeeper to produce records or give testimony, the person to whom the record relates must be notified within three days of the service of summons. Upon notification that person has the right to stay compliance of the summons and to intervene in any summons enforcement proceeding brought by the Government. It is anticipated that this new statutory right will increase summons enforcement

The Tax Reform Act also added section 7610 which provides the Service with authority to establish rates and conditions under which payment may be made for certain costs incurred by the person complying with the administrative summons.

Another major development was the adverse décision of the Supreme Court in G.M. Leasing Corp. v. United States, 429 U.S. 338 (1977). The decision held that a warrantless entry into private premises in order to effect a seizure of taxpayer's property was in violation of the Fourth Amendment. As a result, where distrainable assets are located on residential property or in limited access areas of business premises, the Service must obtain a writ from a U.S. District Court in order to enter the premises for the purpose of seizure.

Receipt and Disposal of General Litigation Cases National and Regional—FY 1977

| Court | Non-Court | Total |
|--------|----------------------------|--|
| 10,220 | 1.875 | 12,095 |
| 10,242 | 6.648 | 16,890 |
| 10,753 | 6,758 | 17,511 |
| 9,709 | 1,765 | 11,474 |
| | 10,220 10,242 10,753 | 10.220 1.875 10.242 6.648 10.753 6.758 |

Revised.

General Litigation and Disclosure Cases Received 1973-1977

| ypes of Cases— | Regions: | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| ankruptcies and R | | 1,153 | 1,112 | 1,254 | 1,431 | 1,309 |
| Vage Earners' Plan | | 81 | 102 | 62 | 99 | 104 |
| rrangements (CH. | | 1,526 | 2,273 | 3.440 | 3,422 | 1,828 |
| Reorganizations & Arrangements (CH | Real Property | 184 | 348 | 626 | 639 | 393 |
| Aiscellaneous Insc | | 140 | 100 | 102 | 118 | 68 |
| Decedents' Estates | | 423 | 413 | 374 | 386 | 415 |
| uits to Collect Tax | | 608 | 623 | 565 | 720 | 742 |
| Section 2410 (28 U.S.C. 2410): | Interpleaders | 226 | 242 | 222 | 255 | 231 |
| | Others | 235 | 162 | 160 | 230 | 203 |
| niunctions | | 230 | 272 | 227 | 188 | 156 |
| Disclosure and Tes | stimony | 449 | 481 | 424 | 463 | 546 |
| Summons Cases | | 1,371 | 1,663 | 1,877 | 2,876 | 3,698 |
| Erroneous Refund | Suits | 32 | 31 | 42 | 41 | 24 |
| Miscellaneous Cou | | 593 | 530 | 564 | 615 | 729 |
| Advisory Opinions | | 4,556 | 4,310 | 4,860 | 5,305 | 5.561 |
| Discharges of Pro | perty from Lien | 2,429 | 2,269 | 2,701 | 3,500 | |
| Total, All Regions | | 14,236 | 14,931 | 17,500 | 20,288 | 16,007 |
| National Office: | | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 |
| Appeals | | 216 | 184 | 197 | 113 | 128 |
| Advisory | | 132 | 140 | 298 | 484 | 54 |
| International Oper | rations | 88 | 165 | 126 | 262 | 20 |
| Disclosure and Te | | 212 | 158 | 2 | 2 | |
| Other Centralized | | 22 | 26 | 29 | 21 | 14 |
| Total, National Of | | 670 | 673 | 650 | 880 | 88 |
| | and National Office | 14,906 | 15,604 | 18.150 | 21,168 | 16,89 |

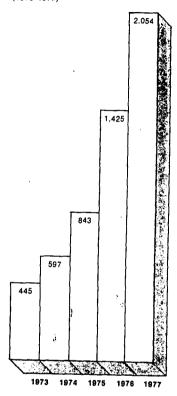
No longer a category.
Now handled in the Disclosure Division.
Includes Railroad Reorganizations and Actions for Injunctions and/or Declaratory Relief.

General Legal Services

The General Legal Services function handles legal matters arising in the non-tax legal area. Attorneys in the General Legal Services function in the National Ofice and field offices represent the Service in labor cases, including representation hearings, impasse proceedings, unfair labor practices and arbitration hearings and serve as a member of and counsel to management teams negotiating individual and multi-unit labor agreements. Further, this function provides representation, where proper, to IRS employees and officials who are sued for damages in relation to actions taken while in the due performance of their official duties. These attorneys also represent the Service in adverse action and discrimination proceedings, and the Director of Practice, Office of the Secretary of the Treasury, in disciplinary actions brought against tax practitioners, as well as provide on going advice to the IRS concerning government contracts, tort claims, forfeitures, Inspection Service matters, and other areas not directly related to Federal tax matters. For the fiscal year 1977 the attorneys tried 164 cases with 1,470 hours of trial time.

During this past year, General Legal Services received two additional responsibilities under the Tax Reform Act of 1976. Where appropriate, its attorneys now represent IRS employees and officials who are sued under new I.R.C. § 7217 for damages based on the alleged unauthorized disclosure of tax information. The function is now also responsible for providing assistance to the Department of Justice in connection with litigation arising from the enforcement of the new income tax return preparer provisions, Sections 6696, 7407 and related sections.

General Legal Cases Received (1973-1977)



Refund Litigation

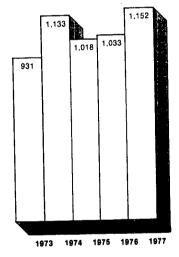
The Refund Litigation Division performs all necessary legal services on behalf of the IRS in connection with suits instituted in the United States District Courts and the Court of Claims by taxpayers for refunds of taxes. The Division determines and coordinates the legal position of the Service in these suits and incorporates such determinations in recommendations to the Department of Justice, which handles the actual trials of such cases.

Under new I.R.C. § 7428, added by the Tax Reform Act of 1976, jurisdiction is granted to the District Court for the District of Columbia and the Court of Claims (as well as the Tax Court) to issue declaratory judgments in cases involving the initial qualification or continued qualification of exempt organizations under section 501(c)(3) of the Code and certain other similar types of declaratory judgments. The Refund Litigation Division performs the necessary legal services on behalf of the Service in connection with such cases (except Tax Court cases).

A significant development in refund litigation was the Supreme Court's May 2, 1977, grant of the taxpayer's petition for a writ of certiorari in Central Illinois Public Service Co. v. United States, 540 F.2d 300 (7th Cir. 1976), Dkt. No. 76-1058, October Term, 1977. At issue is whether cash reimbursements for noon meal expenses incurred by employees not engaged in overnight travel constitute wages from which the employer must withhold federal income

Another major development occurred in the investment credit and accelerated depreciation areas. On April 27, 1977, a decision favorable to the Government in a refund suit in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas on the issue was reversed by the Court of Appeals. Texas Instruments, Inc. v. United States, 551 F.2d 599 (5th Cir. 1977). The Court of Appeals determined that the basis of tangible tapes and films on which taxpayer recorded seismic data includes the cost of collecting the seismic data and recording it on the tangible property, and that basis was not limited to the cost of the raw tape and

Refund Litigation Cases Received (1973-1977)



Tax in Litigation—Refund Suits

(In Thousands of Dollars)

| Status | | District Courts | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Status | Number of Cases | Amount | Amount |
| Pending October 1, 1976 | 2,600 | Dispute 3 | Refunded |
| Received | | 600,298 | |
| Disposed ² % Not Refunded | 850 681 | 92,322 · 57,067 | 22,911 |
| Pending September 30, 1977 | 2,769 | 635,553 | 45.8% |
| Status | | Court of Claims | |
| | Number of Cases | Amount in | Amount |
| Pending October 1, 1976 | | Dispute 3 | Refunded ⁴ |
| Received | 482 | 387,137 | |
| Disposed ² % Not Refunded | 302 123 | 102,530 30,106 | 18,038 |
| Pending September 30, 1977 | | | 61.7% |
| | 661 | 459,561 Total | |
| Status | Number of Cases | Amount in Dispute 3 | Amount |
| ending October 1, 1976 | 3,082 | | Refunded 1 |
| Received | 1,152 | 987,435 | |
| Disposed ² % Not Refunded | 804 | 194,852 87,173 | 40,949 |
| ending September 30, 1977 Cases in Courts of Appeal and the Supreme Court are in- | 3.430 | 1,095,114 | 51.7% |

cours of Appeal and the Supreme Court are in-cluded under the columns representing the court of origin. 2 Disposals include cases tried, settled, and dismissed. 3 Amount in dispute includes claims for refund of taxes, penalties and interest, and counterclaim amounts. 4 That protion of the amount sought as a refund, which was not refunded to taxpayer.

Tax Court Litigation

One of the major responsibilities of the Office of Chief Counsel is the representation of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in all actions brought in the United States Tax Court. Trial of Tax Court cases is generally the responsibility of attorneys in the lield offices. The Tax Court Litigation Division in the National Office participates in the formulation of the positions to be adopted in cases before the Tax Court to assure uniformity and consistency in Tax Court litigation.

There is a Small Tax Case procedure in the Tax Court for expeditious handling of Tax Court cases involving deficiencies of \$1,500 or less. Such cases are heard by Tax Court Commissioners, and neither the taxpayer nor the government may appeal from decisions in such cases.

I. Significant Legislation

The Tax Reform Act of 1976 extended the Tax Court's declaratory judgment jurisdiction to controversies relating to certain types of tax exempt organizations, primarily involving claims for exemption under I.R.C. § 501(c)(3). The Tax Court was also given declaratory judgment jurisdiction over the taxability of certain transfers of property subject to section 367 and suits to restrain or compel disclosure of the contents of private rulings, and other similar written determinations. At the Tax Court's request, this office supplied assistance in developing new Rules of Practice to govern these three types of actions.

Trial Court Case Record

(Opinions Rendered—Refund Litigation and Tax Court Cases) 1

| | | Court of Claims | | District | Courts |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Action | | 1976 | 1977 ² | 1976 | 1977 ³ |
| Decided in favor of Governmen | nt — Number — Percent | 21 45.7% | 30 68.2% | 185 62.1% | 238 66.3% |
| Decided in favor of Taxpayer | — Number — Percent | 14 30.4% | 12 27.3% | 68 22.8% | 78 21.7% |
| Decided partially for the Taxpayer and partially for the Government | - Number | 11 23.9% | 2 4.5% | 45 15.1% | 43 12.0% |
| Total Opinions | | 46 | 44 | 298 | 359 |
| | | | | | |

| | | | | Tax C | purt 6 | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | Small Tax Cases | | Other | | Total | | |
| Action | | 1976 | 1977 4 | 1976 | 1977 5 | 1976 | 1977 | |
| Decided in favor of Governmen | t Number Percent | - Number 265 - Percent 62.6% | 258 55.1% | | 294 52.9% | 283 54.4% | 559 57.1% | 541 54.8% |
| Decided in favor of Taxpayer | — Number — Percent | 44 10.4% | 47 10.0% | 68 12.2% | 57 11.0% | 112 11.4% | 104 10.5% | |
| Decided partially for the Taxpayer and partially for the Government | — Number — Percent | 114 27.0% | 163 34.8% | 194 34.9%_ | 180 34.6% | 308 31.5% | 343 34.7% | |
| Total Opinions | | 423 | 468 | 556 | 520 | 979 | 988 | |

- Related Cases are reflected as one opinion.

 2 44 opinions in Court of Claims involving 51 cases.

 3 45 opinions in District Courts involving 400 cases.

 4 88 Tax Court opinions involving 487 Small Tax Cases.
- 5 520 Tax Court opinions involving 769 cases other than
- Small Tax Court Cases.

 * In cases on which decisions were rendered during the

Appellate Court Case Record

(Decisions—Refund Litigation and Tax Court Cases)

| Court | Total | | For the Government | | Against the Government | F | Partly for and Partly Against Government |
|---------------------|-------|-----|-----------------------|-----|------------------------|-----|--|
| | | No. | Percent | No. | Percent | No. | Percent |
| Courts of Appeals | 172 | 120 | 69.8% | 33 | 19.2% | 19 | |
| Originally tried in | | | | | | | 11.1% |
| Tax Court | 89 1 | 67 | 75.3% | 9 | 10.1% | 13 | 14.6% |
| District Courts | 83 ² | 53 | 63.9% | 24 | 28.9% | | 7.2% |
| Supreme Court | 33 | | 20.00/ | | | | 1.276 |
| TEP GING OBUIT | J- | | 33.3% | 1 | 33.3% | 1 | 33.3% |

¹ Of the cases originally tried in Tax Court, the Courts of Appeals rendered 89 opinions in 143 dockets, including 106 dockets for the povernment, 14 dockets against the povernment, and 23 dockets partially for the government.

² Of the cases originally tried in District Courts, the Courts of Appeals rendered 83 opinions in 94 cases, including 58 cases

tor the government, 26 against the government, and 10 partially for the government.

The Supreme Court rendered 3 opinions in 5 cases including a case for the government, 3 cases against the government and 1 case partially for the government.

II. Significant Cases

In Commissioner v. Standard Life Insurance Co., 45 U.S.L.W. 4842 (June 23, 1977), the Supreme Court held that unpaid premiums (deferred and uncollected premiums), were includible in assets, as defined in I.RC. § 809(b)(4), and in gross premium income, as defined in section 809(c)(1), only to the extent of net valuation premiums and not in the amount of the entire gross unpaid premium.

The Tax Court held in Key Buick Company v. Commissioner, 68 T.C. 178 (1977) on appeal to Fifth Circuit, that it lacks jurisdiction, despite enactment of Pub. L. 94-559, amending 42 U.S.C. 1988, to award attorney fees to a petitioner. The Court sustained the Commissioner's position that the amendment did not apply to actions brought by a taxpayer against the Commissioner.

In Berger Machine Products, Inc. v. Commissioner, 68 T.C. 358 (1977), the Tax Court held that the merger of four active corporations into one corporation with resultant changes in the percentages of stock held by individual shareholders was not an "E" reorganization thus precluding the carryback under section 318(b)(3) of postmerger net operating losses.

In an opinion broadening the scope of section 263(c) to include "exploration" as part of the production of oil and gas, the Tax Court in Standard Oil Company (Indiana) v. Commissioner, 68 T.C. 325 (1977), held that intangible expenses incurred in the drilling of wells which respondent had determined were exploratory bore holes constituted deductible intangible drilling and development costs.

In Solomon v. Commissioner, 67 T.C. 379 (1976), and Catterall v. Commissioner, 68 T.C. 413 (1977), the Tax Court upheld the Commissioner's imputation of interest income to taxpayers under section 483 on their receipt of additional shares of stock, following a "B" reorganization, as part of a deferred contingen stock payout.

di

A conviction of one of the petitioners under section 7206(1), on the charge of filing a false income tax return, was held by the Tax Court to collaterally estop him from denying that the return was false and fraudulent in a Tax Court proceeding involving the applicability of the 50% civil fraud penalty to the income tax deficiency for that same year. Considine v. Commissioner, 68 T.C. 52 (1977).

Kowalski v. Commissioner, ... U.S. ... (1977), 77-2 U.S.T.C. § 88.544, rev'a 544 F.2d 686 (3rd Cir. 1976), held that a cash meal allowance paid to a state trooper was includable in gross income because the payments were an accession to wealth over which the trooper had total dominion. Payments were not excludable under I.R.C. § 119 because meals were not furnished in kind and section 119 abrogated the rule that amounts paid for the convenience of the employer were excludable.

Tax in Litigation—Tax Court

(in Thousands of Dollars)

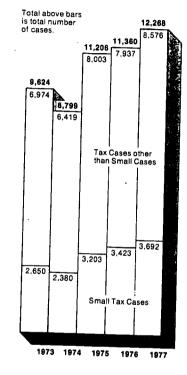
| | Number | | All Tax Co | urt Cases 2 | |
|---------------------------------|---------|----------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Status | of | Taxes and | Penalties | Over | payments |
| | Cases 1 | In Dispute | Determined | Claimed | Determined |
| Pending October 1, 1976 | 19,245 | \$2,637,855 | | \$288,142 | |
| Received | 12,268 | 777,872 | | 16,599 | |
| Disposed 3 . Recovery Rate 4 | 10,129 | 545,010 | 168,074 30.8% | 17,854 | 6,722 37.6% |
| Pending September 30, 1977 | 21,384 | 2,870,717 | | 286,887 | |
| | | | Small Ta | x Cases | |
| Pending October 1, 1976 | 2,565 | \$1,771 ^r | | 52 | |
| Received | 3,692 | 2,561 | | 42 | |
| Disposed 3 Recovery Rate 4 | 3,208 | 2,102 | \$1,165 55.4% | 53 | 16 30.2% |
| Pending September 30, 1977 | 3,049 | 2,230 | | 41 | |

Does not include an inventory of non-deficiency (Employee Plans and Exempl Organization) cases consisting of 12 cases pending October 1, 1976, 26 recipits, 3 disposatis, and 35 cases pending Soptember 30, 1977.
 Includes both small tax cases and other.
 Disposatis include cases tried, settled, and dismissed. Some of the determined amounts are for cases which were subse-

 Amount determined expressed as percentage of Amount Asserted or Claimed. These amounts do not include proposed assessments which are agreed to by the taxpayer at District or Appellate conferences. In the case of a claimed overpayment, the Recovery Rates shown above represent the portion off the amount in dispute which was refunded to the taxpayer.

Thevised.

Tax Court Cases Received (1973-1977)



Disclosure

Attorneys in the Disclosure Division handle matters arising under the Freedom of Information Act, as well as requests for disclosure of documents and testimony in both tax and non-tax litigation. The Division is also responsible for providing legal advice to the Service concerning the Privacy Act of

Specifically, Disclosure is responsible for planning, directing and coordinating for the IRS all matters relating to requests for testimony and production of Internal Revenue documents, records or information under the Federal Rules of Civil or Criminal Procedure, the Tax Court Rules, the Court of Claims Rules and various State court rules. Disclosure works closely with the Disclosure Operations Division of the IRS. It also coordinates with the Department of Justice all litigation arising under the Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts, including recommendations about defense or settlement of suits and appeals of adverse decisions.

A significant amount of Disclosure's effort in fiscal 1977 was devoted to interpretation and implementation of I.R.C. § 6103, as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1976, and new section 6110. Section 6110, which became effective on November 1, 1976, provides for disclosure, in edited form, of certain private letter rulings, technical advice memoranda, determination letters, and related background documents, and sets forth a complex set of conditions governing the timing, extent, and other mechanics of that disclosure. In connection with section 6110 the Division has considered a number of legal issues, including the availability of materials controlled by the provision through discovery in connection with litigation.

Section 6103, the Service's basic disclosure statute, governs the disclosure of tax returns and return information. Its amendment by the Tax Reform Act significantly changed in some respects the extent to and manner in which the Service can provide tax returns and return information to the Department of Justice and other federal agencies in connection with non-tax criminal proceedings, and to the Department of Justice in connection with tax litigation.

Receipt and Disposal of Disclosure Division Cases

| Types of Cases | Pending 10/1/76 | Received | Disposed | Pending 9/30/77 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|
| Disclosure Opinions | 107 | 290 | 293 | 104 |
| Disclosure Litigations | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Discovery Opinions | 6 | | 4 | 2 |
| FOIA Opinions | . 45 | 318 | 325 | 38 |
| FOIA Appeals | 108 | 386 | 344 | 150 |
| FOIA and Miscellaneous Litigation | 41 | 59 | 30 | 70 |
| FOIA Requests | 14 | 83 | 80 | 17 |
| Privacy Act Opinions | 25 | 29 | 39 | 1 |
| Privacy Act Litigation | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| Privacy Act Requests | 4 | 1 | 5 | |
| Privacy Act Appeals | | | | |
| Division Totals | 358 | 1,173 | 1,127 | 404 |

Interpretative

The Interpretative Division provides legal assistance to the Office of Assistant Commissioner (Technical) and the Office of Assistant Commissioner (Employee Plans and Exempt Organizations) in the issuance of letter rulings to laxpayers, technical advice to IRS personnel, and revenue rulings and revenue procedures to be published in the Internal Revenue Bulletin. Interpretative also provides legal assistance to other Divisions in the Chief Counsel's Office in determining litigating positions and in coordinating the litigating positions with the ruling positions of the IRS.

During FY 1977, as part of a coordinated effort to curtail tax shelter abuses in the motion picture industry through the use of limited partnerships, Interpretative attorneys assisted IRS personnel in the preparation of two important revenue rulings. Rev. Rul. 77-110, 1977-16 I.R.B. 7 requires a purchaser of motion picture distribution rights through the use of nonrecourse notes to prove that the fair market value of the distribution rights approximates the amount of the nonrecourse notes. If they do not, the amount of notes cannot be included in the partnership's depreciation basis nor can interest accrued on such notes be deducted. Rev. Rul. 77-125, 1977-17 I.R.B. 11, concludes that certain loans of the types commonly utilized to finance production of motion pictures should not be considered the obligation of the production company and treated as part of the cost of producing the motion picture.

In addition, Interpretative attorneys assisted IRS personnel in the development of the Service's position relative to transactions involving cattle breeder herd tax shelters, real estate tax shelters, and oil and gas tax shelters.

Interpretative attorneys actively participated with the Solicitor General's Office in the preparation of the petition for certiorari and the brief for the Government in the case of United States v. Standard Life Insurance Company, 45 U.S.L.W. 4842 (June 23. 1977), concerning the proper treatment of deferred and uncollected premiums. Also relative to the taxation of insurance companies, Interpretative attorneys assisted in the preparation of Rev. Rul. 77-316, 1977-35 I.R.B. 7, involving the proper tax treatment of the so-called "offshore insurance company" situation, where a domestic corporation creates a foreign corporation (the captive) chartered as an insurance company which provides insurance coverage solely to a domestic corporation and its other subsidiaries.

Interpretative Division Cases Received 1973-1977

| 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 |
|------|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| 511 | 471 | 443 | 423 | 399 |
| 107 | 124 | 117 | 114 | 122 |
| 117 | 90 | 80 | 73 | 80 |
| 185 | 158 | 212 | 257 | 189 |
| 920 | 843 | 852 | 867 | 790 |
| | 511 107 117 185 | 511 471 107 124 117 90 185 158 | 511 471 443 107 124 117 117 90 80 185 158 212 | 511 471 443 423 107 124 117 114 117 90 80 73 185 158 212 257 |

Legislation and Regulations

The Legislation and Regulations Division represents the Commissioner and the Service in tax legislative matters. Division attorneys also provide the Treasury Department's Assistant Secretary for Tax Policy with technical assistance and expertise in the development and drafting of internal revenue legislation and furnish assistance to Congressional staffs in the drafting of committee reports on tax legislation.

Legislation and Regulations Division attorneys are responsible for draftling proposed regulations and for representing the IRS in negotiating and drafting tax treaties with foreign governments. Working closely with IRS officials, attorneys in this Division participate in the preparation and review of tax forms and instructions, hold hearings on proposed regulations, evaluate suggestions by IRS personnel for regulatory changes, and review publications issued for the information and guidance of taxpayers and Service officials.

During 1977, the Division established over 200 regulations projects to implement the Tax Reform Act of 1976 (Pub. L. 94-455), approved October 4, 1976. A substantial number of these projects were published either as proposed or temporary regulations during this past year, including regulations relating to limitations on percentage depletion in the case of oil and gas wells; duties of income tax return preparers; public inspection of written determinations of the IRS; exclusion of certain disability income payments; deduction for expenditures to remove architectural and transportation barriers to the handicapped and elderly, and qualified possession source investment income.

In addition, the Division continued to publish regulations implementing the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (Pub. L. 93–406), approved September 2, 1974, including regulations relating to minimum vesting and funding standards for qualified retirement plans.

Legislation and Regulations Division Cases Received

1973-1977

| Type of Case | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 |
|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Legislation | . 46 | 77 | 85 | 59 | 61 |
| Regulations | 90 | 56 | 171 | 85 | 271 |
| Miscellaneous | 38 | 43 | 33 | 46 | 41 |
| Total | 174 | 178 | 289 | 190 | 373 |

Chapter 8

Planning and Research

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Planning and Research

Planning is an integral and continuing management activity within all organizational components of the Service. During 1977 IRS planning activities encompassed preparation of a Servicewide Long-Range Plan, testing of improvements in work technology and systems, organizational studies, coordination of the preparation of testimony before congressional committees, analysis of pending legislation, statistical compilation and projections of tax return data.

Completed Testing Projects

Based on successful test results, the IRS is replacing its existing computer printers with high-speed, non-impact printers, which can print up to 25 times faster than conventional printers.

During FY 1978, the IRS will install in the 10 service centers Remittance Processing Systems (RPS) which perform in a single operation several processing steps now done separately. The RPS will accelerate remittance posting and reduce processing costs.

Taxpayer Compliance Measurement Program

The Taxpayer Compliance Measurement Program (TCMP), a continuing research program measuring the nature and extent of tax law compliance, also is used to develop computerized systems for selecting returns for audit.

In FY 1977, TCMP compliance data and selection formulas were developed for the first time for organizations exempt from taxation under IR Code Subsections 501(c)(3) and (4).

Work in progress includes a survey of fiduciary returns now in field examination, a sixth survey cycle on individual returns for which sample selection has begun, and planning actions for a survey of corporate returns with no-balance sheets and with assets between one dollar and \$10 million.

Alternative Filing Period Study

A sample of individual income taxpayers was sent questionnaires on current filing practices and seeking opinions on two alternative filing procedures. Three-fourths of the taxpayers who responded said they would continue to file their returns in the months of January through April even if the deadline for filing were extended. A majority of taxpayers was opposed to a second alternative that would divide individual income taxpayers into two groups—one with a January 1—December 30 tax year and an April 15 filing deadline, and the second with a July 1—June 30 tax year and an October 15 filing deadline.

State tax administrators also were surveyed on their views, with results revealing that most states probably would change their filing period to conform with any Federal change. However, many state tax administrators expressed doubt that the changes under consideration would be beneficial.

Tax Models

Developed 15 years ago to meet Treasury's need for timely estimates of revenue effects of proposed tax legislation, tax models continue to be valuable tools for economic planning. Five basic models—individuals, corporations, sole proprietorships, and estates, are used. Each consists of generalized computer programs used with specially structured Statistics of Income (SOI) files.

In addition to the basic tax model for individual returns, the Service has developed, in accordance with the law, a special individual model set, "State Tax Models," designed to permit reliable data estimates for each of the 50 states and the District of Columbia. These models are based on the full Statistics of Income sample—over 200,000 returns for 1975—instead of the subsample of about 100,000 returns used for the basic model.

Taxpayer Service Telephone Study

Through the use of mathematical modeling techniques, the IRS has developed alternatives indicating the optimum number, size, and location of IRS toll-free telephone sites offering taxpayer assistance. A parallel study to the IRS effort was made by a commercial telephone site location firm. Results from both studies are under review to provide taxpayers with the best possible telephone assistance at the least cost.

Legal Assistance Test Program

Arrangements were made with the law schools of three universities to conduct test programs for law students to provide free legal assistance to low income taxpayers during the audit and administrative appeals processes. Students work under the close supervision of practicing attorneys and law school professors. Data from the test program are under study to determine how this assistance affects the résults of audits and appeals.

Legislative Activities

The Planning and Research function is responsible for analyzing legislative proposals affecting the IRS and determining probable administrative implications. Once legislation is enacted, a plan for implementing each provision is developed and coordinated with all functions responsible for administering the legislation. During 1977 approximately 96 bills were analyzed for their impact on the IRS. Implementation plans were developed for 18 public laws, including the Tax Reform Act of 1976 and the Tax Reduction and Simplification Act of 1977.

Impact of 1976 Tax Reform Act on IRS Operations

The Tax Reform Act of 1976, which affected over 700 sections of the Internal Revenue Code, became law on October 4, 1976. The late enactment of these comprehensive changes left little time for the Service to implement provisions effective for the 1976 tax year.

Development of tax forms was a special problem because to distribute tax packages by the end of the year, the IRS must have forms ready to be printed early in October. To meet this deadline, the Service followed the proposed legislation closely and developed alternative forms to implement new provisions. Although the Act required changes in virtually every 1976 tax form, the Service was able to develop, print, and distribute the tax packages to taxpayers in time for the filing season.

New Federal-State Agreements Executed

The Tax Reform Act of 1976 contained major revisions of the Code that had the effect of nullifying all Federal-State Agreements on Coordination of Tax Administration. To avoid serious interruptions of information exchanges between IRS and state tax administration agencies, it was necessary for new agreements to be prepared and executed within a short period of time.

The development of new agreements was complicated because "umbrella" agreements with governors of the states no longer could be made. Instead, agreements with the heads of individual tax agencies within each state were required, and many states have several agencies that administer taxes. The new law also imposed complex limitations on the disclosure of Federal data, privacy safeguards, and accounting obligations on the states.

The IRS prepared a new standard agreement that incorporated provisions of the new disclosure laws and also contacted each state agency to work out an agreement satisfying the state agency and complying with Federal law.

Statistical Publications

The annual Statistics of Income (SOI) publications provide the public and the government with a variety of data reported on income tax returns, without violating taxpayers' rights to privacy. Nearly all of the data are estimates based on representative samples of returns.

Preliminary SOI publications in 1977 covered individual income tax returns for 1975, and corporation and business income tax returns for 1974. As required by the Tax Reform Act of 1976, the 1975 report for individuals included the first SOI statistics on the tax liability of individuals with high total income, computed using several different income concepts. Detailed statistics for 1974 and 1975 also were provided to the Department of the Treasury for a special publication on high income taxpayers. Publication of statistics on this topic is now required annually by the 1976 Act. Selected data from the SOI reports are shown in the following tables.

Also published in 1977 was an SOI supplemental report on individual income tax returns providing small area data for 1972. The report provides information on the number of tax returns, adjusted gross income, selected sources of income, exemptions, and tax liability for each county and for the 125 largest metropolitan areas.

As part of the international income and tax statistical studies program, data were provided to the Treasury to help evaluate the effectiveness of the Domestic International Sales Corporation (DISC) provisions of the Code as a means of promoting U.S. exports.

Other international tax studies under way include the foreign tax credit claimed by individuals and corporations, the activities of foreign subsidiaries of U.S. corporations, and the exemption of income earned abroad by individuals. As a result of the Tax Reform Act of 1976, work is under way on two new studies for annual reports to Congress.

Receipts and Profits Reported by Businesses, Income Year 19741

| | Number of businesses | | | Total receipts | | | Net income (less deficit) ² | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Industry | Active corpo- rations | Sole propri- etor- ships | Active partner-ships | Active corpo- rations | Sole propri- etor- ships | Active partner- ships | Active corpo- rations | Sole propri- etor- ships | Active partner-ships |
| Total | 31,966 | 10,874 | 1,062 | 3,089,701 | 328,262 | 139,418 | 145,998 | 45,855 | 8,865 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and | 53 | 3,385 | 123 | 25,453 | 66,867 | 13,198 | 421 | 7,469 | 1,184 |
| Mining | 16 | 57 | 14 | 64,804 | 2,991 | 3,765 | 25,904 | 365 | -43 |
| Construction | 186 | 896 | 63 | 137,024 | 32,743 | 11,636 | 1,848 | 4,561 | 856 |
| Manufacturing | 212 | 213 | 31 | 1,297,266 | 9,118 | 7,693 | 72,533 | 1,138 | 574 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 80 | 360 | 14 | 222,075 | 10,251 | 2,152 | 8,684 | 1,341 | 7 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 602 | 2,200 | 196 | 923,365 | 142,295 | 44,060 | 22,574 | 10,027 | 2.836 |
| Finance, insurance, and real | 425 | 739 | 430 | 303,199 | 11,569 | 29,110 | 11,504 | 3,579 | -3,605 |
| Services | 389 | 2,944 | 191 | 115,589 | 51,340 | 27,771 | 2,500 | 17,171 | 7,050 |
| Nature of business not allocable | 3 | 81 | 1 | 926 | 1,088 | 33 | 30 | 205 | 4 |

Note: Income year 1974 covers accounting periods ended July 1974 through June 1975. Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.

1 All figures are estimates based on samples—number of businesses are in thousands—money amounts are in millions of dollars.

2 For sole proprietorships represents net profit reported on schedules C and F of individual income tax returns; to partness presents ordinary income, and for corporations represents, for the most part, it tasable viceme before net operating loss and special deductions.

3 Includes approximately 35,000 consolidated returns with 142,000 subsidiaries.

Individual Income Tax Returns: Number of Returns, Sources of Income, and Itemized Deductions, 1971-19751

| Item _ | | lr | come year | | | | |
|---|---|---------|-----------|---------|-----------------|--|--|
| | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | | |
| A. Number of returns | (Thousands) | | | | | | |
| Total Forms 1040 and 1040A | 74,576 | 77,573 | 80,693 | 83,340 | 82,229 | | |
| Taxable | 59,916 | 60,869 | 64,267 | 67,335 | 61,491 | | |
| Nontaxable | 14,660 | 16,704 | 16,425 | 16,005 | 20,739 | | |
| Returns with itemized deductions, total | 30,686 | 26,980 | 28,047 | 29,564 | 26,074 | | |
| Taxable | 29,285 | 25,709 | 26,868 | 28,340 | 24,522 | | |
| Nontaxable | 1,401 | 1,272 | 1,180 | 1,225 | | | |
| Returns with standard deductions, total ² | 43,891 | 50,592 | 52,645 | 53,776 | 1,552 56,155 | | |
| Taxable | 30,631 | 35,161 | 37,400 | 38,996 | 36,969 | | |
| Nontaxable ² | 13,259 | 15,432 | 15,246 | 14,780 | 19,186 | | |
| B. Sources of income | (Million dollars) | | | | | | |
| Adjusted gross income less deficit, total | 673,619 | 745,975 | 827,148 | 905,523 | 047.705 | | |
| Salaries and wages | 564.967 | 622,599 | 687,179 | 758,629 | 947,785 | | |
| Business, farm, and profession | 34,226 | 38,559 | 45,330 | 44.043 | 795,399 | | |
| Dividends in adjusted gross income | 15,671 | 16.794 | 18,734 | 20,888 | 42,985 | | |
| Interest received | 24.731 | 27,400 | 32,174 | 39.543 | 21,892 | | |
| Partnership | 10.803 | 11,058 | 11,159 | | 43,434 | | |
| Net capital gains | 13,155 | 17,075 | 16,672 | 11,013 | 10,751 | | |
| All other income | 10,066 | 12,490 | | 13,470 | 19,252 | | |
| C. Itemized deductions | 10,066 12,490 45,900 17,937 (Million dollars) | | | | | | |
| emized deductions, total | 91,870 | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | 36,166 | | 119,406 | 122,261 | | |
| Interest paid | labulated | 27,347 | 39,374 | 43,321 | 44,141 | | |
| Contributions | - <u>-</u> - <u>-</u> | 13.208 | 31,942 | 37,369 | 38,885 | | |
| Medical and dental expense | | | 13,896 | 14,851 | 15,393 | | |
| Other deductions | — <u>ĕ</u> — | 10,100 | 10,722 | 11,455 | 11,422 | | |
| Note: Returns classified as taxable are those with incommay not add to totals due to counting | | 9,844 | 11,101 | 12,410 | 12,420 | | |

These studies will provide information concerning cooperation by U.S. entities in international boycotts and the effect of the new system of taxing U.S. corporations operating in Puerto Rico and American possessions.

Plans were completed in 1977 for statistical studies of the impact of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 on pension plans. As part of the single agency filing requirement negotiated with the Department of Labor (DOL) and to meet DOL requirements, the Service will process a statistical sample of pension plan returns starting with plan year 1977. Meanwhile, the IRS is proceeding with its own statistical study for the 1976 plan year.

Statistics of Income publications may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Returns-Filed Projections

Planning throughout the Service is based on projections of the number of returns to be filed. The planning requirements of the various units of the Service require that workload projections be prepared for the entire United States as well as for service center areas, regions and districts. Specialized projections are made also for. research purposes. The projections are updated each year to incorporate changes in the economic and demographic outlook as well as the effects of tax law changes and filing patterns. Statistical techniques are used to identify the relationships between tax returns filed and economic and demographic changes.

The total number of primary returns and supplemental documents is expected to grow from 128.5 million in 1976 to 162.0 million in 1985. This is an increase of 26.1 percent and reflects the expected growth in population and economic activity.

The table on the next page shows selected types of returns filed in 1976 and projected through to 1985 by calendar year.

Selected Types of Returns Filed in 1976 and Projected for 1977, 1978, 1980, and 1985, by Calendar Year (Thousands)

| | | Esti- mated 1977 | | Percent | | |
|--|----------------|------------------------|---------|---------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Type of return | Actual 1976 | | 1978 | 1980 | 1985 | change 1976- 1985 |
| Total Primary returns and supplementals | 128,209 | 133,385 | 136,633 | 144,842 | 162,031 | 26.4 |
| Total Primary returns | 123,726 | 127,255 | 130,247 | 136,061 | 149.052 | 20.5 |
| Individual, total | 82,691 | 85,778 | 88,325 | 92.913 | 102,774 | 24.3 |
| Form 1040A | 27,787 | 28,988 | 29.931 | 30,430 | 30,430 | 9.5 |
| Form 1040 | 54,761 | 56,654 | 58,256 | 62,340 | 72,188 | 31.8 |
| Form 1040NR, 1040PR, and 1040SS | 115 | 111 | 113 | 117 | 129 | 12.5 |
| Form 1040C | 14 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | -31.0 |
| Form 1042 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 16.9 |
| Individual declaration - | 7,885 | 8,095 | 8.266 | 8.572 | 9.265 | 17.5 |
| Fiduciary | 1,621 | 1,737 | 1,851 | 2.076 | 2,779 | 71.4 |
| Partnership | 1,135 | 1,153 | 1,178 | 1,225 | 1,342 | 18.3 |
| Corporation 1 | 2,173 | 2,257 | 2.324 | 2,448 | 2,786 | 28.2 |
| Estate | 254 | 263 | 178 | 183 | 235 | -7.1 |
| Gift | 322 | 333 | 268 | 315 | 475 | 47.3 |
| Employment ² | 24,841 | 25.087 | 25.267 | 25,670 | 26.557 | 6.9 |
| Exempt organization ³ | 523 | 502 | 517 | 548 | 624 | |
| Employee plans4 | 786 | 565 | 581 | 1 606 | 685 | 19.3 |
| Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms returns ⁵ | . 590 | 576 | 577 ; | 579 | 583 | -12.9 |
| xcise ⁶ | 905 | 909 | 915 | 926 | | -1.2 |
| Total Supplemental Documents 7 Includes Forms 1120, 1120 Special, 1120F, 11 | 4,483 | 6,130 | 6,386 | 8,781 | 947 12,979 | 189.5 |

Includes Forms 1120, 1120 Special, 1120F, 1120 DISC, 1120-H, 1120 DISC, und 1120S, 1120-H, 1120 DISC, und 1120S, 1120-H, 1120 PCI, und 1120S, 1120-H, 1120-H,

Chapter 9 Internal Management

Maintaining IRS Integrity and Efficiency

The Inspection Service's internal audit and security programs aid IRS managers in maintaining the highest levels of efficiency and integrity.

The Internal Audit Activities

The Internal Audit staff independently appraises the operations of the IRS to ascertain the extent of compliance with established management policies and to determine whether procedures are in accordance with law and regulations. Controls are reviewed in all IRS activities to ensure that both the revenue and taxpayers rights are protected and that operations are carried out efficiently, effectively, and with interrity.

Internal Audit emphasizes the review of operations that have widespread impact on the Service or that are considered high risk. Priority is also given to reviews of controls for safeguarding tax information and assuring fair and equitable treatment of taxpayers.

Improvement and Savings

Internal Audit issued 344 reports to Service managers during the fiscal year. Management actions on the problems reported resulted in better service to taxpayers, strengthened controls, and improved operations. In addition, management actions on Internal Audit findings resulted in measurable savings and additional revenue estimated to total \$88 million

Fraud, Embezzlement or Misconduct

Internal Audit gives priority to the detection of fraud, embezzlement, or other wrongdoing on the part of Service employees or others attempting to corrupt Service employees. During the year, Internal Audit also informed Internal Security of possible breaches of integrity by 179 employees and 28 other individuals, Internal Audit also helped design and implement an improved Servicewide Refund Scheme Detection Program. This program resulted in the detection of schemes claiming fraudulent refunds of approximately \$6.5 million. Most refunds were stopped before they were issued to the claimants.

Internal Audit Initiatives

New procedures to improve the efficiency of management operations were instituted, including:

Coordinated audits of national or regional programs are emphasized to provide managers information on program effectiveness or needed corrective action, as well as conserve audit resources.

Limited reviews of high risk areas are also used to ensure appropriate audit coverage to small offices.

Internal Security Activities

The Internal Security Division protects the integrity of the Service by investigating high risk areas and alerting managers and employees to integrity hazards.

The division conducts background investigations of IRS job applicants to assure that quality personnel are employed, and investigates complaints of criminal misconduct or irregularities affecting IRS employees or operations. Investigations may also include IRS employees or other personnel who unlawfully attempt to bribe, threat, or assault Service personnel.

The division also investigates the unauthorized disclosure of Federal tax return information, disclosure or use of information by preparers of returns, and charges against tax practitioners. In addition, the division conducts special investigations and inquiries for the Commissioner and the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury.

During 1977 Internal Security Inspectors arrested or were responsible for the indictment of 158 individuals, including 91 taxpayers and tax practitioners, and 67 employees or former employees. A total of 119 defendants were convicted during the year including 97 defendants who pleaded guilty. Fifty of these convictions were for bribery, 14 were for assault, and the remainder involved such other criminal charges as conspiracy to defraud the government, obstruction of justice, subscribing to false returns, disclosure of confidential tax information and emplezelment.

Bribery Awareness

During 1977 the division developed a video tape presentation, "Anatomy of a Bribe," realistically portraying the investigation of a bribery case from the initial offer to the subsequent trial of the offender. This video tape and others were distributed Servicewide and used in bribery awareness lectures.

Last year IRS employees continued to thwart those who—through attempted bribery—challenged the integrity of the Service. In 1977, 157 employees reported 180 possible bribery attempts resulting in 48 arrests or indictments. At the end of 1977, 27 persons were awaiting trial on bribery charges.

Assaults and Threats on IRS Employees

The protection and safety of IRS employees subjected to threats and physical assaults while performing their duties was assigned to the Internal Security Division in March 1972. Since then prosecution has been authorized in 208 cases, 107 cases resulted in convictions or guilty pleas, and 20 cases are pending trial. During 1977, 19 persons were convicted, pleaded guilty, were placed in the pre-trial diversion program, were subject of revocation of probation, or were referred for prosecution to local authorities.

Of 528 total cases investigated, most were threat investigations, which make up almost all of the instances in which prosecution is not authorized. In these instances, inspectors, with the approval of the U.S. Attorney, contact the alleged assailant to inform him or her of applicable Federal statutes concerning assaults or threats on government employees. The individual also is advised that repetitive acts could result in serious consequences, including prosecution.

Investigation of Employees

The Internal Security Division completed 13,579 investigations of employees during the year. In addition, police record searches were conducted on 16,386 persons considered for temporary, short-term appointments or for positions created for special economic educational programs. These record searches resulted in the

These record searches resulted in the rejection of 99 job applicants and in disciplinary actions against 946 employees, including separations, suspensions, reprimands, warnings or demotions.

In a new development, an Internal Security investigation conducted in Detroit resulted in Federal indictments of 53 present and former employees for fatsety claiming and collecting welfare payments, specifically Aid to Dependent Children. The individuals were identified by comparing the Service's payroll list with the state welfare rolls.

Investigative Teamwork

In some cases, breaches of integrity by individuals may be investigated jointly by Internal Audit and Internal Security with the assistance of the IRS Intelligence Division.

One joint investigation disclosed weaknesses in supervisory controls that allowed a revenue agent to assign cases to himself so he could give preferential treatment to taxpayers for personal gain. The agent later plead guilty to accepting gratuities from a taxpayer.

In another, Intelligence agents found the names of IRS employees on expense vouchers filed by corporate officials. The matter was referred to Inspection, which found employees received gratuities from the corporation. A former IRS supervisor was found guilty of accepting gifts, and two corporate officials were indicted for paying gratuities to the former employee. In each region, integrity development projects initiated by Internat Audit and Internal Security probed high risk Service operations. For example, tests were made at service centers to determine whether

existing controls and procedures protect the

computerized Integrated Data Retrieval System (IDRS) from fraudulent or unauthorized use by employees. Controls over the receipt and processing of remittances also were tested in cashier functions in district offices. Accountability records were verified to determine that receipts were processed timely and in accordance with procedures, and payments to vendors of goods and services, employee travel vouchers and the uses of travel advances were reviewed.

Violations of tax laws discovered during internal audits and integrity investigations are referred to the Intelligence Division for investigation if no employees are involved. During the year there were 18 such referrals.

and Management Improvement

Cost Reduction During 1977 the IRS continued to give high priority to efforts aimed at improving management and reducing costs. Spearheading these efforts was the Management Objectives Program. This program encouraged every Assistant Commissioner to maintain a high level of cost consciousness and to emphasize productivity savings in all operating areas.

As a result of these efforts, involving participation of IRS managers and employees at every level, the Service realized savings of many millions of dollars. Within the Incentive Awards Program alone, employee participation in cost reduction efforts resulted in the adoption of 795 employee suggestions, with resulting tangible benefits of \$987,000. In addition. 231 awards were granted for special achievements that saved the IRS approximately \$1,552,000.

Space and Property Management

Special emphasis has been placed on efficient utilization of space and property resources to reduce costs. Several internal management reporting systems helped the IRS monitor and control space and property inventories in cooperation with the General Services Administration (GSA). Computerized systems for vehicle reporting have reduced manual reporting staff time. In 1977 more than \$1.5 million was saved by open office planning and multiple occupancy work station concepts.

Automated mail processing equipment installed at one service center in 1977 increased the efficiency of mail operation and reduced staff time so markedly that the equipment will be placed in all 10 IRS service centers by March 1978.

Reports Management Program

During 1977 the Service continued its efforts to eliminate nonessential internal management reporting. As a result of this action, 27 reports were cancelled at savings of approximately \$310,000 a year.

Records Disposal Program

Records disposal resulted in the release of space and equipment valued at over \$2.2 million. In accordance with regular programs, 155,497 cubic feet of records were destroyed and 315,436 cubic feet of records were retired to Federal records centers

Telecommunications

The Service expanded its cost reduction efforts in the area of telecommunications. Approximately \$1.2 million in Federal Telecommunications Systems (FTS) charges were saved in 1977 by reducing local telephone equipment and consolidating data transmission facilities.

Projected conversions of telephone systems from attended to unattended status will result in a decrease of 11 staff years by July 1978.

Administrative Mail Management

Special service center zip codes will be used nationwide as of January 1, 1978, reducing the average time of mail transit from the taxpayer to IRS service centers by one day. It is estimated that interest savings to the government will exceed \$5 million. with funds available to the Treasury a day earlier.

Treasury Safety Award to IRS

The IRS continued to rate as one of the top Federal agencies in safety, earning the Secretary's Safety Award of Excellence for 1976 based on its outstanding record in the Occupational Safety and Health Program

The IRS had a rate of 3.5 disabling employee injuries per million staff hours worked in 1976, and Service personnel drove 126.3 million miles on official business in 1976 with 745 accidents, 129 less than in 1975, and an accident frequency rate of 5.8 per million miles driven, compared with 6.4 in 1975.

Position Management Initiatives

Position management and effective utilization of personnel resources resulted in savings of several million dollars during 1977.

For example, during the year over 1,200 positions in Audit, Collection and Intelligence were filled with paraprofessionals rather than higher graded professional and technical personnel, resulting in savings of over \$6.7 million. The use of paraprofessionals has been explored in other functional areas, such as Inspection, Appellate, and EP/EO.

The IRS average grade has decreased from 7.72 in 1968, to 7.56 in 1977, while the average grade for the Federal government has increased from 7.4 to 8.0 over that same

Labor-Management Activities

In December 1976, the IRS concluded negotiations with the National Treasury Employees Union (NTEU) resulting in a fouryear collective bargaining agreement covering approximately 30,000 employees in 57 of the 58 district offices. In May 1977. negotiations with NTEU involving regional offices were concluded, resulting in a fourvear agreement covering approximately 1,700 employees in six of the seven regions. Overall, the National Office agreement, the multi-center agreement, and the multiregional and multi-district agreements cover over 65,000 IRS employees.

During the year, the Service conducted nationwide training in basic labor relations plus advanced courses in local negotiations. arbitration, and unfair labor practice procedures, to increase the expertise of personnel specialists administering Executive Order 11491, as amended, and the provisions of the collective bargaining agreements.

The Unfair Labor Practice (ULP) caseload has dropped by approximately one-third and the arbitration caseload has risen by approximately one-third during the past year. The sharp drop in ULPs reflects greater expertise by operating managers in applying and implementing Executive Order 11491. as amended. The rise in the arbitration caseload can be attributed to greater employee awareness of the right to file grievances and to appeal, and local management interpretation of the applicable agreement. ..,

Employment of the Handicapped

The number of handicapped Service employees increased slightly from 1,642 in 1976 to 1,667 in 1977. More than 140 visually handicapped employees are working as taxpayer service representatives (TSRs). The IRS nominee for Outstanding Federal Handicapped Employee of the Year was Ms. Arietta Woods, a blind taxpayer service specialist (TSS) from the Los Angeles District, symbolizing the capability and excellence of handicapped employees.



Marty Matthews, a blind Pittsburgh District laxpayer service representative, is shown using the "talking calculator". When Marty punches out complicated tax figures, the machine calculates the answer in seconds and responds through the air phone by electronic voice. Marty has been employed by IRS since 1974, and is guided about by her faithful linsh setter, Glee.

Equal Employment Opportunity

The Service continued to make progress in the employment of women and minorities in 1977. Total employment from July 1976 to July 1977 increased by 2.99 percent, while the number of women increased by 7.52 percent and the number of minorities by 6.19 percent.

The number of women and minorities at higher grade levels and in key occupations, including revenue agent, revenue officer, tax auditor, attorney, and criminal investigator also increased.

Training to instruct Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) counselors in Class Discrimination Complaints was developed during 1977. In addition, course development was begun on a training program in 1978 for Special Emphasis Program coordinators, including the Federal Women's Program, Spanish Speaking Program and Upward Mobility Program.

Assistance to State and Local Governments

IRS assistance to states, local governments, and territories includes participation in IRS training courses, the use of IRS training materials, and on-site technical advisory assistance.

In 1977, 47 tax officials from 13 states, one city government, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands participated in IRS formal training courses, providing over 92 weeks of training assistance. Courses included basic revenue agent training, employee plan determination techniques, exempt organization procedures, and effective TV-Radio communications.

Training materials or classroom assistance also were provided to several jurisdictions to assist in developing their own training courses.

During 1977 the IRS received six requests from states and territories for on-site assistance under the Intergovernmental Personnel Act (IPA). Two formal short-term assignments of IRS personnel were made to Guam to improve its revenue training program, and a survey was made of problems in converting the Virgin Islands' revenue processing system to ADP.

Since the IPA program started in 1970, the Tax Administration Advisory Services Division (TAAS) has made 29 short-term assignments to 10 states, Puerto Rico, Guarn, and the University of Southern California.

Art Advisory Panel

Since 1968 a 12-member panel of art experts, including museum directors, scholars, and art dealers, has helped the Service determine the value of works of art donated to charity or included in taxable gifts.

The Commission's Art Advisory Panel held two meetings during 1977. The panel reviewed 395 works of art with a claimed value of over \$15 million. An in-house art group assisted the panel by responding to field requests for valuations on antique furniture, ceramics, Oriental and African art, gemstones, and historical or political memorabilia. Almost half of the appraisal items received is now reterred to the IRS inhouse art group for valuation recommendations.

In nine years of operations the panel has reviewed works of art appraisals valued at over \$211 million, recommending valuation adjustments of over \$63 million.

Special Agent Training

Late in 1976 the Deputy Commissioner appointed a study group of various IRS managerial personnel to ensure that special agents are properly trained in criminal investigative techniques and that the training is cost effective.

Major recommendations of the study group were adopted and revisions to the special agent training were implemented during 1977. Not only is the training now more effective but the training time has been reduced by three weeks, saving an estimated \$75,000 in per diem costs and 3,000 staff days annually.

Another recommendation of the study group, that Intelligence Division employees receive advanced training for certain specialized duties, was adopted. "Large Case Training" has been déveloped to enable agents to conduct investigations of Coordination Examination Program cases. This program will include studies on case analysis and planning, corporate structure, grand juries, referrals, and information. It will be given to about 200 special agents in 1978. Intelligence computer specialist training, which was initiated this year, proved successful.

Computer Audit Specialist Training

Many corporations and small businesses now use computers to provide tax return information. The growth of computer preparation of business tax information was anticipated by the IRS several years ago, and the need to train a cadre of IRS employees in the techniques of using computer records for audits was recognized. Currently, there are more than 120 revenue agents qualified as computer audit specialists.

With business taxpayers developing more sophisticated computerized records, training for computer audit specialists during 1978 will include such advanced techniques as Common Business Oriented Language (COBOL). "Report Writer," data base management, and distributive processing.

Specialized Tax Reform Act Training

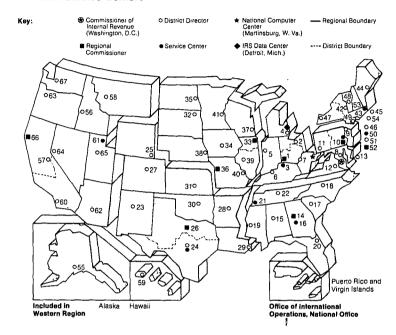
Since the Tax Reform Act of 1976 had a significant impact on the work and responsibilities of every IRS employee, it was important to inform each of applicable provisions in the Act and of its effect on Service operations. Revisions to all course materials were issued promptly after the Act became law to make certain that employees who deal with taxpayers directly were informed of changes in the tax law. Informational notices continue to clarify regulations, rulings and interpretations for employees.



IRS Commissioner Jerome Kurtz (center) receives amiable advice from former Commissioners Donald C. Alexander and Sheldon Cohen (left to right), as Scredlary of the Treasury W. Michael Blumenthal, Mrs. Elame Kurtz, and former Commissioner Johnne Walters listen. The meeting followed Mr. Kurtz's swearing-in ceremony, June 15, 1977.

Chapter 10
Appendix

Map of Regions, Districts, and Service Centers



Region and District Legend:

Central Region

- 1 Cincinnati, Ohio 2 Cleveland, Ohio
- 3 Covington, Ky. (Cincinnati SC) 4 Detroit, Mich.
- 5 Indianapolis, Ind.
- 6 Louisville, Ky. 7 Parkersburg, W. Va.

Mid-Atlantic Region

- 8 Baltimore, Md.
- 9 Newark, N.J. 10 Philadelphia, Pa.
- 11 Pittsburgh, Pa. 12 Richmond, Va.
- 13 Wilmington, Del.

- 23 Albuquerque, N. Mex. 24 Austin, Tex.
- 24 Austin, Tex. 25 Cheyenne, Wyo. 26 Dailas, Tex. 27 Denver, Colo. 28 Little Rock, Ark.

22 Nashville, Tenn.

Southwest Region

- 29 New Orleans, La. 30 Oklahoma City, Okla. 31 Wichita, Kans.
- 14 Atlanta, Ga. 15 Birmingham, Ala 16 Chamblee, Ga.

Southeast Region

- 17 Columbia, S.C. 18 Greensboro, N.C. 19 Jackson, Miss. 20 Jacksonville, Fla. 21 Memphis, Tenn.
 - Midwest Region 32 Aberdeen, S. Dak.
 - 33 Chicago, III. 34 Des Moines, Iowa 35 Fargo, N. Dak.

 - 36 Kansas City, Mo. 37 Milwaukee, Wis. 38 Omaha, Neb. 39 Springfield, III. 40 St. Louis, Mo. 41 St. Paul, Minn.

- 42 Albany, N.Y. 43 Andover, Mass.
- Augusta, Maine
- 45 Boston, Mass. 46 Brooklyn, N.Y. 47 Buffalo, N.Y. 48 Burlington, Vt. 49 Hartford, Conn.

50 Holtsville, N.Y. (Brookhaven SC)

51 Marihattan, N.Y. 52 New York, N.Y. 53 Portsmouth, N.H. 54 Providence, R.I.

North Atlantic Region

- - 66 San Francisco, Calif. 67 Seattle, Wash.

63 Porlland, Ore. 64 Reno, Nev. 65 Salt Lake City, Utah

western Region
55 Anchorage, Alaska
56 Boise, Idaho
57 Fresno, Calif.
58 Hetena, Mont.
59 Honolulu, Hawaii
60 Los Angeles, Calif.
61 Ogden, Utah
62 Phoenix, Ariz.
63 Bottland Ore

Western Region

Commissioners George S. Boutwell of Internal Revenue 1862-1977 and Acting Commissioners during transitory periods.

Massachusetts July 17, 1862/Mar. 4, 1863 Joseph J. Lewis

Pennsylvania Mar. 18, 1863/June 30, 1865

William Orton New York July 1, 1865/Oct. 31, 1865 Edward A. Rollins

New Hampshire Nov. 1, 1865/Mar. 10, 1869 Columbus Delano

Ohio Mar. 11, 1869/Oct. 31, 1870 Alfred Pleasonton

New York Jan. 3, 1871/Aug. 8, 1871

John W. Douglass Pennsylvania

Aug. 9, 1871/May 14, 1875 Daniel D. Pratt

Indiana May 15, 1875/July 31,1876 Green B. Raum

Illinois Aug. 2, 1876/Apr. 30, 1883

Walter Evans Kentucky May 21, 1883/Mar. 19, 1885

Joseph S. Miller West Virginia March 20, 1885/Mar. 20, 1889

John W. Mason West Virginia Mar. 21, 1889/Apr. 18, 1893

Joseph S. Miller West Virginia Apr. 19, 1893/Nov. 26, 1896

W. St. John Forman Illinois Nov. 27, 1896/Dec. 31, 1897

Nathan B. Scott West Virginia Jan. 1, 1898/Feb. 28, 1899 George W. Wilson

Ohio Mar. 1, 1899/Nov. 27, 1900

John W. Yerkes Kentucky

Dec. 20, 1900/Apr. 30, 1907

John G. Capers South Carolina June 5, 1907/Aug. 31, 1909 Royal E. Cabell

Virginia Sept. 1, 1909/Apr. 27, 1913

William H. Osborn North Carolina Apr. 28, 1913/Sept. 25, 1917

Daniel C. Roper South Carolina

Sept. 26, 1917/Mar. 31, 1920 William M. Williams

Alabama Apr. 1, 1920/Apr. 11, 1921

David H. Blair North Carolina

May 27, 1921/May 31, 1929 Robert H. Lucas

Kentucky June 1, 1929/Aug. 15, 1930 **David Burnet**

Ohio Aug. 20, 1930/May 15, 1933

Guy T. Heleverina Kansas

June 6, 1933/Oct. 8, 1943

Robert E. Hannegan Missouri Oct. 9, 1943/Jan. 22, 1944

Joseph D. Nunan, Jr. New York Mar. 1, 1944/June 30, 1947

George J. Schoeneman Rhode Island July 1, 1947/July 31, 1951

John B. Dunlap Texas

Aug. 1, 1951/Nov. 18, 1952 T. Coleman Andrews

Virginia Feb. 4, 1953/Oct. 31, 1955

Russell C. Harrington Rhode Island Dec. 5, 1955/Sept. 30,1958 Dana Latham California

Nov. 5, 1958/Jan. 20, 1961

Mortimer M. Caplin Virginia Feb. 7, 1961/July 10, 1964

Sheldon S. Cohen Maryland Jan. 25, 1965/Jan. 20, 1969

Randolph W. Thrower Georgia Apr. 1, 1969/June 22, 1971

Johnnie M. Walters South Carolina Aug. 6, 1971/Apr. 30, 1973

Donald C. Alexander May 25, 1973/Feb. 26, 1977

Jerome Kurtz Pennsylvania May 5, 1977

Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue Created by Act of Congress, July 1, 1862 In addition, the following were Acting Commissioners during periods of time when there was no Commissioner holding the

Joseph J. Lewis of Pennsylvania from Mar. 5 to Mar. 17, 1863; John W. Douglas of Pennsylvania from Nov. 1, 1870 to Jan. 2, 1871; Henry C. Rogers, of Pennsylvania, from May 1 to May 10, 1883, and from May 1 to June 4, 1907; John J. Knox, of Minnesota from May 11 to May 20, 1883; Robert Williams, Jr., of Ohio, from Nov. 28 to Dec. 19, 1900; Millard F. West, of Kentucky. from Apr. 12 to May 26, 1921; H. F. Mires, of Washington, from Aug. 16 to Aug. 19, 1930; Pressly R. Baldridge, of Iowa, from May 16 to June 5, 1933; Harold N. Graves, of Illinois, from Jan. 23 to Feb. 29, 1944; John S. Graham, of North Carolina, from Nov. 19, 1952, to Jan. 19, 1953; Justin F. Winkle, of New York, from Jan. 20 to Feb. 3, 1953; O. Gordon Delk, of Virginia, from Nov. 1 to Dec. 4, 1955, and from Oct 1 to Nov. 4, 1958; Charles I. Fox, of Utah, from Jan. 21 to Feb. 6, 1961; Bertrand M. Harding, of Texas, from July 11, 1964 to Jan. 24, 1965; William H. Smith of Virginia, from Jan. 21 to Mar. 31, 1969; Harold T. Swartz of Indiana, from June 23 to Aug. 5, 1971; and Raymond F. Harless of California from May 1 to May 25, 1973; William E. Williams of Illinois from Feb. 27 to May 4, 1977.

Internal Revenue Commissioners who served in

George S. Boutwell Secretary of the Treasury 1869–1873

Daniel C. Roper Secretary of Commerce 1933–1939

Robert E. Hannegan Postmaster General 1945–1947 Columbus Delano

Principal Officers of the Internal Revenue Service as of September 30. 1977

National Office

Office of the Commissioner Jerome Kurtz

Deputy Commissioner William E. Williams

Assistant to the Commissioner Marvin Katz Thomas V. Glynn

Assistant to the Commissioner (Public Affairs) A. James Golato

Assistant to the Deputy Commissioner Alvin H. Kolak

Accounts, Collection and Taxpaver Service

Assistant Commissioner

James I. Owens

Deputy Assistant Commissioner

Donald J. Porter

Division Directors: Collection

Kenneth E. Luke Program Planning and Review

Suellen P. Hamby Returns Processing & Accounting

Russell E. Dvke Taxpayer Service Stanley Goldberg

Administration

Assistant Commissioner Joseph T. Davis

Deputy Assistant Commissioner Alan A. Beck

Division Directors:

Facilities Management Leo C. Inglesby Fiscal Management Joseph F. Kump Personnel Billy J. Brown Tax Administration Advisory Services Gordon C. Hill, Jr. Training

Orion L. Birdsall

Equal Employment Opportunity Officer Barbara Thompson

Compliance

Assistant Commissioner

S. B. Wolfe

Deputy Assistant Commissioner

Donald E. Bergherm

Division Directors:

Appellate Roydell S. Rosfeld Audit

John L. Wedick, Jr. Disclosure Operations Howard T. Martin Intelligence Thomas J. Clancy

Office of International Operations

Joseph G. McGowan

Data Services

Assistant Commissioner

Patrick J. Ruttle

Division Directors:

Data Center, Detroit, MI James E. Daly, Jr.

National Computer Center, Martinsburg, WV

William E. Palmer Service & Design Daniel N. Capozzoli Systems Analysis Donald E. Curtis Systems Programming Carolyn Buttolph

Employee Plans/Exempt Organizations

Assistant Commissioner

Alvin D. Lurie

Deputy Assistant Commissioner

Teddy R. Kern

Division Directors:

Actuarial Ira Cohen Employee Plans Fred J. Ochs **Exempt Organizations** Joseph A. Tedesco

Inspection

Assistant Commissioner

Warren A. Bates

Deputy Assistant Commissioner

Robert L. Rebein

Division Directors:

Internal Audit Rudolph Arena Internal Security

William E. Mulrov

Planning and Research

Assistant Commissioner

Anita F. Alpem

Deputy Assistant Commissioner

Walter E. Bergman

Division Directors:

Internal Mangement Documents Jack G. Petrie

Legislative Analysis

Rondal C. Blankenship

Research and Operations Analysis

Walter E. Bergman

Statistics Vito Natrella

Technical

Assistant Commissioner John L. Withers

Deputy Assistant Commissioner

S. A. Winborne

Division Directors:

Corporation Tax

John W. Holt

Individual Tax

Aaron Feibel Tax Forms and Publications

Roy J. Linger

Office of Chief Counsel

Chief Counsel

Stuart E. Seigel

Associate Chief Counsel (General)

Leon G. Wigrizer

Associate Chief Counsel (Litigation)

Dennis J. Fox

Associate Chief Counsel (Technical)

Lester Stein

Technical Advisors to Chief Counsel

David E. Dickinson Daniel F. Folzenlogen

Staff Assistant to Chief Counsel James T. Fuller, III

Division Directors:

Administrative Services

Joseph H. Hairston

Criminal Tax

David E. Gaston

Disclosure

James J. Keightlev

General Legal Services

George J. Shaw, Jr.

General Litigation

Harold T. Flanagan

Interpretative

Jerome D. Sebastian

Legislation and Regulations

Robert A. Blev

Refund Litigation

John H. Menzel

Tax Court Litigation

David R. Brennan

Regional and District Officers

Central Region

All Regional Officers at 550 Main Street, Cincinnati, Ohio 45202, unless a different address is indicated

Regional Commissioner

Leon C. Green

Assistant Regional Commissioners:

Accounts, Collection & Taxpayer Service

L. Stanley Baker

Administration

Anthony W. D'Amato

Appellate

Claude C. Rogers, Jr.

Audit

Jack P. Chivatero Employee Plans/Exempt Organizations

Edwin A. Kelleher

Intelligence Harold B. Holt District Directors:

Cincinnati, Ohio 45201 Dwight L. James, Jr. Cleveland, Ohio 44199 Robert J. Dath Detroit, Michigan 48226 Roger I. Plate Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

James W. Caldwell Louisville, KY 40202 Paul F. Niederecker Parkersburg, WV 26101

T. Blair Evans

Director, Cincinnati Service Center, Covington, KY 41011

John Ö. Hummel

Regional Counsel David E. Mills

Regional Inspector John E. McManus

Mid-Atlantic Region

All Regional Officers at 2 Penn Center Plaza, Philadelphia, PA 19102, unless a different address is indicated

Regional Commissioner William D. Waters

Assistant Regional Commissioners:

Accounts, Collection & Taxpayer Service Leroy C. Gay Administration Americo P. Attorri Annellate Reuben H. Saideman

Audit Paul H. Thornton

Employee Plans/Exempt Organizations

James J. Casimir Intelligence Robert L. Browne

District Directors:

Baltimore, MD 21201 Gerald G. Portney Newark, NJ 07102 Cornelius J. Coleman Philadelphia, PA 19108 James T. Rideoutte Pittsburgh, PA 15222 Thomas L. Davis Richmond, VA 23240 James P. Boyle Wilmington, DE 19801

James E. Quinn

Director, Philadelphia Service Center,

Philadelphia, PA 19155 Norman E. Morrill

Regional Counsel

Robert L. Liken

Regional Inspector Benjamin J. Redmond

Midwest Region

All Regional Officers at One N. Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60606, unless a different address is indicated

Regional Commissioner

Edwin P. Trainor

Assistant Regional Commissioners:

Accounts, Collection & Taxpaver Service

Thomas J. Lavcock Administration David S. Burckman Appellate Bernard L. Hardiek Audit Leon Moore

Employee Plans/Exempt Organizations John Edwards

Intelligence Robert J. Bush

District Directors: Aberdeen, SD 57401 John B. Langer Chicago, IL 60604 Charles F. Miriani Des Moines, IA 50309 Michael J. Murphy Fargo, ND 58102 Mitchell E. Premis, Jr. Milwaukee, WI 53202 Lawrence M. Phillips Omaha, NB 68102 Evevett Loury

Springfield, IL 62704 Ira S. Loeb St. Louis, MO 63101 Richard C. Voskuil St. Paul, MN 55101 C. Dudley Switzer

Director, Kansas City Service Center,

Kansas City, MO 64170 Roy D. Clark **Regional Counsel**

Frank C. Conley 219 S. Dearborn St., Chicago, IL 60604

Regional Inspector John T. Kelly

North-Atlantic Region

All Regional Officers at 90 Church Street, New York, NY 10007, unless a different address is indicated

Regional Commissioner

Philip E. Coates

Assistant Regional Commissioners:

Accounts, Collection & Taxpayer Service Marshall P. Cappelli Administration Harry J. Bodkin Appellate Richard E. Fogwell Joseph Slipowitz Employee Plans/Exempt Organizations Toomer F. Carr

Intelligence Raymond C. Turner

District Directors:

Albany, NY 12207 Raymond A. Spillman

Augusta, ME 04330 John J. Jennings

Boston, MA 02203 Herbert B. Mosher

Brooklyn, NY 11201 George S. Alberts

Buffalo, NY 14202

William H. Tompkins Burlington, VT 05401

Peter L. Dillon

Hartford, CT 06115 Pete J. Medina

Manhattan, NY 10008

Charles H. Brennan Portsmouth, NH 03801

Frank T. Murphy Providence, RI 02903

John J. O'Brien

Director, Andover, Service Center, Andover, MA 01812

M. Eddie Heironimus

Director, Brookhaven Service Center, Holtsville, NY 11799

Henry P. Seufert

Regional Counsel Theodore E. Davis 26 Federal Plaza,

New York, NY 10007

Regional Inspector John T. Gallagher

Southeast Region

All Regional Officers at 275 Peachtree Street, N.E., Atlanta, GA 30303, unless a different address is indicated

Regional Commissioner Harold A. McGuffin

Assistant Regional Commissioners:

Accounts, Collection & Taxpayer Service William E. Douglas Administration A. Dwight Hawksworth Appellate **Tully Miller** Audit Philip J. Sullivan Employee Plans/Exempt Organizations Billy M. Hargett Intelligence Anthony V. Langone

District Directors:

Atlanta, GA 30303 John W. Henderson Birmingham, AL 35203 Dwight T. Baptist Columbia, SC 29201 Harold Bindseil Greensboro, NC 27401 Robert A. LeBaube Jackson, MS 39202 William Daniel Jacksonville, FL 32202 Charles O. DeWitt Nashville, TN 37203 James A. O'Hara

Director, Atlanta Service Center, Chamblee, GA 30006 William B. Hartlage

Director, Memphis Service Center, Memphis, TN 38110 Claude A. Kyle

Regional Counsel Jack D. Yarbrough

Regional Inspector Dale W. Gardner

Southwest Region

All Regional Officers at 7839 Churchill Way, Dallas, Texas 75251, unless a different address is indicated

Regional Commissioner Walter T. Coppinger

Assistant Regional Commissioners:

Accounts, Collection & Taxpayer Service Joseph E. Bishop Administration Raymond Astumian Appellate Douglas M. Moore Audit Howard C. Longley Employee Plans/Exempt Organizations Percy P. Woodard, Jr.

John M. Rankin, Jr.

Intelligence

District Directors: Albuquerque, NM 87101 Arturo A. Jacobs Austin, TX 78701 Robert M. McKeever Chevenne, WY 82001 Bobby G. Hughes Dallas, TX 75202 Alden W. McCanless Denver, CO 80265 Gerald L. Mihlbachler Little Rock, AR 72201 Paul D. Williams New Orleans, LA 70230 Robert M. Cutts Oklahoma City, OK 73102 Charles A. Parks Wichita, KS 67202 Maurice E. Johnson

Director, Austin Service Center,

Austin, TX 78740 Leonard E. Semrick Regional Counsel

William B. Rilev 1100 Commerce St., Dallas, TX 75242

Regional Inspector Paul F. Kearns

Western Region

All Regional Officers at 525 Market Street, San Francisco, CA 94105 unless a different address is indicated

Regional Commissioner Thomas A. Cardoza

Assistant Regional Commissioners:

Accounts, Collection & Taxpayer Service John D. Johnson Administration Kenneth G. Rivett Appellate James C. Stigamire Audit Johnnie Robertson Employee Plans/Exempt Organizations Ralph F. Albrecht Intelligence Richard C. Wassenaar

District Directors:

Anchorage, AK Charles E. Roddy Boise, ID 83724 Philip N. Sansotta Helena, MT 59601 Frederick C. Nielsen Honolulu, HI 96850 William M. Wolf Los Angeles, CA 90012 William H. Connett Phoenix, AZ 85025 Prescott A. Berry Portland, OR 97204 Ralph B. Short Reno, NV 89509 Gerald F. Swanson Salt Lake City, UT 84111 Roland V. Wise San Francisco, CA 94102 Francis L. Browitt Seattle, WA 98174 Michael D. Sassi

Director, Fresno Service Center, Fresno, CA 93888

Fredric F. Perdue

Director, Ogden Service Center,

Ogden, UT 84402 Robert H. Terry

Regional Counsel Emory L. Langdon

Two Émbarcadero Center, San Francisco, CA 94111

Regional Inspector Billy G. Morrison

Audit Charts and Tables

Table 1.--Audit Staff Years Realized, FY 1977

| Years | | | | |
|----------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Planned ¹ | Actual ² | Percer | | |
| 13,780 | 13,733 | 99. | | |
| 2,740 | 2,733 | 99. | | |
| 1,753 | 1,747 | 99. | | |
| 1,587 | 1,567 | 98. | | |
| 1,477 | 1,478 | 100. | | |
| 2,067 | 2,057 | 99. | | |
| 1,830 | 1,831 | 100. | | |
| 2,225 | 2,221 | 99. | | |
| 101 | 99 | 98.0 | | |
| | | | | |
| 4,647 | 4,613 | 99.3 | | |
| 688 | 688 | 100.0 | | |
| 516 | 519 | 100.6 | | |
| 597 | 586 | 98.2 | | |
| 451 | 448 | 99.3 | | |
| . 574 | 560 | 97.6 | | |
| 576 | 576 | 100.0 | | |
| 1,178 | 1,169 | 99.2 | | |
| 67 | 67 | 100.0 | | |
| | | | | |
| 6,820 | 6,739 | 98.8 | | |
| 1,248 | 1,238 | 99.2 | | |
| 802 | 793 | 98.9 | | |
| 833 | 803 | 96.4 | | |
| 722 | 716 | 99.2 | | |
| 987 | 970 | 98.3 | | |
| 855 | 855 | 100.0 | | |
| 1,230 | 1,227 | 99.8 | | |
| 143 | 137 | 95.8 | | |
| | 13,780 2,740 1,753 1,587 1,477 2,067 1,830 2,225 101 4,647 688 516 597 451 574 576 1,178 67 6,820 1,248 802 833 722 987 855 1,230 | Planned¹ Actual² 13,780 13,733 2,740 2,733 1,753 1,747 1,587 1,567 1,477 1,478 2,067 2,057 1,830 1,831 2,225 2,221 101 99 4,647 4,613 688 688 516 519 597 586 451 448 574 560 576 576 1,178 1,169 67 67 6,820 6,739 1,248 1,238 802 793 833 803 722 716 987 970 855 855 1,230 1,227 | | |

Table 2.—Returns Filed, Examinations and Audit Coverage

| | Returns Filed | Returns Examined in FY 1977 | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|
| | CY 1976 | Revenue Agents | Tax Auditors | Total C | Percent overage |
| Individual, Total | 82,537,199 | 288,810 | 1,453,246 | 1,742,056 | 2.11 |
| Form 1040—Standard | 28,459,841 | 6,869 | 186,697 | 193,566 | .68 |
| NB under \$10,000—Itemized | 12,236,251 | 21,056 | 400.656 | 421,712 | 3.45 |
| Total | 40,696,092 | 27,925 | 587,353 | 615,278 | 1 51 |
| NB \$10,000 Under \$50,000 | 31,166.880 | 65,093 | 683,029 | 748,122 | 2.40 |
| NB \$50,000 and over | 642.020 | 47,034 | 25,807 | 72,841 | 11.35 |
| B Under \$10,000 | 4,467,807 | 43,451 | 95,805 | 139,256 | 3.12 |
| B \$10,000 under \$30,000 | 4,588,019 | 48.290 | 46,454 | 94,744 | 2.07 |
| B \$30,000 and over | 976.381 | 57.017 | 14,798 | 71,815 | 7.36 |
| Fiduciary | 1,621,163 | 10,740 | 141 | 10,881 | .67 |
| Corporation, Total | 1,769,334 | 167,450 | 239 | 167,689 | 9.48 |
| Assets not reported | 119,387 | 6,781 | 69 | 6,850 | 5.74 |
| Under \$100,000 · | 909.855 | 33,735 | . 106 | 33,841 | 3.72 |
| \$100,000 under \$1 Mil | 606,138 | 71,745 | 48 | 71,793 | 11.84 |
| \$1 Mil Under \$10 Mil | 109,180 | 42,089 | 12 | 42,101 | 38.56 |
| \$10 Mil Under \$100 Mil | 20,979 | 10,244 | 3 | 10,247 | 48.84 |
| \$100 Mil and over | 3,795 | 2,856 | 1 | 2,857 | 75.28 |
| Estate, Total | 253,505 | 35,267 | 7,053 | 42,320 | 16.69 |
| Gross Estate Under \$300,000 | 220,547 | 18,133 | 6,364 | 24,497 | 11,13 |
| Gross Estate \$300,000 and over | 32,958 | 17,134 | 689 | 17,823 | 54.08 |
| Gift | 322,115 | 9,300 | 2,184 | 11,484 | 3.57 |
| Income, Estate and Gift, Total | 86,503,316 | 511,567 | 1,462,863 | 1,974,430 | 2.281 |
| Service Center Examination—Inc. Est. & Gift | _ | _ | 7 - | 150,730 | 171 |
| Income, Estate and Gift, Grand Total | _ | 511,567 | 1,462,863 | 2,125,160 | 2.461 |
| Excise | 905,162 | 71,026 | 13,905 | 84,931 | 9.38 |
| Employment | 24,840,718 | 94,599 | 40,420 | 135,019 | .54 |
| Service Center Disposals: | | | | | |
| Total | _ | _ | _ | 913,460 | |
| Examinations | | | _ | 150,730 | |
| Corrections | | | | 762,730 | |
| Form 1065 (MEMO) | 1,134,770 | 13,604 | 448 | 14,052 | 1.24 |
| Form 1120S (MEMO) | 398,793 | 8,896 | 40 | 8,936 | 2.24 |
| Form 1120 Disc (MEMO) | 3,613 | 1,111 | | 1,111 | 30.75 |

Does not add due to rounding.

Operating Financial Plan
 Report of Average Positions Realized and Cost Incurred.
 (Includes Regional Analysts).
 Other includes ARC Audit, Executive Assistant, Chief of Audit and Clerks
 Note. Office reters to Office of International Operations.

Table 3.--Accomplishments vs Plan, FY 1977 Revenue Agents

| | Desy | s ¹ | Returns | | | cent Plan |
|-----------------------------|-------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|--------------|
| Tax Class | Plan | Actual | Plan | Actual | Desys | Returns |
| Individual Total | 2,681 | 2,646 | 295,600 | 288,810 | 99 | 98 |
| Form 1040—Standard | _ | 36 | _ | 6,869 | | |
| NB under \$10,000—Itemized | 150 | 135 | 21,543 | 21,056 | 90 | 98 |
| NB \$10,000 under \$50,000 | 387 | 403 | 61,194 | 65,093 | 104 | 106 |
| NB \$50,000 and over | 405 | 412 | 45,281 | 47,034 | 102 | 104 |
| B under \$10,000 | 459 | 450 | 44,306 | 43,451 | 98 | 98 |
| B \$10,000 under \$30,000 | 557 | 527 | 56,827 | 48,290 | 95 | 85 |
| B \$30,000 and over | 724 | 683 | 66,449 | 57,017 | 94 | 86 |
| Fiduciary | 79 | 72 | 13,488 | 10,740 | 91 | 80 |
| Corporation Total | 3,613 | 3,663 | 165,289 | 167,450 | 101 | 101 |
| No Balance Sheet | 67 | 39 | 4,785 | 6,781 | 58 | 142 |
| Under \$100,000 | 377 | 345 | 38,629 | 33,735 | 92 | 87 |
| \$100,000 Under \$1 Mil | 795 | 809 | 70,603 | 71,745 | 102 | 102 |
| \$1 Mil under \$10 Mil | 792 | 806 | 39,139 | 42,089 | 102 | 108 |
| \$10 Mil under \$100 Mil | 476 | 575 | 9,119 | 10,244 | 121 | 112 |
| \$100 Mit and over | 1,106 | 1,089 | 3,014 | 2,856 | 98 | 95 |
| Estate | 511 | 518 | 33,412 | 35,267 | 101 | 106 |
| Gift | 41 | 46 | 7,620 | 9,300 | 113 | 122 |
| Income, Estate & Gift Total | 6,925 | 6,945 | 515,409 | 511,567 | 100 | 99 |
| Excise | 171 | 170 | 67,947 | 71,026 | 100 | 105 |
| Employment | 262 | 250 | 94,594 | 94,599 | 95 | 100 |
| Special Enforcement Program | 289 | 175 | | _ | 61 | |

^{*}Direct examination staff-years.

Table 4.—Accomplishments vs Plan, FY 1977 Tax Auditors

| | De | esys¹ | Returns | | | cent Plan |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------|-----------|-----------|-------|--------------|
| Tax Class | Plan | Actual | Plan | Actual | Desys | Returns |
| Individual total | 2,404 | 2,441 | 1,431,485 | 1,453,246 | 102 | 102 |
| Form 1040—Standard | 160 | 177 | 179,699 | 186,697 | 111 | 104 |
| NB under \$10,000—Itemized | 516 | 470 | 413,730 | 400,656 | 91 | 97 |
| NB \$10,000 under \$50,000 | 978 | 1,067 | 639,990 | 683,029 | 109 | 107 |
| NB \$50,000 and over | 56 | 60 | 27,555 | -25,807 | 108 | 94 |
| B under \$10,000 | 472 | 434 | 106,507 | 95,805 | 92 | 90 |
| B \$10,000 under \$30,000 | 164 | 174 | 47,952 | 46,454 | 106 | 97 |
| B \$30,000 and over | 57 | 58 | 16,052 | 14,798 | 102 | 92 |
| Estate | 35 | 31 | 7,352 | 7,053 | 88 | 96 |
| Gift | 9 | 7 | 2,615 | 2,184 | 78 | 84 |
| Other | | 2 | _ | 380 | | |
| Income, estate, gift, total | 2,448 | 2,481 | 1,441,452 | 1,462,863 | 101 | 101 |
| Excise | 18 | 19 | 10,057 | 13,905 | 106 | 138 |
| Employment | 52 | 46 | 44,256 | 40,420 | 88 | 91 |

¹ Direct examination staff-years.

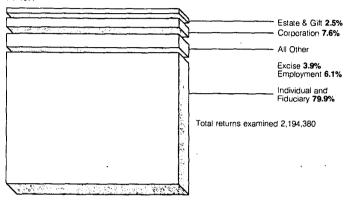
Table 5.—Audit Attrition—Revenue Agents and Tax Auditors, FYs 1976-1977

| Region | FY 1977 | FY 197 | |
|----------------|---------|--------|--|
| Revenue Agents | | | |
| United States | 1,134 | 956 | |
| North Atlantic | 174 | 140 | |
| Mid-Atlantic | 125 | 119 | |
| Southeast | 147 | 134 | |
| Central | 122 | 120 | |
| Midwest | 180 | 155 | |
| Southwest | 182 | 144 | |
| Western | 197 | 137 | |
| 010 | 7 | 7 | |
| Tax Auditors | | | |
| United States | 540 | 487 | |
| North Atlantic | 57 | 51 | |
| Mid-Atlantic | 50 | 64 | |
| Southeast | 60 | 73 | |
| Central | 44 | 43 | |
| Midwest | 75 . | 61 | |
| Southwest | 72 | 55 | |
| Western | 175 | 136 | |
| 010 | 7 | 4 | |

Table 6.—Revenue Agents and Tax Auditors (District Audit Divisions)

Percent of Returns Examined By Type of Tax

FY 1977



Percent of Time Spent on Examinations By Type of Tax

FY 1977

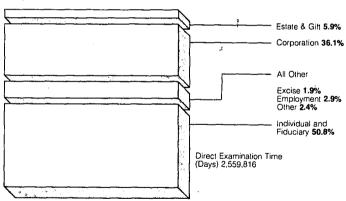


Table 6.—Revenue Agents and Tax Auditors—Continued

Percent of Dollar Recommendations (Millions) By Type of Tax

FY 1977

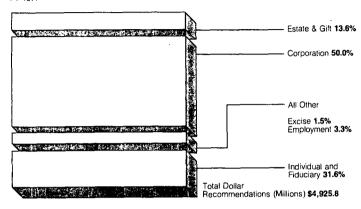


Table 7.—Large Deficiencies Recommended (\$100,000 & Over) Returns and Dollars, FYs 1976-1977

| Region | FY 1977 | FY 1976 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Returns | | |
| United States | 1 5,788 | 1 5,118 |
| North Atlantic | 1,065 | 1,120 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 719 | 642 |
| Southeast | 798 | 757 |
| Central | 654 | 583 |
| Midwest | 896 | 786 |
| Southwest | 651 | 716 |
| Western | 917 | 656 |
| 010 | 88 | 73 |
| Dollar Recommendations (Millions) | | |
| United States | \$2,889.1 | \$2,894.3 |
| North Atlantic | 612.4 | 801.9 |
| Mid-Atlantic · | 412.1 | 367.0 |
| Southeast | 340.9 | 298.7 |
| Central | 257.4 | 299.0 |
| Midwest | 480.2 | 398.8 |
| Southwest | 305.6 | 349.2 |
| Western | 454.6 | 349.0 |
| 010 | 25.9 | 31.0 |
| | | |

¹Region totals do not add to U.S. Total because of special reporting procedures for large cases.

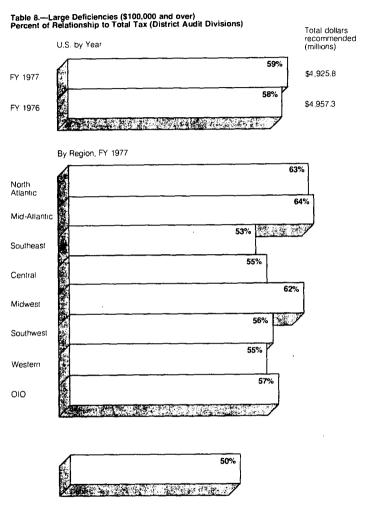


Table 9.—Individual Returns—Accomplishments in Relation to Plan FY 1977 Revenue Agents

| Region | Planned | Actual | Percent |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Direct Examination Time (Days) | | | |
| United States | 675,624 | 666,762 | 99 |
| North Atlantic | 110,481 | 100,588 | 91 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 75,439 | 74,698 | 99 |
| Southeast | 83,845 | 86,248 | 103 |
| Central | 76,808 | 68,198 | 89 |
| Midwest | 93,558 | 97,954 | 105 |
| Southwest | 93,973 | 101,322 | 108 |
| Western | 137,997 | 132,956 | 96 |
| 010 | 3,523 | 4,802 | 136 |
| Returns Examined | | | |
| United States | 295,600 | 288,810 | 98 |
| North Atlantic - | 43,445 | 44,098 | 102 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 33,465 | 32,645 | 98 |
| Southeast | 35,333 | 39,606 | 112 |
| Central | 33,061 | 30,026 | 91 |
| Midwest | 39,799 | 42,513 | 107 |
| Southwest | 40,061 | 38,524 | 96 |
| Western • | 69,248 | 59,716 | 86 |
| 010 | 1,188 | 1,682 | 142 |

Table 10.—Revenue Agents Accomplishments-Individual Returns (District Audit Divisions)

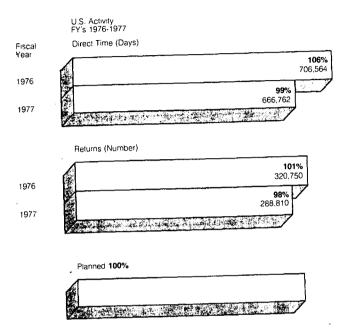


Table 11.—Accomplishments in Relation to Plan-Fiduciary Returns—FY 1977 Revenue Agents

| Region | Planned | Actual | Percent |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---------------|
| Direct Examination Time (Days) | | | - |
| United States | 19,862 | 18,255 | 92 |
| North Atlantic | 3,354 | 4,024 | 120 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 3,315 | 2,483 | 75 |
| Southeast | 2,602 | 2,131 | 82 |
| Central | 2,075 | 2,193 | 106 |
| Midwest | 3,518 | 3,326 | 95 |
| Southwest | 1,973 | 1,464 | 74 |
| Western | 3,007 | 2,618 | 87 |
| 010 | 18 | 17 | 94 |
| Returns Examined | | | |
| United States | 13,488 | 10,740 | 80 |
| North Atlantic . | 2,441 | 1,955 | 80 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 2,249 | 1,608 | 71 |
| Southeast | 1,414 | 1,421 | 100 |
| Central | 1,497 | 1,156 | 77 |
| Midwest | 2,448 | 1,986 | 81 |
| Southwest | 1,277 | 1,001 | 78 |
| Western . | 2,157 | 1,609 | . 75 |
| 010 | 5 | 4 | 80 |

ŧ

Table 12.—Examination Time, Returns and Dollars—Individual FYs 1976-1977 Revenue Agents

| Region | FY 1977 | FY 1976 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Direct Examination Time Days | | |
| Inited States | 666,762 | 706,564 |
| North Atlantic | 100,588 | 106,393 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 74,698 | 77,292 |
| | 86,248 | 93,367 |
| Southeast | 68,198 | 85,210 |
| Central | 97,954 | 88,586 |
| Midwest | 101,322 | 98,549 |
| Southwest | 132,956 | 152,795 |
| Western | 4,802 | 4,380 |
| 010 | | |
| Returns Examined | 288,810 | 320,750 |
| United States | 44,098 | 50,124 |
| North Atlantic | 32,645 | 36,046 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 39,606 | 45,640 |
| Southeast | 30,026 | 37,557 |
| Central | 42,513 | 37,406 |
| Midwest | 38,524 | 38,216 |
| Southwest | 59,716 | 74,017 |
| Western | 1,682 | 1,744 |
| 010 | | |
| Dollar Recommendations (Millions) | \$1,066.3 | \$953. |
| United States | 179.6 | 189. |
| North Atlantic | 148.5 | 116. |
| Mid-Atlantic | 142.5 | 160. |
| Southeast | 117.7 | 91. |
| Central | 141.9 | 106. |
| Midwest | 138.0 | 114. |
| Southwest | 187.5 | 160. |
| Western | 10.6 | 15. |
| 010 | 10.0 | |

Table 13.—Revenue Agents (Staff Hours Per Return) (Individual returns by class and region FYs 1976-1977)

| | Fiscal Ye | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|------|
| | 1977 | 1976 |
| Class | | |
| Total | 18.6 | 17.5 |
| Form 1040 Standard | 15.9 | 11.6 |
| Nonbusiness, under \$10,000—Itemized | 19.2 | 17. |
| Nonbusiness, \$10,000 under \$50,000 | 13.3 | 12.6 |
| Nonbusiness, \$50,000 and over | 15.2 | 15.6 |
| Business, under \$10,000 | 22.2 | 20.9 |
| Business, \$10,000 under \$30,000 | 21.0 | 19.6 |
| Business, \$30,000 and over | 22.8 | 21.8 |
| Region | | |
| United States | 18.6 | 17.6 |
| North Atlantic | 19.5 | 19.4 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 18.0 | 17.5 |
| Southeast | 18.0 | 16.9 |
| Central | 19.3 | 16.5 |
| Midwest | 18.0 | 19.8 |
| Southwest | 20.1 | 20.5 |
| Western | 17.8 | 14.6 |
| 010 | 18.2 | 22.4 |

Table 14.—Revenue Agents (Dollar Recommendations Per Return) Individual Returns by Class and Region FYs 1976-1977

| | Fiscal | Year |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | 1977 | 1976 |
| Class | | |
| Total | \$3,692 | \$2,972 |
| Form 1040 Standard | 3,398 | 1,251 |
| Nonbusiness, under \$10,000—Itemized | 4,510 | 2,619 |
| Nonbusiness, \$10,000 under \$50,000 | 2,454 | 1,844 |
| Nonbusiness, \$50,000 and over | 6.085 | 5,037 |
| Business, under \$10,000 | 2,191 | 1,810 |
| Business, \$10,000 under \$30,000 | 1,759 | 1,790 |
| Business, \$30,000 and over | 5,647 | 5,025 |
| Region | | |
| United States | \$3,692 | \$2,972 |
| North Atlantic | 4,074 | 3,778 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 4,548 | 3,228 |
| Southeast | 3,598 | 3,512 |
| Central | 3,920 | 2,435 |
| Midwest | 3,338 | 2,842 |
| Southwest | 3,583 | 2,996 |
| Western | 3,139 | 2,162 |
| OIO | 6,308 | 8,585 |

Table 15.—No Change Percent—Individual Return and Time—by Class and Region—FYs 1976-1977 Revenue Agents

| Percent No Change | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|---|
| Re | lurns | Tir | me |
| FY 1977 | FY 1976 | FY 1977 | FY 1976 |
| | | | |
| 13 | 14 | 10 | 11 |
| 14 | 17 | | 11 |
| 13 | 15 | | 11 |
| 10 | | | 10 |
| 11 | | | 10 |
| 16 | | | 12 |
| 15 | | | 11 |
| 15 | | | 12 |
| | | | |
| 13 | 14 | 10 | 11 |
| 10 | 11 | | 9 |
| 16 | 17 | | 15 |
| 13 | | | 10 |
| 14 | | | 13 |
| 14 | | | 10 |
| 13 | | | 10 |
| 12 | | | 11 |
| 13 | 20 | 11 | 15 |
| | 13 14 13 10 11 16 15 15 13 10 16 13 14 14 14 13 12 | 1977 1976 13 14 14 17 13 15 10 12 11 12 16 16 15 14 15 16 13 14 10 11 16 17 13 15 14 16 14 16 14 13 13 14 12 14 | FY 1977 FY 1976 FY 1977 13 14 10 14 17 10 13 15 11 10 12 9 11 12 9 16 16 12 15 14 11 15 16 11 13 14 10 10 11 10 16 17 13 13 15 10 14 16 11 14 16 11 13 14 10 12 14 10 |

Table 16.—Accomplishments in Relation to Plan—Individual Returns—FY 1977 Tax Auditors

| Region | Planned | Actual | Percent |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Direct Examination Time (Days) | | | |
| United States | 605,792 | 615,148 | 102 |
| North Atlantic | 87,714 | 91,958 | 105 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 66,829 | 69,106 | 103 |
| Southeast | 83,977 | 88,716 | 106 |
| Central | . 56,166 | 59,715 | 106 |
| Midwest | 72,507 | 76,521 | 106 |
| Southwest | 76,215 | 74,477 | 98 |
| Western | 154,353 | 146,191 | 95 |
| 010 | 8,031 | 8,470 | 106 |
| Returns Examined | | | |
| United States | 1,431,485 | 1,453,246 | 102 |
| North Atlantic | 220,626 | 235,521 | 107 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 162,408 | 170,206 | 105 |
| Southeast | 197,160 | 201,853 | - 102 |
| Central | 129,232 | 134,503 | 104 |
| Midwest | 162,383 | 177,895 | 110 |
| Southwest | 163,461 | 150,137 | 92 |
| Western - | 378,274 | 363,629 | 96 |
| 010 | 17,941 | 19,502 | 109 |

Table 17.—Tax Auditors Accomplishments-Individual Returns (District Audit Divisions)

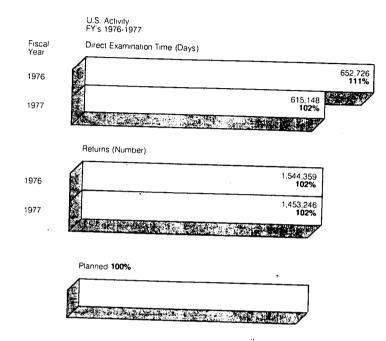


Table 18.—Examination Time, Returns and Dollars—Individual FYs 1976-1977 Tax Auditors

| Region | FY 1977 | FY 1976 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Direct Examination Time (Days) | | |
| United States | 615,148 | 652,726 |
| North Atlantic | 91,958 | 103,503 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 69,106 | 79,450 |
| Southeast | 88,716 | 105,698 |
| Central | 59,715 | 63,399 |
| Midwest | 76,521 | 75,403 |
| Southwest | 74,477 | 66,132 |
| Western | 146,191 | 150,516 |
| OIO | 8,470 | 8,638 |
| Returns Examined | | |
| United States | 1,453,246 | 1,544,359 |
| North Atlantic | 235,521 | 265,189 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 170,206 | 204,301 |
| Southeast | 201,853 | 248,827 |
| Central | 134,503 | 146,290 |
| Midwest | 177,895 | 150,584 |
| Southwest | 150,137 | 148,538 |
| Western | 363,629 | 361,650 |
| 010 | 19,502 | 18,980 |
| Dollar Recommendations (Millions) | | |
| United States | \$441.0 | \$383.1 |
| North Atlantic | 76.2 | 69.3 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 49.8 | 48.0 |
| Southeast | 63.9 | 66.5 |
| Central | 36.8 | 34.4 |
| Midwest | 49.8 | 37.7 |
| | 42.5 | 37.1 |
| Southwest . | 440.0 | 82.5 |
| Southwest | 112.0 | 02.0 |

Table 19.—Tax Auditors (Staff Hours per Return) Individual Returns by Class and Region FYs 1976-1977

| | Fisca | l Year |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--------|
| | 1977 | 197€ |
| Class | | |
| Total | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| Form 1040 Standard | 1,8 | 1.7 |
| Nonbusiness, under \$10,000—Itemized | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| Nonbusiness, \$10,000 under \$50,000 | 3.0 | 2.8 |
| Nonbusiness, \$50,000 and over | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| Business, under \$10,000 | 8.1 | 8.0 |
| Business, \$10,000 under \$30,000 | 6.8 | 6.4 |
| Business, \$30,000 and over | 6.3 | 6.5 |
| Region | | |
| United States | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| North Atlantic | 2.9 | 2.7 |
| Mid-Atlantic • | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| Southeast | 3.4 | 3.1 |
| Central | 3.4 | 3.1 |
| Midwest | 3.2 | 3.4 |
| Southwest | 3.5 | 3.4 |
| Vestern | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| 010 | 2.4 | 2.6 |

Table 20.—Tax Auditors (Dollar Recommendations per Return) Individual Returns by Class and Region FYs 1976-1977

| | Fisca | I Year |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--------|
| | 1977 | 1976 |
| Class | | |
| Total | \$303 | \$248 |
| Form 1040 Standard | 181 | 144 |
| Nonbusiness, under \$10,000—Itemized | 209 | 183 |
| Nonbusiness, \$10,000 under \$50,000 | 300 | 253 |
| Nonbusiness, \$50,000 and over | 668 | 726 |
| Business, under \$10,000 | 645 | 570 |
| Business, \$10,000 under \$30,000 | 575 | 501 |
| Business, \$30,000 and over | 876 | 840 |
| Region | | |
| United States | \$303 | \$248 |
| North Atlantic | 323 | 26 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 293 | 23 |
| Southeast | 317 | 26 |
| Central | 273 | 23 |
| Midwest | 280 | 250 |
| Southwest | 283 | 25 |
| Western | - 308 | 22 |
| OIO | 512 | 39 |

Table 21.—No Change Percent—Individual Returns and Time by Class and Region, FY 1976-1977
Tax Auditors

| | | Percent No Change | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|
| | Ret | Returns | | me |
| | FY 1977 | FY 1976 | FY 1977 | FY 1976 |
| Class | | | | |
| Total | 26 | 24 | 19 | 17 |
| Form 1040—Standard | 33 | 33 | 29 | 29 |
| NB Under \$10,000—Itemized | 27 | 21 | 22 | 16 |
| NB \$10,000 Under \$50,000 | 23 | 23 | 17 | 16 |
| NB \$50,000 and Over | 41 | 37 | 28 | 25 |
| Business Under \$10,000 | 24 | 18 | 19 | 15 |
| Business \$10,000 Under \$30,000 | 20 | 14 | 15 | 11 |
| Business \$30,000 and Over | 29 | 22 | 21 | 17 |
| Region . | | | | |
| United States | 26 | 24 | 19 | 17 |
| North Atlantic | 26 | 26 | 21 | 20 |
| Mid-Atlantic · | 26 | 28 | 20 | 21 |
| Southeast | 27 | 21 | 19 | 14 |
| Central | 28 | 24 | 21 | 17 |
| Midwest | 28 | 20 | 20 | - 14 |
| Southwest | 29 | 25 | 21 | 16 |
| Western | 22 | 21 | 17 | 15 |
| 010 | 23 | 25 | 17 | 18 |

Table 22.—Corporation Returns—Accomplishments in Relation To Plan FY 1977
Revenue Agents

| Region | Planned | Actual | Percent |
|--------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|
| Direct Examination Time (Days) | | | |
| United States | 910,438 | 923,093 | 101 |
| North Atlantic | 225,055 | 220,963 | 98 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 130,504 | 131,714 | 101 |
| Southeast | 90,084 | 89,785 | 100 |
| Central | 105,373 | 109,391 | 104 |
| Midwest | 134,975 | 140,751 | 104 |
| Southwest | 96,839 | 95,902 | 99 |
| Western | 119,335 | 126,911 | 106 |
| 010 | 8,273 | 7,679 | 93 |
| Returns Examined | | | |
| United States | 165,289 | 167,450 | 101 |
| North Atlantic | 33,438 | 36,454 | 109 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 24,061 | 24,594 | 102 |
| Southeast | 19,026 | 20,065 | 105 |
| Central | 23,173 | 21,003 | 91 |
| Midwest | 23,160 | 25,075 | 108 |
| Southwest | 16,672 | . 16,666 | 100 |
| Western | 25,137 | 22,911 | 91 |
| 010 | 622 | 682 | 110 |

Table 23.—Revenue Agent Audits of Corporations (Staff Hours Per Return) Corporation Returns by Class Group and Region FYs 1976-1977

| | Fisca | l Year |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|
| | 1977 | 197 |
| Class | | |
| Total | 39.6 | 38. |
| No balance sheet | . 28.7 | 27.0 |
| Under \$100,000 | 20.2 | 20.6 |
| \$100,000 under \$1 Mil | 23.3 | 22.9 |
| \$1 Mil under \$10 Mil | 40.6 | 39.5 |
| \$10 Mil under \$100 Mil | 99.5 | 97.7 |
| \$100 Mil and over | 470.9 | 462.4 |
| Region | | |
| United States | 39.6 | 38.5 |
| North Atlantic | 43.8 | 45.2 |
| Mid-Atlantic . | 36.9 | 34.0 |
| Southeast | 39.5 | 30.8 |
| Central | 35.5 | 36.4 |
| Midwest · | 39.6 | 46.5 |
| Southwest | 38.9 | 39.5 |
| Western | 39.0 | 33.8 |
| DIO | 73.2 | 52.9 |

Table 24.—Revenue Agent Audits of Corporations (Dollar Recommendations Per Return) Corporation Returns by Class Group and Region FYs 1976-1977

| | Fisc | al Year |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 1977 | 1976 |
| Class | | |
| Total | \$ 14,664 | \$ 16,916 |
| No balance sheet | 16,256 | 7,631 |
| Under \$100,000 | 1,442 | 1,446 |
| \$100,000 under \$1 Mil | 2,925 | 2,933 |
| \$1 Mil under \$10 Mil | 9,856 | 10,337 |
| \$10 Mil under \$100 Mil | 42,123 | 39,104 |
| \$100 Mil and over | 434,320 | 577,922 |
| Region | | |
| United States | \$ 14,664 | \$ 16,916 |
| North Atlantic | 15,793 | 22,322 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 13,666 | 13,689 |
| Southeast | - 16,063 | 10,395 |
| Central | 10,307 | 15,757 |
| Midwest | 16,983 | 18,048 |
| Southwest | 12,272 | 18,893 |
| Western | 15,587 | 16,316 |
| OIO | 25,487 | . 22,92 |

Table 25.—Examination Time, Returns and Dollars—Corporation—FYs 1976-1977 Revenue Agents

| Region | FY 1977 | FY1976 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Direct Examination Time (Days) | | |
| United States | 923,093 | 924,494 |
| North Atlantic | 220,963 | 226,975 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 131,714 | 131,464 |
| Southeast | 89,785 | 93,502 |
| Central | 109,391 | 101,761 |
| Midwest | 140,751 | 136,788 |
| Southwest | 95,902 | 114,588 |
| Western | 126,911 | 124,725 |
| 010 | 7,679 | 6,786 |
| Returns Examined | | |
| United States | 167,450 | 160,628 |
| North Atlantic | 36,454 | 35,617 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 24,594 | 24,516 |
| Southeast | 20,065 | 20,911 |
| Central | 21,003 | 20,595 |
| Midwest | 25,075 | 19,860 |
| Southwest | 16,666 | 16,545 |
| Western | 22,911 | 21,808 |
| 010 | 682 | 776 |
| Dollar Recommendations (Millions) | | |
| United States | \$2,455.5 | \$2,717.1 |
| North Atlantic . | 575.7 | 795.0 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 336.1 | 335.6 |
| Southeast | 322.3 | 217.4 |
| Central | 216.5 | 324.5 |
| Midwest . | 425.9 | 358.4 |
| Southwest | 204.5 | 312.6 |
| Western | 357.1 | 355.8 |
| OIO | 17.4 | 17.8 |
| Note: Dollars may not add due to rounding. | | |

Table 26.—No Change Percent—Corporation—Returns and Time— By Class Group and Region—FYs 1976-1977 Revenue Agents

| | P | ercent N | lo Chang | e |
|--------------------------|------|----------|----------|------|
| | Ret | urns | Time | |
| | 1977 | 1976 | 1977 | 1976 |
| Class | | | | |
| Total | 25 | 26 | 15 | 15 |
| No Balance Sheet | 21 | 31 | 14 | 21 |
| Under \$100,000 | 33 | 32 | 28 | 27 |
| \$100,000 Under \$1 Mil | 26 | 23 | 23 | 21 |
| \$1 Mil Under \$10 Mil | 22 | 23 | 16 | 18 |
| \$10 Mil Under \$100 Mil | 15 | 15 | 8 | 6 |
| \$100 Mil and Over | 77 | 6 | 2 | 1 |
| Region | | | | |
| United States | 25 | 26 | 15 | 15 |
| North Atlantic | 24 | 26 | 15 | 14 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 28 | 30 | 17 | 19 |
| Southeast | 23 | 26 | 14 | 17 |
| Central | 29 | 27 | 17 | 15 |
| Midwest | 24 | 22 | 14 | 12 |
| Southwest | 26 | 28 | 16 | 16 |
| Western | 24 | 23 | 14 | 15 |
| OIO | 19 | 39 | 14 | 30 |

Table 27.-Estate Tax Returns

| | Revenue Agents | | Tax Au | ditors |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------|---------|---------|
| | FY 1977 | FY 1976 | FY 1977 | FY 1976 |
| Total Examinations | 35,267 | 38,425 | 7,053 | 8,258 |
| Total Direct Examination Time (Days) | . 130,462 | 146,263 | 7,701 | 9,752 |
| Total Dollar Recommendations (Mils) | \$586.8 | \$536.6 | \$10.6 | \$12.1 |
| Staffhours per Return | 31.2 | 29.7 | 9.4 | 8.9 |
| Dollar Recommendation per Return | \$16,639 | \$13,964 | \$1,496 | \$1,468 |
| No Change Percentage | 13 | 13 | 19 | 20 |

Table 28.—Gift Tax Returns

| | Revenue Agents | | Tax Auditors | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| | FY 1977 | FY 1976 | FY 1977 | FY 1976 |
| Total Examinations | 9,300 | 9,919 | 2,184 | 2,588 |
| Total Direct Examination Time (Days) | 11,701 | 13,961 | 1,835 | 2.034 |
| Total Dollar Recommendations (Mils) | \$70.5 | \$66.6 | \$2.0 | \$2.9 |
| Staffhours per Return | 11.6 | · 10.4 | 6.6 | 6.0 |
| Dollar Recommendation per Return | \$7,580 | \$6,714 | \$903 | \$1,184 |
| No Change Percentage | 23 | 25 | 30 | 30 |

Table 29.—Excise Tax Returns

| | Revenue | Agents | Tax Au | ditors |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| · · · | FY 1977 | FY 1976 | FY 1977 | FY 1976 |
| Total Examinations | 71,026 | 77,105 | 13,905 | 12.189 |
| Total Direct Examination Time (Days) | 42,930 | 46,778 | 4,788 | 4.949 |
| Total Dollar Recommendations (Mils) | .\$71.2 | \$80.6 | \$2.0 | \$2.5 |
| Staffhours per Return | 4.3 | 4.3 | 1,6 | 1.7 |
| Dollar Recommendation per Return | \$1,003 | \$1,045 | \$141 | \$202 |
| No Change Percentage | 27 | 28 | 13 | 17 |

| | Revenue | Agents | Tax Auditors | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------------|---------|--|
| | FY 1977 | FY 1976 | FY 1977 | FY 1976 | |
| Total Examinations | 94,599 | 90,435 | 40,420 | 40,132 | |
| Total Direct Examination Time (Days) | 63,041 | 63,557 | 11,485 | 10,338 | |
| Total Dollar Recommendations (Mils) | \$145.8 | \$144.1 | \$16.6 | \$17.3 | |
| Staffhours per Return | 4.7 | 4.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | |
| Dollar Recommendation per Return | \$1,541 | \$1,593 | \$411 | \$432 | |
| No Change Percentage | 15 | 13 | 9 | € | |

Table 31.—Fiduciary Tax Returns

| | Revenue | Agents | Tax Auditors | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------------|---------|--|
| | FY 1977 | FY 1976 | FY 1977 | FY 1976 | |
| Total Examinations | 10,740 | 17,078 | 141 | 100 | |
| Total Direct Examination Time (Days) | 18,255 | 31,240 | 21 | 49 | |
| Total Dollar Recommendations (Mils) | \$47.4 | \$35.5 | 1 | 1 | |
| Staffhours per Return | 14.3 | 14.8 | 5.6 | 4.4 | |
| Dollar Recommendations per Return | \$4,413 | \$2,081 | \$392 | \$851 | |
| No Change Percentage | 40 | 50 | 30 | 28 | |

Less than \$100.000

Statistical Tables

Table 1.—Internal revenue collections by sources and by internal revenue regions, districts, States, and other areas (in thousands of dollars)

| nternal revenue regions, dist States and other areas' (State | 15 | - | | | | Income | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| epresented by single districts ndicated in parentheses; totals or other States shown at botto of table) | r n | Total Inter- nal revenue collections | Corporation income tax | Total | Income tax not withheld and SECA | tex withheld and FICA 3 4 6 | Railroad retirement | Unemploy- ment Insurance |
| | | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| United States, total | | 358,139,417 57,904,358 2,095,009 897,773 8,701,712 | 60,049,804 11,042,538 | 272,831,580 43,910,559 | 46,083,249 5,979,471 | 222,929,226 37,553,154 | 1,908,803 68,851 | 1,910,302 309,083 |
| | on (c) helow) | 2.095.009 | 149.484 | 1.889.842 | 237,402 | 1.642.946 | 1,984 8,061 | 7,510 |
| Albany (S Augusta (M Boston (M Brooklyn (S Burlalo (S Burlington (V | aine)assachusetts) | 897,773 | 101,430 1,252,760 | 755,839 6,950,413 | 153,261 1,007,453 | 589,481 5,885,331 | 10,993 | 5,036 46,636 |
| Boston(M | assachusetts) se (c) below) | 6,701,712 5,631,699 | 1,252.760 541.547 | 4,733,397 | 1.084.200 | 3.593.944 | 24,579 | 30,673 |
| Buttalo (S | as (c) helow) | 5,193,121 | 979,470 | 3.910.861 | 579,666 74,841 | 3,303,115 254,338 | 360 598 | 27,721 |
| Burlington (V | ermont) | 378,216 9,909,446 | 32,570 1,678.317 | 333,034 7,308,049 | 852.937 | 6.378.836 | 15.171 | 3,257 61,104 |
| Hartlord* (C Manhatten (S | no (c) below) | 22,987,439 | 5.830,857 | 16,287.253 719,272 | 1,693,218 | 14,472,988 566,640 | 6,648 | 114,399 4,756 |
| | eo (c) below) ew Hampshire) hode Island) aryland & D.C.) | 878,959 | 106,863 169,241 | 719,272 1,022,600 | 147,863 148,630 | 865.534 | 445 | 7.990 |
| Providence (H | hode Island) | 1,230,984 62,173,662 | 13 189 264 | 44,580,906 | 5.826.928 | 37,768,165 6.831,075 | 720,739 133,865 | 265,075 43,915 |
| Porsmoun (R Providence (R Mid-Atlantic Region Baltmore* (N Newark* (N Philadelphia (S Pittsburgh (S Richmond (V) Milmmeten (D | aryland & D.C.) | 10,548,530 26,783,254 10,870,973 | 1,549,878 8,566,185 | 8,108,800 16,995,961 | 1,099,944 1,542,606 | 15,150,408 | 200,018 | 102,929 |
| Newark*(N | ew Jersey) | 10.870.973 | 1.207.001 | 8.980.876 | 1.373.593 | 7,279,971 | 276,586 | 50,726 |
| Pittsburgh (S | on (a) halaw) | 6.635.645 | 948,398 | 5,133,288 4,207,762 1,154,220 | 763,507 886,095 | 4,289,160 3,211,783 | 26,828 83.439 | 33,792 26,444 |
| Richmond (V | rginia)etaware) | 5,781,620 1,553,639 | 616,565 301,238 | 1.154.220 | 141,183 | 1.005,767 | 1 | 7.269 |
| Wilmington (U | eraware) | 39,731,400 | 5,358,747 725,969 335,270 | 30.696.384 | 5,770,687 | 24,575,177 | 159,836 3,694 | 190,484 30,187 |
| Atlanta (G | eorgia) | 5,118,221 2,999,670 | 725,989 235,270 | 4,002,690 2,504,146 | 722,346 530,690 | 3,246,463 1,953,481 | 1,674 | 18,300 |
| Birmingham (A | labarna)outh Carolina) | 2,179,816 | 281,869 | 1.818.358 | 359.526 | 1 444 492 | 281 394 | 14,058 37,076 |
| Greenstorn (N | orth Carokna) | 7 150 442 | 1,248,570 | 4,457,365 1,115,105 | 804,439 328,679 | 3,615,456 777,016 | 866 | 8.544 |
| | kssissippi) | 1,337,497 11,024,427 9,912,327 | 161,372 1,329,553 | 8,921,990 | 2.240.011 | 6.553.571 | 78,414 | 49,994 |
| | lorida) | 9,912,327 | 1.276,123 | 7,876,730 | 785,195 | 6,984,698 29,190,041 | 74,512 114,547 | 32,325 234,56 6 |
| Central Region | , | 46,254,639 8,368,963 | 6,991,411 1,420,631 | 35,065,511 6,476,474 | 5,526,357 847,273 | 5,565,947 | 18,913 | 44,34 59,50 |
| Nashville* (T Central Region Cincinnali* (S Cieveland (S | ee (d) below) ee (d) below) lichigan) | 11.439.537 | 1,556,806 | 9,046,585 | 1 182.520 | 7,796,051 | 8,510 25,878 | 59,504 82,673 |
| Detroit(A | lichigan) | 14.642.479 | 2 614 899 | 9,046,585 10,994,089 4,931,977 | 1,493,335 1,097,632 | 9,392,203 3,806,647 | 1 027 | 26,67 |
| Indianapolis (Ir | diana) | 6,181,787 4,179,960 | 714,303 487,494 197,278 | 2.425.984 | 609,320 | 1,741,444 887,750 | 60,103 116 | 15.11 |
| Doub neutron (V | Veet Virginia) | 1,441,913 | 197,278 | 1,190,401 | 296,276 | 887,750 | 658,243 | 6,260 269,083 |
| | outh Dakota) | 63,075,807 542,707 | 11,082,654 45,849 | 48,521,299 464,100 | 7,181,917 151,345 | 40,412,058 310,456 | 3 | 2,297 |
| Midwest Region Abordeen (S. Chicago* (S. Des Moines (II Fargo (Milwaukee (V. Ornaha (N. St. Louis (M. St. Paul (II) | ee (b) below) | 30.403.791 | 5.972.534 | 23,068,438 | 2,198,984 | 20,501,824 1,762,878 | 249,581 849 | 118,05 - 13,58 |
| Des Moines (le | wal | 3.310.983 | 514,262 54,802 | 2,617,746 538,013 | 840,437 200,469 | 334,992 | 5 | 2,54 |
| Fargo | forth Dakota) | 624,985 6,462,220 | 1.234.458 | 4,775,641 | 750.085 | 3 987 856 | 1,330 | 2,54 36,37 9,24 |
| Ornaha(* | Visconsin) | 2.141.631 | 308.204 | 1 676 083 | 413,594 990,913 | 1,163.998 5,102,865 | 89,242 136,007 | 40.35 |
| St. Louis | | 8,150,364 7,273,307 | 1,296.087 1,067,707 | 6,270,141 5,911,030 | 756.378 | 4,946,503 2,300,687 | 177,035 | 31,11 |
| St. Paul (N Springfield (S | #ssour) finnesola lee (b) below) fisw Mexico) lee (l) below) flyoming) lee (l) below) floorado) | 4,165,818 | 588,751 | 3 200 107 | 879,712 | 2,300,687 | 4,190 116,643 | 15,51 180,50 |
| Southwest Region | | 38,942,145 | 6,862,532 | 28,957,443 739,533 | 7,028,664 184,557 | 21,633,634 550,032 | 33 | 4.91 |
| Albuquerque (Nation 1 (Nation 1 (Nation 2 | lew Mexico) | 848,167 14,122,637 | 63,715 2,590,438 | 10.171.630 | 1,975,288 | 8,111,578 223,118 | 25,655 | 59.10 |
| Chevanne (V | Vvoming) | 442 647 | 46.050 | 347,773 | 122,532 1,751,119 | 223,118 4,343,035 | 83 12,325 | 2,03 40,54 |
| Dallas (5 | eo (f) below) | 8,261,658 | 1,544,608 377,147 | 6,147,022 2,682,879 | 579,168 | 2,071,085 | 16,841 | 15,78 |
| Denver (C | rkanese) | 3,357,130 1,515,305 | 207.095 | 1,247,782 | 399 800 | 848,029 | 1,118 | 8,83 |
| New Orleans(L | ouisiana) (klahoma) (ansas) | 3,958,403 3,907,206 | 703,493 | 3,075,277 2,486,714 | 769,483 638,537 | 2,284,629 1,827,817 | 1,923 196 | 19,24 20,16 9,87 |
| Oklahoma City | Oklahoma) | 3,907,206 2,558,992 | 996,176 333,810 | 2.058.834 | 616.181 | 1,374,311 | 58.468 | 9,87 |
| Dallas (5 Denver (1) Little Rock (4 New Orleans (1) Oklahoma City (6 Wichita (4) Western Region | lansas) | 56.083,904 | B 071 050 | 44,514,174 735,291 798,654 | 8,007,839 97,520 | 36,046,405 638,436 | 163,565 | 296,36 -66 |
| Anchorage (| daska) | 803,449 965,611 | 52,599 139,939 | 735,291 798 654 | 169,399 | 623,207 371,280 | 903 | 5.14 |
| Anchorage (/ Boise (/ Helena (/ | daho) | 638.703 | 50.263 | 558,717 | 183,661 | 371,280 757,236 | 504 | 3,27 8,09 |
| Honolulu (F Los Angeles (S | lawaii) | 1.106.687 | 134,840 3,109,747 | 930,670 15,582,503 | 165,336 2,992,435 | 12,477,932 | 539 | 1 11,59 |
| Los Angeles (5 | See (a) below) | 19,774,068 2,050,697 | 180,700 | 1,787,471 | 412.121 | 1.363.948 | 378 | 11.02 |
| Los Angeles () Phoenix () Portland () Reno () Salt Lake City () San Francisco* () Seattle () Office of International Opera Puerto Rico Other | krizona) Oregon) Hevada) | 5.363.850 | 1.101.133 | 3 883 445 | 552,471 168,153 | 3,281,259 610,158 | 26,293 | 23,42 |
| Reno (1 | levada) | 932,633 1,159,774 | 106,096 162,172 | 783,966 959,618 | 178,357 | 773,023 | 1,518 | 5,65 6,72 87,82 |
| Salt Lake City (I | San (a) helow) | 18,222,975 | 2,425,674 | 14,373,937 | 2,200,754 | 11,951,609 | 133,753 -327 | 87,82 34.27 |
| Seattle | Washington) | 5,065,257 | 607,888 | 4,119,901 1,028,840 | 887,632 268,536 | 3,198,317 756,485 | 1,037 | 2.70 |
| Office of International Opera | tions | 1,255,260 | 43,236 3,267 | 139,955 | 18,674 | 118,604 | _ | 2,67 |
| Other | | 307,286 947,974 | 3,267 39,969 | 888,885 | 249,861 | 637,881 | 1,037 | 10 |
| Other Undistributed: | | -7,746,870 | -2.628,429 | -4,841,822 | _ | 4,909,529 | -94,658 | 162,36 |
| Undistributed: Federal tax deposits 10 Gasoline, lubricating oil, and | excess | | | | 494,649 | | | |
| FICA credits 11 Transferred to Government | | 531,450 - 19,690 | 36,800 | 494,649 - 19,690 | 494,649 | ~19,690 | _ | |
| Transferred to Government Withheld taxes of Federal e | of Guam | -121,096 | = | -121,096 | _ | 121,096 | _ | |
| Clearing account for Excise | taxes— | | | | | | | |
| aviation fuel and oil-Air I | Force and | 26 | | _ | | - | _ | |
| Navy Presidential Election Fund 13 Adjustment to Presidentia Earned Income Credita 13 | | 36.529 | = | 36,529 | - | 36,529 111 | | |
| Adjustment to Presidentia | Election Fund ²⁸ | 111 7,782 | _ | 111 7,782 | = | 7,782 | _ | |
| Earned Income Credits 13 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | otals for States no | | 5 102 122 | 24,429,541 | 134 201 | 199,41 |
| 9 | a) California | 37,997,043 34,569,609 35,907,268 | 5,535,421 6,561,285 | 29,956,440 26,268,545 | 5,193,188 3,078,696 | 22,802,511 | 134,291 253,771 33,570 27,423 303,415 37,980 | 133.56 |
| } | o) Illinois | 35,907,268 | 7.501.359 | 26,821,353 | 3.594.486 | 23.012.993 | 33,570 | 160,30 103,84 |
| ì | d) Ohio | 19,808,501 17,506,618 | 2,977,437 2,155,399 | 15,523,059 14,114,164 | 2,029,794 2,157,100 | 13,361,998 11,569,131 | 27,423 | 84.51 99.65 |
| , | e) Pennsylvania | | | | | 12,454,614 | | |

Table 1.—Internal revenue collections by sources and by internal revenue regions, districts, States, and other areas—Continued (In thousands of dollars)

| ternal revenue regions, districts, | | | Excise | | | | Alcohol taxe | 8 | | |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----|
| itates and other areas* (States apresented by single districts | | | taxes | | | 0 | stilled spirits | taxes | | |
| rdicated in parentheses; totals | | | (sum of | Total | | Imported | | | | |
| or other States shown at bottom f table) | | | columns 11, 26, 30, | (sum of columns | | (Col- | | Recti- | | |
| • | Estate tax | Gift | 35, 41, | 12, 18 | | bv | Domes- | tica- | Occupa- | |
| | | | and 54) | end 22) | Total | Customs) | tic | lion | tional | Oth |
| | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (1 |
| United States, total | 5,649,460 | 1,775,866 | 17,832,707 | 5,406,633 | 3,827,460 | 689,815 | 3,103,140 | | | |
| lorth-Atlantic Region Albany (See (c) below) Augusta* (Maine) Boston (Massachusetts) Brooklyn (See (c) below) Ruffelo (See (c) below) | 936,904 | 343,112 5.901 | 1,671,244 | 595,691 | 432,380 | 215,081 | 213,953 | 18,326 1,106 | 15,907 2,233 | 2 |
| Augusta* (Maine) Boston (Massachusetts) | 20,854 | 5,901 6,728 | 10,384 | 3,091 | 193 3.021 | _ | 2.688 | 34 | 191 | |
| Brooklyn (See (c) below) | 133,075 | 61,537 | 303,927 | 156,308 | 146,730 | 78,169 | 2,888 67,369 | 760 | 98 428 | |
| Brooklyn (See (c) below) Buffalo (See (c) below) | 217,439 106,652 | 16,848 20,874 | 122,469 175,063 | 14.901 | 11,995 | _ | 11,699 | | 296 | |
| Burlington (Vermont) Hartford* (Connecticut) Manhattan (See (c) below) Portsmouth (New Hampshire) | 7,804 | 1.224 47,074 | 3,584 | 106.507 75 | 815 70 | = | 432 | _ | 383 | |
| Manhattan (See (c) below) | 122,793 246,328 | 47,074 172,464 | 553,213 | 130,439 | 130,197 | _ | 129,614 | 297 | 70 285 | |
| Manhattan (See (c) below) Portsmouth (New Hampshire) | 21,378 | 5,566 | 450,538 25,880 | 154,559 20,824 | 137,264 2,008 | 136,912 | | _ | 352 | |
| id-Atlantic Region (Hhode Island) | 20,984 | 4,896 | 13.263 | 8,580 | AA | = | 1,950 | 15 | 43 88 | |
| Baltimore* (Maryland & D.C.) | 668,119 151,952 | 210,676 47,006 | 3,526,697 690,894 | 908,263 | 712,068 | 58,065 | 646,850 | 5,126 | 1,944 | |
| New Jersey) | 149,877 | 44,774 | 1,026,457 | 278.825 290.673 | 251,194 219,465 | 58.065 | 190,189 217,768 | 2,602 | 316 | |
| | | 54,139 | 467,910 | 187,413 98,983 | 129,744 | _ | 128.326 | 1,089 | 608 456 | |
| Richmond (Virginia) Wilmington (Delaware) | 92,563 | 21.488 33.028 | 439,908 832,772 | 98,983 | 85,059 | □ | 64,310 | 961 353 | 338 | |
| Richmond (Virginia) | 19.186 | 10,241 208,399 | 68,755 | 52,324 45 | 26,564 43 | | 26,257 | 122 | 185 | |
| Wilmington (Delaware) outheast Region . Atlanta (Georgia) . Birmingham (Alabama) . Columbia (South Carolina) . Greensboro (North Carolina) | 718,484 82,166 | 208,399 | 2,751,385 | 309,123 | 124,275 | 52,342 | 70,085 | 71 | 1,627 | 1 |
| Birmingham (Alabama) | 45,669 | 27,538 17,795 | 279,838 96,790 | 51,427 3,804 | 13,780 3,641 | 3,541 | 13,425 | 51 | 287 | |
| Greensboro (North Carolina) (South Carolina) | 40,103 | 9.674 | 29.812 | 646 | 217 | 3,541 | 17 | Ξ | 72 209 | |
| Greensboro (North Carolina) Jackson (Mississippi) | 82,829 26,698 | 25,273 11,135 | 1,345,405 23,186 | 43,552 | 260 | _ | 24 | _ | 236 | |
| | | 94.218 | 303,058 | 180 118,729 | 86 54,449 | | 12 | _ | 64 | |
| Nasnville* (Tennessee) | 63 411 | 94,218 22,767 | 673.297 | 90,786 | 51,842 | 48,801 | 4.850 51,754 | 19 | 670 | 1 |
| Cincinnati (See (d) below) | 97 401 | 189,010 31,176 | 3,380,550 343,192 | 1,558,128 | 1,412,250 | 195,843 | 1.206.781 | 7,117 | 88 2.509 | |
| Cleveland (See (d) below) | 129 091 | 52,440 | 654,725 | 230,917 54,422 | 184,210 42,929 | 31,770 | 182,765 | 1,006 | 419 | |
| Detroit (Michigan) | | 65,642 | 775,031 | 374,118 | 310.310 | 164,073 | 10.324 144,578 | 165 831 | 670 628 | |
| Louisville (Kentucky) | 133,551 48,510 | 21,671 14,089 | 380,285 | 256,000 | 310,310 246,769 | _ | 242,613 | 3.743 | 414 | |
| Control (Michigan) (Indianapois (Indiana) (Louisville (Kentucky) (Parkersburg (West Virginia) (dweat Region) | 26,805 | 3.991 | 1,203,882 | 635,820 6,851 | 621,255 6,776 | _ | 619,755 | 1,373 | 128 | |
| dwest Region (South Dakota) | 934,240 | 275.253 • | 23,436 2,262,361 | 755,149 | 395,289 | 51,242 | 6,726 338,001 | 3,175 | 50 2.856 | |
| Aberdeen (South Dakota) Chicago* (See (b) below) | 318 002 | 5,889 114,531 | 11,370 929,304 | 92 162.040 | 65 | | _ | _ | 65 | |
| Des Moines (lowa) | 110,357 | 17,264 | 51,355 | 690 | 154.844 187 | 35.050 | 118.410 | 635 | 749 | |
| Fargo (North Dakota) | 18,731 65,929 | 2,244 | 11,196 | 98 | 86 | 21 | | = | 187 65 | |
| Milwaukee (Wisconsin) | 61,220 | 26,591 13,006 | 339,602 83,118 | 211,872 4,166 | 7.363 | 3.805 | 2,657 | 96 | 789 | i |
| St. Louis (Missouri) St. Paul (Minnesota) Springfield (See (b) below) | 134,364 | 46,324 | 403,449 | 146,345 | 136 63,659 | 8,987 | 53,303 | 989 | 136 | |
| Springfield (See (b) below) | 77,279 | 28,329 | 188,962 | 50,125 | 21,452 | 3,379 | 17.744 | 128 | . 381 | ; |
| | 746,367 | 302.579 | 244,005 2,103,225 | 179,721 320,658 | 147,497 70,796 | | 145.886 | 1.327 | 283 | |
| Albuquerque (New Mexico) Austin* (See (f) below) | 20,955 | 9,737 | 14.227 | 1.750 | 1,681 | 40,581 | 28,275 1,612 | | 1,917 | 1 |
| Cheyenne (Wyoming) | 255,323 14,941 | 99,467 5,780 | 1,005,779 | 76,029 | 33,129 | 27,692 | 4,785 | 5 | 68 645 | - |
| Dalfas (See (f) below) | 167,661 | 83,156 | 28,103 319,210 | 88.098 | 37 436 | _ | - | _ | 37 | |
| | | 18,014 | 226,889 | 113,991 | 187 | Ξ | | - | 425 | 1 |
| Denver (Colorado) Little Rock (Arkansas) New Orleans (Louisiane) | 25,074 | 11,933 | 23,420 86,165 | 483 | 83 | _ | 2 | _ | 187 81 | |
| Oklatioma City (Oklatioma) | 69,074 | 25,793 21,164 | 334.078 | 37.571 217 | 32,806 73 | 12.889 | 19,605 | 3 | 309 | - |
| uttle Rock (Akrarsas) New Orleans (Louisanae) Nalaioma City (Oklahoma) Nalaioma City (Oklahoma) Nikaloma City (Kansas) | 73,462 1,006,923 | 27,535 244,735 | 65,352 | 2,476 | 2.365 | = | 2,272 | _ | 73 93 | - |
| Inchorage (Alaska) | 1,006,923 | 244,735 460 | 2,247,021 11,864 | 808.756 | 529,549 | 76,661 | 448,374 | 1,594 | 2.820 | |
| Goise (idaho) | 15,406 | 2.853 | 8.759 | 226 87 | 48 66 | e, | _ | _ | 41 | - |
| topolulu (Manail) | 16,830 12,958 | 4,197 | 8.695 | 2.095 | 2.063 | 4 | 1,971 | 3 | 66 85 | - |
| os Angeles (See (a) below) | 377,587 | 11.266 77.955 | 16,953 626,277 | 3,773 223,115 | 2,595 | 2,431 | 86 | 2 | 74 | _ = |
| | | 18.271 | 18,465 | 4,135 | 140,644 1,767 | 35,044 1,575 | 104,546 | 155 | 899 | - |
| | | 16,527 7,155 | 314,797 | 24,047 | 18,210 | 1,242 | 16.736 | 38 | 192 194 | |
| Salt Lake City (Utah) | 13,176 | 10,072 | 14,176 | 76 32 | 72 9 | _ | | ~ | 72 | _ |
| all Lake City (Utah) an Francisco* (See (a) below) | 368,965 | 66.748 29.232 | 987,651 | 483,193 | 349.084 | 27,162 | 319.589 | = | 9 | - |
| CS of International Operations | 83,589 14,266 | 29,232 2,101 | 224,648 | 67.960 | 14.992 | 9.196 | 5,446 | 1,474 | 859 328 | - |
| uerto Rico | 553 | 600 | 168,816 162,911 | 150,862 150,861 | 150,652 150,852 | - | 150,822 | 28 | 0.0 | 7 |
| pair Law City (Utah) aan Francisco* (See (a) below) eatite (Washington) ices of International Operations* userto Ricco kiher distributed: | 13,713 | 1,501 | 3,905 | 130.00 | 150.652 | Ξ | 150.822 | 28 | | |
| ederal tax deposits 10 | | | | | | | _ | - | • | - |
| | iils 11 — | = | -276,619 | _ | _ | | _ | _ | _ | |
| ransferred to Government of Guam Vithheld taxes of Federal employees | ····· - | - | = | - | _ | Ξ | Ξ | Ξ | Ξ | = |
| learing account for Excise taxes— aviation fuel and oil—Air Force and | | - | _ | _ | = | _ | _ | _ | | - |
| aviation fuel and oil—Air Force and Navy | | | | | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | - |
| residential Flaction Fund 12 | ···· — | _ | 26 | - | _ | | | | | |
| Navy residential Election Fund 12 arned Income Credits 13 | ····· = | = | _ | = | = | _ | Ξ | = | _ | - |
| | | 744.1 | | | | | | _=_ | _= | _ = |
| (4) 0-84 | | | States not sho | wn above | | | | | | |
| (a) California(b) Illinois | | 144,703 | 1,613,928 | 706.308 | 489,728 | 62,207 | 424,135 | 1,629 | 1,758 | |
| (C) New York | 810.016 | 135.607 216,087 | 1,173,309 758,453 | 341.761 276.376 | 302.341 | 35,050 | 264,296 12,131 | 1,962 | 1.032 | = |
| | | | 7 30,433 | 2/0.3/6 | 150,267 | 136,912 | | - | 1,222 | - : |
| (e) Pennsylvania | 226,473 253,610 | 83.615 75.627 | 997,917 907,818 | 285,339 286,396 | 227,139 | 31,770 | 193.109 | 1,171 | 1,089 | |

Table 1.—Internal revenue collections by sources and by internal revenue regions, districts, States, and other areas—Continued (In thousands of dollars)

| nternal revenue regions, dist | tricts. | | | | Alcohol taxes— | Continued | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| States and other areas 1 (State epresented by single districts | | w | ines, cordisis | , etc., taxes | | | Beer taxes | | |
| or other States shown at botto of table) | | Total | Imported (Collected by Cus- toms) | Domestic | Occupa- tional taxes | Total | imported (Collected by Cus- toms) | Domestic | Occupa tions taxe |
| | | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) | {2! |
| United States, total | | 180,676 | 27,335 | 152,573 | 768 | 1,398,497 | 22,811 | 1,372,753 | 2,93 |
| North-Atlantic Region | | 34,142 | 11,562 | 22,554 171 | 25 2 | 129,170 | 13,797 | 114,971 | 40 |
| Albany (See | (C) DelOW) | 173 37 | = | 32 | 5 | 43 33 | | | 3 |
| Boston (Ma: | ine) | 2,966 | 2,157 | 804 2.803 | 5 | 6,610 101 | 6,160 | 443 | 10 |
| Brooklyn (See | g (C) below) | 2,804 18,488 | = | 2,803 18,484 | 4 | 87,205 | _ | 87,122 | 8 |
| Buffalo (See Burlington (Ver | g (c) below) | 10,400 | _ | • | À | 1 | _ | .= | 3 |
| Hartford (Co | mont) | 69 | | 67 | 1 | 174 7,706 | 7.636 | 138 | 6 |
| Manhatlan (See | | 9,568 11 | 9,405 | 181 10 | i | 18.806 | -, | 18,778 | 2 |
| Portsmouth (New Providence (Rhe | w Hampshire) | 2 | = | Ĩ | i | B,490 | 1.437 | 8,489 185,110 | 32 |
| Mid-Atlantic Region | | 9,321 | 3,654 | 5,480 | 187 | 188,874 23,968 | 1,437 | 22,500 | 34 |
| Baltimore Ma | ryland & D.C.) | 3,663 2,722 | 3.654 | 5 2.553 | 168 | 68,487 | 1,437 | 68.450 | 3 |
| Philadelphia (See | w Jersey) | 1,081 | = | 1,079 | 2 | 56 589 | _ | 56,494 | 9 |
| Pitteburgh (Sei | e (e) below) | 14 | _ | 13 | 1 | 13,909 | = | 13,832 23,834 | 7 |
| Richmond (Vir | ginia) | 1,840 | _ | 1,629 | 12 | 23,920 | _ | - | |
| Wilmington (Dei | laware) | 5,553 | 2,394 | 3,010 | 149 | 179,295 | 993 | 177,772 | 53 |
| Southeast Region (Ge | orgia) | 689 | - | 675 | 14 | 36,957 111 | 45 | 36,904 | - 5 |
| Atlanta (Ge Birmingham (Ala | bama) | 52 392 | 49 | 373 | 3 19 | 37 | 45 | _ | 5 |
| Columbia (So | uth Carolina) rth Carolina) | 392 | = | 3/3 | 30 | 43,260 | _ | 43,172 | |
| | | • | | | • | 94 | 948 | 58.852 | 9 |
| Jackson (Fig. Nashville® (Ter | rida) | 4,387 | 2,345 | 1,961 | 81 | 59,893 38 943 | _ | 38,843 | Š |
| | nnessee) | 4,778 | 2,454 | 2,267 | 56 9 | 38,943 141,100 | 1,454 | 139,428 | 21 |
| Central Region | e (d) below) | 522 | | 513 | 9 | 46,185 9.630 | 20 | 46,162 9,589 | - 2 |
| | | 1,884 2,124 | 1,058 1,396 | 793 704 | 13 | 61,684 | 1,434 | 60,235 | 1 |
| Detroit (Mil | tigan) | 2,124 | 1,390 | 257 | 24 10 | 8.964 | _ | 6,933 | - 1 |
| Louisville (Ke | ntucky) | - 1 | - | - | 1 | 14,563 74 | _ | 14,508 | |
| Parkersburg (We | est Virginia) | 7,224 | 2,833 | 4,372 | 19 | 352,636 | 427 | 351,733 | 4 |
| Midwest Region | uth Dakota) | 7,224 | 2,033 | | | 27 | | | 11 |
| Chicago (Se | e (h) helow) | 5,293 | 1,938 | 3,347 | 8 | 1.904 473 | 340 | 1,536 413 | |
| Des Moines (lov | wa)orth Dakota) | 29 | 2 | 28 | 1 | 10 | - 2 | - | |
| Fargo (No Milwaukee (W | orth Dakota)isconsin) | 339 | 324 | 12 | ġ | 204.170 | 70 | 203,993 | 16 |
| Omaha (No | ebraska) | · i | | _ | 1 | 4,029 81,428 | 7 | 4,007 81,326 | |
| St Louis (M) | SSOURI) | 1,258 297 | 274 295 | 983 | 2 | 28,377 | 10 | 28,259 | 1 |
| St. Paul (Mi Springtletd | nnesota)ea (b) below) | 297 | 295 | 2 | á | 32,219 | - | 32,199 | _ |
| Southwest Region | | 2,055 | 1,382 | 445 | 227 | 247,807 | 983 | 246,099 | , |
| Southwest Region (Ne Albuquerque (Ne Austin* (Se | w Mexico) | 86 | 1,071 | 66 2 | 185 | 41,641 | 854 | 40,544 | 24 |
| Austin* (Se | se (f) below) | 1,258 | 1,071 | | | 7 | _ | | |
| Cheyenne (W Dallas (Se | yoming) se (f) below) | 22 | | i | 22 2 | 87.540 113,801 | = | 87,542 113,767 | , |
| Denver (Co | olorado) | 3 375 | _ | 374 | 2 | 25 | _ | - | 1 2 |
| New Orleans (Lo | kansas) | 314 | 311 | v.i | Ī | 4,451 | 129 | 4,246 | |
| | | 1 | - | • | 15 | 143 95 | _ | _ | , |
| Oklahoma City (Oi Wichita (Ka Western Region Anchorage (AL Roise (Id | nsas) | 15 117.595 | 3.055 | 114,438 | 102 | 161.613 | 3,720 | 157,641 | 2 |
| Western Region | actra) | 117,500 | 3,555 | 114,400 | 1 | 177 | 1 | 173 | |
| Boise | | 2 | - | - | 2 | 19 30 | - 3 | 1 | |
| Helena (M | ontena) | 69 69 | 69 | | | 1,109 | 201 | 906 | |
| Boise (Id. Helena (M. Honotulu (H. Los Angeles (Sci. | ewaii) | 5.002 | 1,317 | 3,657 | 28 9 | 77,469 | 2,536 | 74,858 | |
| | rizona) | 9 | _ | | .9 | 2,359 5.688 | - 45 | 2,346 5,631 | |
| | regon) | 149 | 105 | 29 | 15 1 | 3 | = | | |
| Reno (N | evada) | | Ξ | = | • | 23 | | - | |
| San Francisco* (S | ee (a) below) | 111,672 | 1,197 | 110,451 | 24 | 22,437 52,299 | 811 121 | 21,563 52,162 | |
| Reno (N. Sait Lake City (U. San Francisco* (S. Seattle (W. Office of International Oper | /ashington) | 689 8 | 365 | 301 8 | 22 | 52,299 | 121 | 32,102 | |
| Office of International Oper Puerto Rico | ations* | 8 | = | · š | _ | 1 | _ | 1 | |
| Other | | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | - | |
| Undistributed: | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Federal tax deposits 10 | rd evcess FiCA credits 11 | _ | = | _ | = | _ | _ | _ | |
| Transferred to Government | of Guam | | = | = | = | _ | _ | = | |
| Federal lax deposits ** | | | | | | | | | |
| aviation fuel and oilAir | Force and | | _ | _ | | - | _ | _ | |
| Navy Presidential Election Fund | 12 | = | = | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Earned Income Credits 13 . | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Totals for | States not show | n above | | | | |
| · · · |) California | 116,674 | 2,515 | 114,107 | 52 | 99,906 | 3,348 340 | 96,422 33,735 87,124 | 1 |
| ` (b |) (llinois | 5.298 | 1.938 | 3,349 21,639 | 11 | 34,123 95,057 | 7,636 | 87,124 | 2 |
| (c | New York | 31,053 2,386 | 9,405 1,058 | 21,639 1,305 | 22 | 55,815 | 20 | 55,750 | 1 |
| |) Ohio) Pennsylvania | 1,095 | 1,071 | 1,093 | 206 | 70,498 129,282 | 854 | 70,326 128,086 | 3 |
| ÌA | | 1,280 | | | | | | | |

Table 1.—Internal revenue collections by sources and by internal revenue regions, districts, States, and other areas—Confinued (In thousands of dollars)

| States and other areas' (States represented by single districts indicated in parentheses; totals | | Tobacco tax | •• | |
|---|---|---|----------------|------------|
| for other States snown at bottom | Total | Cigarettes | Cigars | Othe |
| of table) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29 |
| United States, total | 2,398,501 | 2,357,519 | 37,128 | 3,85 |
| North-Atlantic Region Albany (See (c) below) | 2,151 | 132 | 397 88 | 1,62 1 |
| Augusta (See (C) Datow) | 100 | | 88 | 15 |
| Augusta* (Maine) Boston (Massachusetts) | 260 | | - | 25 |
| Brooklyn (See (c) below) | 9 | ģ | , | |
| Buffalo (See (c) below) | *************************************** | | | _ |
| Burlington (Vermont) | | _ | _ | _ |
| Hartford* (Connecticut) | 292 | _ | 292 | - |
| Manhattan (See (c) below) | 1,489 | 122 | 16 | 1,35 |
| Portsmouth (New Hampshire) | | | • | - |
| Providence (Rhode Island) | | _ | _ | - |
| Mid-Atlantic Region | 714,088 | 701,458 | 12,251 | 37 |
| Baltimore * (Maryland & D.C.) Newark * (New Jersey) | 244 | -== | - | 24 |
| Newark* (New Jersey) Philadelphia (See (e) below) | 490 | . 396 | 12.188 | 8 |
| Pittsburgh (See (e) below) | | | 12,188 | - |
| Pittsburgh (See (e) below) | | 701,062 | 54 | 41 |
| Richmond (Virginia) Wilmington (Delaware) | 701,164 | 701,062 | 54 | - |
| | 1,217,077 | 1,206,382 | 9.265 | 1.43 |
| Atlanta (Georgia) | 1,217,077 | | 9,265 | 1,43 |
| Birmingham (Alabama) | | 11,389 | | - |
| Birmingham (Alabama) Columbia (South Carolina) | 3,240 | 10 | 3,240 | |
| Greensboro (North Carolina) | | | | 54 |
| Greensboro (North Carolina) Jackson (Mississippi) | | 1,194,914 | 1,005 | 34 |
| Jacksonville* (Florida) | 4,527 | == | 4,115 | 34 |
| Jacksonville* (Florida) | | 69 | 4,113 | 54: 34: |
| Nashville* (Tennessee) | | 440.455 | 0.000 | 34, |
| Cincinnat (See (d) below) | | 449,455 | 3,032 | 31 |
| | | _ | | _ |
| Cleveland | 655 | - | 653 | |
| Detroit (Michigan) (Indianapolis (Indiana) | | | 32 | |
| | 536 | | 536 | 2 |
| Louisville (Kentucky) Parkersburg (West Virginia) | | 449,455 | 1,692 | 2 |
| Parkersburg (West Virginia) | | _ | 118 | 27 |
| Ildwest Region (South Dakota) | | - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | 9 | 21 |
| Aberdeen (South Dakota) Chicago* (See (b) below) | 263 | _ | 3 | 26 |
| | 203 | - | 3 | 20 |
| Fargo (North Dakota) | | - | _ | - |
| Milwaukee (Wisconsin) | | _ | 5 | 1 |
| Omaha (Nebraska) | | - | • | |
| St. Louis (Missouri) | | - | Ξ | |
| St. Paul (Minnesota) | | _ | _ | |
| Springfield (See (b) below) | | = | = | _ |
| iouthwest Region | 223 | 7 | 213 | 7 |
| Albuquerque (New Mexico) | | | | |
| Austin® (See (f) below) | 222 | - 2 | 213 | - |
| Chevenne (Wyoming) | | <u>-</u> | | |
| Dallas (See (f) below) | • | - | | - |
| Denver (Colorado) | | | _ | - |
| Little Rock | | -: | - : | _ |
| New Orleans // outsigns) | | • | • | |
| | - | _ | _ | _ |
| Wichita (Kansas) | | _ | | - |
| estern Region | 126 | - | 14 | 11 |
| Anchorage (Alaska) | | • | | |
| Boise (Idaho) | | _ | _ | _ |
| Helena (Montana) | | _ | Ē | |
| Honolulu (Hawaii) | | g 1 | _ | |
| Los Angeles (See (a) below) | | , . | 13 | 8: |
| Phoenix (Arizona) | | . 1 | _ | |
| Portland (Oregon) | | • | _ | ; |
| Reno(Nevada) | · | _ | • | - |
| San Lake City (Utah) | | a = = | - | 21 |
| Sail Lake City (Utah) San Francisco® (See (a) below) | | • | 1 | 21 |
| Sall Lake City (Utah) San Francisco* (See (a) below) Seattle (Washington) Hice of International Operations* | 4 | • | • | |
| mice of international Operations* | | 87 | 11,947 | |
| Puerto Rico | | 87 | 11,947 | |
| Other | | _ | _ | - |
| ndistributed: | | | | |
| Federal lax deposits 10 | ······ — | _ | | - |
| Gasoline, lubricating oil, and excess | | | | |
| FICA credits 11 | | | _ | - |
| Transferred to Government of Guam | | _ | - | - |
| Withheld taxes of Federal employees | | - | _ | - |
| Clearing account for Excise taxes— | | | | |
| aviation fuel and oil—Air Force and | | | | |
| Navy | | | - | - |
| Presidential Election Fund 12 | | _ | _ | - |
| Earned Income Credits 12 | | _ | - | - |
| Tota | is for States not shown above | | | |
| (a) Calitornia | | | 13 | 104 |
| (b) Illinois | | _ | 3 | 260 |
| (c) New York | 1 500 | 131 | 104 | 1 363 |
| | 1,598 | | 10- | 1,305 |
| (d) Ohio | | | | |
| (d) Ohio(e) Pennsylvania | 655 | | 653 12,189 | 2 |

Table 1.—Internal revenue collections by sources and by internal revenue regions, districts, States, and other areas—Continued (in thousands of dollars)

| | | _ | Mai | nufacturer's | exclse taxes | | | Ret | aller's excise to | |
|--|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|----------------------|------------------|--|---|
| nternal revenue regions sther areas [†] (States repr districts indicated in par other States shown at bo | ssented by single entheses : totals for | Total | Gasoline | Lubrica- ting oil, etc. | Tires (wholly or in part of rubber), inner tubes and tread rubber | Motor vehicle chassis bodies, parts and accessories | Other | Total | Non- Commercial aviation tuel gesoline | Nor Commercia aviation function othe that gasolin |
| | | (30) | (31) | (32) | (33) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) | (38 |
| | | 6,068,682 | 4,322,077 | 100,929 | 792.957 | 754,734 | 97,985 | 480,602 | 10,390 | 30.014 |
| United States, total forth-Atlantic Region | | 395,452 | 139,630 | 574 | 182,028 | 16,532 | 56,688 | 22,874 1,599 | 648 50 | 2,447 77 |
| Albany | (See (c) below) | 4,079 5,905 | 3,604 4,791 | 8 | 68 642 | 305 123 | 348 | 1.703 | 42 | 61 |
| Albany | (Mane) | 50.976 | 44.748 | 202 | 719 | 957 | 4,349 | 4,120 | 114 | 125 |
| Boston | (Massachusells) | 45,805 | 10.098 | 45 | 32,966 | 2,535 | 159 | 1.444 6.104 | 61 148 | 73 1,002 |
| Brooklyn | (See (c) below) | 61,270 | 22.333 | 41 | 21,737 65 | 3,155 79 | 14,002 | 670 | | 25 |
| Buffalo | (See (c) below) (Vermont) (Connecticut) | 1,886 168,451 | 1.572 16.295 | 34 | 115 474 | 5.068 | 31,580 | 3,369 | 20 70 | 441 |
| Hartford* | (Connecticut) | 44,594 | 25.677 | 231 | 10.014 | 3.692 | 4,981 | 2,157 | 104 23 | 52i |
| Manhatian | (New Hampshire) | 2,613 | 1,553 | 13 | 158 185 | 100 518 | 802 202 | 1,180 530 | 16 | 4 |
| Providence | (Rhode Island) | 9.875 | 8.957 570,943 | 20,686 | | 83,554 | 6.363 | 53.096 | 770 | 4,871 |
| lid-Atlantic Region | own, maggir more | 766,300 83,360 | 35,089 | 477 | 46,518 | 1,116 | 160 | 3,691 | 72 | 11: |
| Baltimore* | (New Jersey) | 103.727 | 80,611 | 3,793 | 10,189 | 5,262 69,164 | 3,871 1,337 | 8.615 12,435 | 252 134 | 1,82- 48 |
| Philadelphia | (See (e) below) | 264,301 | 164,496 268,694 | 6,006 10,408 | 23,297 3.856 | 6.915 | 105 | 19,968 | 170 | 1,35 |
| Pittsburgh | (See (c) below) (Vermont) (Connecticut) (See (c) below) (New Hampshire) (Rnode Island) (Maryland & D.C.) (New Jersey) (See (e) below) (See (e) below) (Vrgnia) | 289,978 | 20.805 | 10,408 | 881 | 983 | 859 | 6,537 | 128 | 31 |
| Hichmond | (Virginia) | 1,404 | 1,247 | | | 114 | 30 | 1.649 57.470 | 14 1 623 | 78 4.16 |
| outheast Region | (Contract) | 183,000 | 137,673 | 555 110 | | 24,885 8,885 | 3,502 78 | 9,176 | 246 | 1,63 |
| Atlanta | (Georgia) | 35,220 21,352 | 24.860 12.992 | 27 | 2,147 | 6.001 | 184 | 5,158 | 150 | - 58 |
| Birmingham | See (e) below) (See (e) below) (See (e) below) (Virginia) (Oeloware) (Georgia) (Alabamarciline) (Asbamarciline) (North Carolina) (Mississippi) (Florida) (Tennessee) | 18.801 | 17,470 | 21 | 330 | 540 3,779 | 439 | 3.109 | 121 | 41 52 |
| Columbia | (North Carolina) | 49,754 16,702 | 42.895 | 8 | 2,923 | 3,779 | 148 29 | 10,067 3,807 | 248 137 | 15 |
| Jackson | (Mississippi) | 16,702 | 7,729 11,545 | 194 | 8,248 868 | 694 2,044 | 2,496 | 15.384 | 517 | 1,39 |
| Jacksonville | (Florida) | 17,147 24,025 | 20,181 | 193 | 580 | 2,942 | 127 | 10,769 | 204 | 63 |
| Nashville* | (Tennessee) (See (d) below) (Indiana) (Kentucky) (Wast Virginia) (See (D) below) (Norin Dakota) (Norin Dakota) (Marin Dakota) (Marin Dakota) (Missouri) (Missouri) (Minseouri) | 1,195,397 | 423,529 | 6.187 | 460.735 | 302,745 | 2,201 | 59,601 | 829 | 2,57 |
| Cincinnatis | (See (d) below) | 28.962 | 18,324 | 242 | 7,952 | 2,375 | 70 379 | 4,397 18,685 | 135 51 | 47 47 |
| Cleveland | (See (d) below) | 675.488 328,491 | 180.490 86.957 | 2,381 570 | 444,350 7,379 | 47,886 232,408 | 1,177 | 11.750 | 262 | 51 |
| Detroit | (Michigan) | 54,579 | 37,616 | 35 | 257 | 16.130 | 540 | 12,832 | 222 91 | 58 |
| Indianapolis | (Indiana) | 102,921 | 96.500 | 2,924 | 555 | 2.925 | 16 | 9,452 | | 26 24 |
| Louisville | (Meet Virginia) | 4,959 | 3.642 | 35 | | 1,021 | 19 15,7 89 | 2,485 81,247 | 66 1.471 | 3,73 |
| Wirkers Paging | (**esi viigina) | 775,181 | 570,717 5.619 | 10,954 | 14,032 | 163,690 1,340 | 15,/69 | 2,181 | 60 | 9 |
| Aberdeen | (South Dakota) | 7,023 460,390 | 308.731 | 7.932 | 6,897 | 130,618 | 6.211 | 26,368 | 214 | 67 |
| Chicago • | (See (b) below) | 30,600 | 21.466 | 115 | 3,777 | 4,700 | 542 | 8,796 | 179 | 24 8 |
| Des Moines | (North Dakota) | 6.584 | 5,600 | .39 | 197 | 744 10.669 | 1.846 | 1,802 8,637 | 64 174 | 45 |
| Milwaukee | (Wisconsin) | 79,606 8.590 | 66,441 7,153 | 179 | | 874 | 211 | 4,562 | 154 | 30 |
| Omaha | (Nebraska) | 78.239 | 66,556 | 1,314 | | 7,440 | 632 | 12,638 | 208 | 1,05 |
| St. Louis | (Missouri) | 62,540 | 52,415 | 1,041 | 252 | 2,836 | 5,997 | 9,867 | 275 143 | 56 26 |
| St. Paul | (See (h) hatow) | 41,608 | 36,736 | | 54 5.991 | 4,469 28,218 | - 345 3,001 | 6,396 119,032 | 2,509 | 8.52 |
| Southwest Region | | 1, 991,539 5,961 | 1,906,019 5.839 | 48,310 | 53 | 68 | 1 | 3.877 | 141 | 9 |
| Albuquerque | (New Mexico) | 1,078,386 | 1.039.652 | 32,126 | 2.600 | 3,897 | 112 | 42,948 | 536 | 3,82 |
| Austin® | (See (I) DelOw) | 26,290 | 26.226 309,106 | | 3 16 | 41 | 470 | 3,571 26,969 | 74 332 | 1,19 |
| Dallas | (See (I) below) | 327,581 | 309,106 32,451 | 8,043 48 | 3 1,318 358 | 8,643 3,306 | 588 | 4.610 | 314 | 75 |
| Denver | (Colorado) | 36,744 78,676 | 75.124 | 504 | 68 | 1,627 | 1.354 | 6,628 | 218 | 23 |
| Little Rock | (Arkansas) | 33,730 337,274 | 29 886 | 374 | 1 14 | 3 226 | 230 | 6,588 | 340 | 94 1.01 |
| Oklahoma City | (Oklahoma) | 337,274 | 323,672 | 6,721 | 1 1,407 9 158 | 5.307 2,104 | 167 | 14,557 9,082 | 305 249 | 36 |
| Wichita | (Kansas) | 86,897 7 61,394 | 54,063 573,541 | 13,663 | | 135.097 | 10,440 | 87,222 | 2,537 | 3.70 |
| Western Region | | 71 71 | 10 | 15,00 | 9 | 49 | 3 | 1,122 | 146 | 23 |
| Anchorage | (Alaska) | 3,190 | 2,750 | 1 | | | 106 | 2,815 2,392 | 82 105 | 11 |
| Helena | (Montana) | 1,340 | 982 167 | _ | - 119 243 | 173 26 | 66 159 | 350 | 38 | |
| Honolulu | (Hawaii) | 597 270,004 | 220,364 | 4,652 | 2 24,892 | | 4,698 | 20,834 | 640 | 1,27 |
| Los Angeles | (Minnesota) (See (b) below) (New Mexico) (See (f) below) (Wyoming) (See (f) below) (Wyoming) (Arkarasa) (Louisiana) (Okanoma) (Arkarasa) (Arkar | 7,450 | 843 | | 4 254 | 6,319 | 30 | 6.809 | 234 | 27 |
| Phoenix | (Arizona) | 38,910 | 4,078 | 70 | 0 771 | 32,652 | 1,341 | 6,029 2,273 | 203 109 | 39 20 |
| Reno | (Nevada) | | 2,263 | | · 34 | 501 | 2,821 | 5,330 | 92 | |
| Salt Lake City | (Ulah) | 6.622 344.780 | 329,159 | 8.903 | 3 1,726 | 4,403 | 588 | 34,971 | 659 | 77 |
| San Francisco* | (See (a) below) | 86,106 | 9,784 | 33 | 3 277 | 75,384 | 628 | 4,297 59 | 229 2 | 18 |
| Seame | (Washington) | 419 | 25 | - | - 379 | 13 | 1 | 29 | | |
| Puerto Rico | ********* | 419 | 25 | _ | 37 | 13 | - 1 | 55 | 2 | |
| Other | | 419 | 23 | | - 3/. | | | | | |
| Indistributed: | | Ξ | _ | - | | | - | _ | - | |
| Gasoline, lubricating of | il, and excess FICA credits*1 ment of Guam | _ | _ | | | : = | _ | _ | _ | |
| Transferred to Govern | ment of Guam | _ | _ | | | | _ | _ | = | |
| Withheld taxes of Fed | erai employees | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Clearing account for E aviation fuel and oil | Air Force and | | | | | | _ | _ | | |
| Navy | | | _ | _ | _ : | : <u>-</u> | _ | _ | = | |
| Presidential Election F | und 12 g 13 | = | _ | _ | - 3 | . = | _ | - | _ | |
| | - | | Totals fo | r States no | t shown above | | | | | |
| | (a) California | 614.784 501,998 | 549.523 345.467 | 3 13.55 7 7,93 | 55 26,61 35 6,95 | 8 19,802 1 135,087 | 5,286 6,556 | 55,80 32,76 | 4 357 | 2.0 9 |
| | (b) Illinois (c) New York | 501,998 155,748 | 61,712 | 7.93 | 35 6.90 25 64,78 | 7 9,687 | 19,236 | 11,304 | 4 363 | 1,6 |
| | C) New York | 704,448 | 198,814 | 2,62 | 23 452,30 | 2 50,261 | 449 | 23.08 | 2 186 3 304 | 1,8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Ohio (e) Pennsylvania (l) Texas | 554.279 1,405,967 | 433,190 1,348,756 |) 16,41 3 40,16 | | | 1,442 582 | 32,403 69,91 | 7 868 | |

Table 1.—Internal revenue collections by sources and by internal revenue regions, districts, States, and other areas—Continued (In thousands of dollars)

| ternal revenue regions, dis | tricts, States and | Retailer's excise Continued | taxes | | | liscellaneous e | cise taxes | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|--|---|--|--|------|
| her areas * (States represent stricts indicated in parenthe her States shown at bottom o | ses: totals for | Diesel and special motor fuels | Other | Total | Telephone and teletype- writer services | Transpor- tation of persons by air | Use of international air travel facilities | Transpor- tation of property by sir | Sug |
| | | (39) | (40) | (41) | (42) | (43) | (44) | (45) | (4 |
| | | 440,190 | 8 | 3,165,171 | 1,708,778 | 957,251 | 58.296 | | |
| orth-Atlantic Region Albany (See Augusta (Ma Boston (Ma Boston (See Burfalo (See Burfalo (See Burfangton (Ver | (c) below) | 19,772 | Ĕ | 478.836 | 255.023 | 136,565 | 19,261 | 55,147 6,232 | 1 |
| Augusta* (Ma | ne) | 1,472 1,579 | _ | 4,219 | 2,562 | 106 | _ | 3 | |
| Boston (Ma: | ne) ssachusetts) | 3.881 | | 3.242 85.754 | 1.842 | 135 | • | 3 | |
| Brooklyn (See | (c) below) | 1,309 | _ | 145.712 | 78,657 40 | 796 130,549 | 6 | 34 | : |
| Burinotes (See | (C) below) | 4,955 | _ | 11,917 | 6.904 | 258 | 6.247 | 6.075 | - |
| Hartford® (Cor | mont) | 625 | - | 881 | 196 | 61 | - | 18 | |
| Hartford (Cor Manhattan (See | (c) helow) | 2,859 | - | 31.800 | 26.881 | 205 | , | 14 | |
| Portsmouth (New | (c) below) mont) inecticut) (c) below) v Hampshire) | 1,517 | 8 | 193.158 | 137,701 | 4.497 | 13.005 | 62 | |
| | de island) | 471 | _ | 1,260 893 | 240 | 24 | | -1 | |
| d-Atlantic Region | yland & D.C.) | 47,455 | _ | 285,735 | 208,534 | 26.425 | 1.019 | 14 | - |
| | yland & D.C.) | 3,705 | _ | 74,194 | 39.219 | 25.380 | 614 | 817 568 | |
| Philadelphia (See Pittsburgh (See | (e) below) | 6,539 | _ | 72,676 | 60.724 | 345 | 394 | 43 | |
| "Ittsburgh (See | (6) helow) | 11.821 18,443 | _ | 75.190 | 60.524 | 342 | 5 | 153 | |
| Richmond (Virg | nia) ware) | 6.098 | _ | 16,591 44,892 | 8.971 | 143 | | 11 | |
| wilmington (Deli | sware) | 850 | _ | 2,190 | 39.095 | 167 | 6 | 42 | |
| | rgia) | 51,679 | _ | 628,376 | 283.848 | 277,520 | 9.055 | 10,739 | • -1 |
| | ngra) | 7,295 | _ | 261.609 | | 126.393 | 1.393 | 338 | - |
| | nama) th Carolina) | 5,597 2,576 | _ | 107.429 | 125.146 102.554 | 15 | | 336 | |
| | | 2.576 9.291 | - | 5.208 | 2,285 | 132 | | 28 | - |
| ackeon (Mic | | 3.513 | = | 42,630 3,392 | 21.732 | 10.394 | 32 | 461 | |
| lacksonville* (Flor lashville* (Ten | ida) | 13.475 | = | 180,127 | 534 25,543 | 73 131,256 | F 000 | 119 | • |
| lashville*(Ten ntral Region | nessee) | 9.931 | _ | 27,980 | 6.055 | 9.256 | 6.869 761 | 5.166 4.624 | - |
| incinnate /See | (d) below | 56,201 | - | 256,494 | 201,682 | 2.001 | 42 | 2,159 | |
| ntral Region Cincinnati ^a (See Cleveland (See Detroit (Mich | (d) below) | 3.787 | _ | 30,896 | 24.025 | 702 | 7 | 12 | |
| Detroit (Mich | igan) | 18.160 10.976 | - | 75.313 | 62,931 | 427 | | 491 | |
| ndianapolis (India | ina) | 12,029 | | 82,866 48,302 | 62.768 | 500 | 20 | 1.612 | |
| ouisville (Ken | lucky) | 9.072 | = | 9 242 | 38,653 5.483 | 195 | 21 | 26 | |
| Parkersburg (West | t Virginia) | 2,177 | | 9.242 9.874 | 8.023 | 132 45 | -: | 15 | |
| hordoon (Co. | h Dakota) | 76.039 | | B23,954 | 385,907 | 339,461 | 14,092 | 20.904 | - |
| berdeen (Sou hicago (See Des Moines (Iowa | (b) below) | 2.030 | _ | 1.917 | 769 | 8 | 14,082 | 20,904 | |
| Des Moines (Inwa | il | 25.481 | _ | 303,547 | 86.470 | 181,400 | 8.349 | 6.647 | |
| argo (Nort | n Dakota) | 8,374 1,649 | _ | 10.546 | 5,263 | 99 | = | 134 | |
| argo (Nort Siwaukee (Wisc Imaha (Neb II Louis (Miss | n Dakota) consin) aska) | 8.010 | _ | 2,191 44,550 | 900 35,554 | | | 1 | - |
| maha (Neb | raska) | 4.107 | _ | 75,617 | 72,497 | 702 51 | ! | 154 | |
| i. Paul (Miss | ouri) | 11.375 | _ | 297,158 | 166.452 | 107.213 | 2.526 | 11,574 | - |
| pringfield (See | ouri) lesola) (b) below) | 9.024 | - | 71.960 | 5.859 12,144 | 49.712 | 3.212 | 2.384 | |
| thwest Region | (b) below) | 5,987 108,002 | - | 16,468 | 12,144 | 49.712 275 | 3 | 2.304 | |
| buquerque (New | Mexico) | 3,638 | _ | 239,399 | 103,374 | 77,718 | 2,256 | 2.838 | |
| | | 38,583 | _ | 1,398 41,833 | 195 2,001 | 72 23,122 | | 47 | - |
| neyenne (Wyo | ming) (f) below) | 3,402 | _ | 1,145 | 169 | 23.122 | 539 | 692 | - |
| alias (See | rado) | 25,446 | | | 17.949 | 37.281 | 1,475 | 1.362 | - |
| | nsas) | 3,746 | _ | 91,498 5.334 | 71,006 | 15.251 | 104 | 521 | |
| ew Orleans (Louis | iana) | 6,179 5,300 | _ | 5.334 | 1.854 | 119 | 5 | 10 | - |
| inie Hock (Arka ew Orleans (Louis Iklahoma City (Okla | siana) | 13,239 | _ | 8,577 8,191 | 2,182 1.482 | 1.515 | 131 | 23 165 | - |
| klahoma City (Okla (Kans stern Region nchorage (Alasl ose (Idah elena (Monl onolulu (Haw | as) | 8,469 | _ | 11,367 | 1,482 6,525 | 131 208 | | | - |
| neboraca | 40.000.000.000.000 | 80,985 | _ | 445,070 | 270,210 | 94.010 | F 9.882 | 18 11.458 | - |
| nicionage (Alasi | (a) | 740 | _ | 11,150 | 3,567 | 4.395 | 7 9,882 153 | 11,458 1,998 | |
| elena (Moni | ana) | 2.616 | _ | 2,248 | 203 | 33 | 133 | 1.398 | _ |
| onolulu (Haw: | aii) | 2,189 259 | _ | 2,163 | 484 | 94 | • | 151 | - |
| os Angeles (See | (a) below) | 18,917 | _ | 21,835 | 16,100 | 4.067 | 98 | 573 | - |
| hoenix(Arızo | na) on) | 6.298 | Ξ | 142,230 3,263 | 36,230 111 | 78.872 239 | 6.299 | 5.514 | |
| ortland (Oreg | on) | 5,430 | _ | B.416 | 1,973 | 239 97 | ! | 362 | - |
| alt Lake City // #== | | 1,959 | _ | 8.800 | 162 | 441 | | 379 26 | |
| eno (Neva all Leke City (Utah an Francisco (See | a) belaw) | 5,153 | - | 2,069 | 169 | 103 | _ | 3 | - |
| attle (Wasi | angton) | 33,540 3,885 | - | 185,029 | 163.464 | 3.508 | 2.671 | 2.353 | : |
| ce of International Operational Operation | ma * | 3.805 58 | | 57.868 7.308 | 47,747 | 2.161 | 660 | 98 | _ |
| | | 4 | _ | 7.308 | | 3,452 | 2.689 | • • | - |
| her | | 54 | - | 7,294 | _ | 3.452 | 2.684 | - | - |
| istributed: kleral tax deposits 10 | | | | | | U,73E | 2.004 | | - |
| asoline. Iub neating oil and e | vense FICA cradite ¹¹ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| ansferred to Government of | Guam | Ξ | | _ | _ | - | - | _ | - |
| ithheld taxes of Federal emp | lovees | _ | _ | = | _ | _ | _ | Ξ | _ |
| earing account for Excise ta: | es | | - | _ | _ | _ | | | - |
| aviation fuel and oil—Air For Navv | ce and | | | | | | • | | |
| esidential Flaction Fund 12 | | - | _ | _ | - | _ | - | | |
| Navy esidential Election Fund 12 . irned Income Credits 13 | | _ | - | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| | | | otals for Sta | les not shown a | nhove - | | | | |
| (a) Ca | lifornia | 52,457 | | 327,259 | 199,694 | 82,381 | 6.970 | 7 867 | |
| | WS | 31,469 | _ | 320.015 | 98.614 | 181,675 | 8.353 | 7.867 6.656 | |
| ini Ala | | | | | | | | | |
| | w York | 9,253 | 8 | 355.006 | 147,207 | 135,410 | 19.252 | 6.158 | |
| (a) On (a) Pe | w York io nnsylvania as | 9,253 21,946 30,265 | . 8 | 355.006 106,209 91,782 | 147,207 86,956 69,495 | 135,410 1,129 465 | 19.252 | | _ |

Table 1.—Internal revenue collections by sources and by internal revenue regions, districts, States, and other areas—Continued (In thousands of dollars)

| Internal revenue regions, dis | tricts. States and | | | WISCENS/1601 | us excise taxes—(| Continues | n-i | | |
|--|---|--|-------------------|----------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| other areas* (States represe districtindicated in parenthe other States shown at botton | nted by single ses; totats for | Coin- operated gaming devices | Occupa- tional | Wagers | Use tax on highway motor yahicles | Use tax on civil aircraft | Private foundations net investment income | Other | Unclassi fiec excise ter |
| | | (47) | (48) | (49) | (50) | (51) | (52) | (53) | (54 |
| United States, total | | 6,563 | 776 | 6,632 | 226,209 | 22,788 | 78,592 | 44,126 | 313,118 |
| North-Atlantic Region | | 63 | 9 | 239 | 18,921 1,220 | 3,256 48 | 25 024 209 | 14,135 | 176,239 |
| Albany | e (C) DelOW) | 36 | | 18 | 1,220 | 24 | 209 | 53 15 | -1.017 |
| Augusia* | aine) | 20 | - | 166 | 3,686 | 109 | 2.120 | 154 | 6.513 |
| Brooklyn (S | e (C) below) | | 5 | 14 | 2.046 | 135 | 263 | 343 | -85,401 |
| Buffalo(S | se (C) below) | = - | 2 | 39 | 3,389 | 94 | 1,134 | 79 | - 10.735 |
| Burlington (V | ermont) | 1 | - | - | 419 | 12 | 160 | . 19 | 72 |
| Hartford (C | nnecticut) | - | • | ; | 2,212 3,706 | 94 2.705 | 1.226 19.451 | 1.165 12.028 | 218.862 54.581 |
| Manhatian (S | e (c) Delow) | 6 | 7 | : | 667 | 2.705 | 180 | 115 | 34.381 |
| Augusta* (M Boston (M Brooklyn (S Burlaio (S Burlington (V Hartford* (C Manhattan (S Portsmouth (N Providence (R | hode Island) | _ | 1 | 1 | 484 | 10 | 187 | 163 | -6614 |
| Aid-Atlantic Region | | 471 | 16 | 304 | 27,852 | 920 | 11,956 | 7,418 | 799,21 |
| Baltimore* (M | aryland & D.C.) | 380 | 1 | 149 | 3,491 | 262 164 | 1,119 2,461 | 3.012 | 250.380 550.275 |
| Newark® (N Philadelphia (Si | ew Jersey) | 8 | 1 | 14 | 6,084 8,039 | 172 | 4,754 | 1,185 | -83,618 |
| Pritabergh (S | e (e) below) | 45 | ż | 18 | 4.593 | 126 | 2,393 | 283 | 14.386 |
| Richmond (V | rgmia) | 34 | ė | 108 | 4,622 | 162 | 426 | 223 277 | 4.329 |
| Withington (D | elaware) | | 1 | 2 | 1.024 | 35 | 802 | 277 | 63.467 |
| Southeast Region | | 1,713 | 122 | 601 | 33,404 | 4,362 | 4,961 | 2,054 | 356,340 |
| Atlanta (G | eorgia) | 19 | 9 | 123 | 4,697 4,398 | 1,724 | 975 138 | 791 154 | -89.886 -44.193 |
| Birmingham (A) | abama) | 221 | 6 | 48 76 | 4,398 2,137 | 108 71 | 738 231 | 154 21 | 2.039 |
| Columbia (S. Greensboro (N. Jackson (M. Jackson (F. Nashville* (T. Nashville* (T. C. T. C. | orth Carolina) | 24 | 29 | 73 | 7.243 | 341 | 2,114 | -187 | 2,939 |
| Jackson (M | issesioni | 128 | 29 20 | 35 | 2.334 | 71 | 48 | 30 | -895 |
| Jacksonville* (F | Orida) | 3 | 2 53 | 29 | 8.359 | 1,683 | 761 | 468 | ~ 32,856 |
| Nashville*(Te | nnessee) | 1,318 | 53 | 217 | 4,237 | 362 | 694 11.986 | 403 | 519,191 |
| | | 243 23 | 136 6 | 323 40 | 34,954 4,595 | 987 133 | 11,986 | 1,781 | - 141,587 48,020 |
| Cincinnatis (S | ee (d) below) se (d) below) | 31 | 14 | 43 | 8,523 | 208 | 1.922 | 723 | - 169,836 |
| Cleveland (S Detroit (M | chigan) | | '7 | 12 | 10.053 | 356 | 7.157 | 385 | - 22 228 |
| Indianapolis (Ir | diana) | 33 | 56 13 | 155 | 7.360 | 179 | 1,461 | 163 | A 036 |
| Indianapolis (In Lauisville (K | entucky) | 9 | 13 | 28 | 3.028 | 71 | 333 | 163 130 35 | -4,726 |
| Parkersburg (W | est Virginia) | 147 | 46 | 44 | 1,397 | 40 | 98 10.422 | 35 | ~851 |
| lidwest Region | outh Dakota) | 163 | 34 1 5 5 | 358 5 | 40,190 1,059 | 6,606 30 | 10.422 | 5,812 11 | - 173,453 157 |
| Aberdeen (Si Chicago I (S | ne (b) below) | 42 9 | ė, | 75 | 8.607 | 3.381 | 4,501 | 3 901 | - 23.305 |
| Des Moines (lo | wa) | | 5 | 75 17 | 4,494 | 117 | 319 | 95 53 | 723 |
| Fargo | orth Dakota) | 2 | _ | • | 1,174 | 50 | 10 | 53 | 520 |
| Fargo (N Milwaukee (W | orth Dakota) | 7 | 13 2 5 | | 5,725 | 204 | 1.782 | 428 | - 5.082 |
| Omaha (N | ebraska) | 25 59 | 13 | 175 55 | 2,476 5.651 | 103 1,555 | 178 1.542 | 98 528 | - 9.816 - 130.932 |
| St. Louis (M | (\$50uri) | 1 | É | 15 | 7,279 | 1.013 | 1.897 | 583 | - 5.531 |
| St. Paul (M Springfield (S | an (h) helow) | 24 | 2 | 15 | 3.526 | 152 | 202 | 116 | - 187 |
| outhwest Region | 90 (b) 0010W) | 148 | 50 | 217 | 35.488 | 2,642 | 7,978 | 6,690 | - 567,626 |
| Albuquerque (N | ew Mexico) | 16 | 1 | .1 | 962 | 71 | | 25 | 1,242 |
| Austin* (S | ee (1) below) | . 3 | 5 | 45 | 7.560 815 | 602 | 3.777 67 | 3.488 -5 | - 233.638 - 2,948 |
| Austin* (S Cheyenne (W Dallas (S | ee (i) below) ee (i) below) clorado) kansas) | 19 | -8 | 49 | 8,655 | 61 834 | 1,688 | 749 | - 193,493 |
| Dallas (S | e (I) below) | 26 | | 1 | 3.166 | 304 | 840 | 278 | - 20.154 |
| Denver (C Little Rock (A | kansas) | 1 | 16 | 54 | 3.046 | 92 | 54 | 73 | - 20.154 -67,701 |
| New Orleans (Lr | nuisiana) | 7 | 15 | 54 | 3.047 | 171 | 350 | 1.080 | - 303 |
| Little Bock (A. New Orleans (L. Oklahoma City (O. Wichta (K. Western Region Anchorage (A. Boise (Id. Helena (M. M. A. Chorage (M. Melena (M. M. Chorage (M. Melena (M. M. Chorage (M. Chorage (M | klahoma) | 61 | 4 | 14 | 4.211 4.026 | 356 | 911 284 | 857 | -26.161 -24.470 |
| Wichita (K. | ansas) | 3,7 6 2 | 409 | 4.584 | 4,026 34,795 | 152 3.997 | 6,166 | 144 5.793 | 144.451 |
| Vestern Hegion | | 3,702 | 12 | | 663 | 305 | 0,100 A | 40 | -706 |
| Anchorage (A | abo) | | 1 | 7 | 1,778 | 305 53 | 34 | 147 | 418 |
| Helena (M | ontaga) | 59 | 18 | 3 | 1.238 574 | 62 | 26 | 27 | 705 |
| Honolulu (H | gwaii) | 63 | • | 1 | 574 | 68 | 251 | 40 | - 9.603 |
| Los Angeles (S. | na (a) helowi | 18 | - | 6 | 7.961 2.065 | 1,915 | 2.672 174 | 2.742 | -30.002 -3.191 |
| Phoenix (A Portland (O | izona) | 14 300 | | : | 5.003 | | 1/4 | 83 | 237,394 |
| Portland (O | regon) | 3.061 | 99 | 4 229 | 444 | 353 104 | 218 | 123 | 703 |
| Reno (N | (ah) | 119 | 41 | 9 | 1.459 | 48 | 91 | 28 | 683 |
| Salt Lake City (U San Francisco* (S Seattle (W | ae (a) helow) | 9 | 1 | 5 | 9.391 | 609 | 1,472 | 1.544 | ~60.342 |
| Seattle (V | ashington) | 119 | 237 | 325 | 4.220 | 266 | 1,033 | 1.002 | 8.392 |
| Office of International Oper | ations* | _ | = | 5 5 | 604 | 17 | 98 | 444 | - 3,669 -6 |
| Puerto Rico | | _ | _ | 3 | 604 | 17 | 94 | 443 | - 3.863 |
| Other | | | _ | | 004 | 17 | | 443 | - 5.500 |
| Federal tax deposits 10 | | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | | - 276.619 |
| Gasoline, lubricating oil an | d excess FICA credits 11 | Ξ | = | | = | _ | _ | = | _ |
| Gasoline, lubricating oil, an Transferred to Government | of Guam | _ | = | _ | _ | _ | | = | = |
| Withheld taxes of Federal (| mplovees | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | - |
| Clearing account for Excise | taxes— | | | | | | | | |
| aviation fuel and oil—Air | Force and | | | | | _ | | | 26 |
| Navy Presidential Flection Fund | 2 | = | | | | | _ | _ | - |
| | ? | = | = | = ' | _ | _ | = | = | =. |
| Earned Income Credits 13 . | | | Totals for Str | ites not shown | above | | | | |
| Earned Income Credits 13 | | | | | | | | | |
| (a) | California | 27 | 1 | 11 | 17,351 | 2.524 | 4,144 | 4.286 | -90.345 |
| (a) | California | 27 33 | 7 | 90 | 17,351 12,333 | 2.524 3.533 | 4.703 | 4,016 | - 23,492 |
| (a' (b) (c) | Minois | 33 1 | ź | 90 | 10.361 | 2.981 | 4.703 21,057 | 4.016 12.502 | - 23.492 - 41.579 |
| (a' (b) (c) | Cahfornia Illinois New York Ohio Pennsylvania | 27 33 1 54 49 | | | 17,351 12,333 10,361 13,117 12,632 | 2.524 3.533 2.981 340 298 | 4.703 | 4,016 | - 23,492 |

Table 2.—Internal revenue collections by sources and by quarters (In thousands of dollars)

| | | Quarter end | led | |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Source of revenue | December 31 1976 | March 31 1977 | June 30 1977 | September 30 1977 |
| Grand total | 70,772,100 | 87,137,933 | 115,791,903 | 84,437,480 |
| Corporation income tex ² | 10,896,898 | 12,441,983 | 24,684,510 | 12,026,414 |
| Individual income and employment taxes, total Income tax not withheld and SECA 2 * 5 Income tax withheld and FICA 2 * 5 Rainoad returnment Unemployment insurance Unemployment insurance | 53,901,517 1,617,603 51,300,365 466,728 | 67,556,307 10,814,088 56,051,905 471,293 | 85,203,868 25,855,950 58,338,670 484,972 | 66,169,887 7,795,607 57,238,286 485,810 |
| Estate fax Giff tax Secise taxes, total | 516,820 1,392,192 116,105 | 219.021 1,538,960 1,507,532 | 524.277 1,203,372 140,708 | 650.184 1,514,936 11,521 |
| Alcohol taxes, total ¹⁵ Distiled spints ¹⁴ Whes, cordials, etc. ¹⁸ Beer ¹⁴ | 4,485,389 1,254,955 909,641 47,387 297,927 | 4,093,152 1,298,236 . 971,553 43,741 282,942 | 4,559,445 1,334,739 922,013 42,613 370,113 | 4,714,722 1,518,704 1,024,253 46,935 447,516 |
| Tobacco taxes, total ** Cgaretes ** Cgars ** Other ** 15 | 429,311 476,833 11,714 764 | 660,249 650,818 8,424 1,007 | 609,260 601,426 6,934 901 | 6 99,681 688,443 10,056 1,183 |
| Manufacturer's excise taxes, total Gasoline . Lubrosting oil, etc. Tres (wholly or in part of nubber), inner tubes, and tread nubber Motor vehicles, chasse, bodies, parts and accessories Other 19 | 1,493,045 1,113,366 24,361 169,538 162,897 22,883 | 1,467,945 1,076,468 23,862 190,211 160,055 17,349 | 1,473,067 1,017,989 24,932 198,848 199,485 31,813 | 1,634,624 1,114,254 27,773 234,360 232,297 25,940 |
| Retailer's excise taxes, total Noncommercal availon gasoline Noncommercal availon fuel other than gasoline Diesel and special motor fuels Other 19 | 116,284 3,984 6,861 105,438 | 117,546 1,247 7,875 108,515 7 | 119,313 2,160 8,173 108,980 | 127,360 2,999 7,105 117,257 |
| Miscellaneous exciss taxes, total Telephone and letergewriter exchange services Trensportation of persons by a reference of international air rayes facilities Trensportation of property by air Supar Con-operated gaming devices Wagering Laxes | 755.851 468.419 226.869 16.526 12.980 10 | 778,615 446,921 243,852 13,582 12,824 10 147 | 715,908 391,747 226,283 12,462 14,159 5 | 914,797 401.691 260.247 15.726 15.183 -11 5.992 |
| Occupational Wagers Use tax on highway motor vehicles Use tax on civii arrural Exempt organizations, total Other 15 | 57 1.302 15.012 1.156 4.833 8.528 | 60 1.938 41,373 4,770 4.040 9.098 | 77 1,971 31,316 4,132 21,496 11,998 | 582 1,421 138,508 12,730 50,263 12,463 |
| Inclassified excise taxes | 415,944 | 229,539 | 307,158 | - 180,445 |

Table 3.—Internal revenue collections by sources, fiscal year 1977 and comparable 12-month period for 1976 (in thousands of dollars)

| In thousands of donars) | | |
|--|--|---|
| Sources of revenue | 1976 | 1977 |
| Grand total, all sources | 310,822,819 | 358,139,417 |
| Corporation income taxes, total 17 | 47,431,879 | 60,049,804 |
| Regular | 47,392,422 39,456 | 60,015,704 34,100 |
| individual income and employment taxes, total | 240,583,681 | 272,831,580 |
| Income lax not withheld and SECA 3 * 5 * 10 Income lax withheld and FECA 3 * 5 * 10 Income lax withheld and FECA 3 * 5 * 10 Income lax withheld and FECA 3 * 5 * 10 Income lax withheld and FECA 3 * 5 * 10 Income lax with | 39,667,646 197,567,618 1,723,212 1,625,205 | 46,083,249 222,929,226 1,906,803 1,910,302 |
| Estate tax ^{II} Init tax ^{II} Sectes taxes, total | 4,944,575 463,566 17,399,118 | 5,649,460 1,775,866 17,832,707 |
| Alcohol taxes, total Distilled spirits taxes, total Imported (collected by Customs, rates same as domestic) Domestic, \$10.50 per proof gallon or wine gallon when below proof ** Rectification, 30 cents per proof gallon ** | 5,399,055 3,877,986 697,692 3,140,973 27,607 | 5,406,633 3,827,460 689,815 3,103,140 18,326 |
| Occupational taxes: Nonbeverage manufacturers of spirits, \$25, \$50, \$100, per year | 100 | 93 |
| Rectifiers: ** Less than 20,000 proof gallons , \$110 per year . 20,000 proof gallons or more, \$220 per year . Petal dealer (dastilled spirits, wines, and been), \$54 per year . Wholesale dealer (dastilled spirits, wines and been), \$255 per year . Manufacturer of stills, \$55 per year . Sezures, penalties, atc . Sits or condensers manufactured, \$22 each . | 3 21 10,647 623 4 313 2 | 4 19 14,713 1,071 5 272 |
| Shits or condensers manufactured, \$22 each. Wines, cordiats, etc., taxes, total | 178.638 | 180,876 |
| | 22,497 | 27.335 |
| Imported (collected by Customs, rates same as domestic). Domestic (Stift-wines, 17 cents, 57 cents, \$2.25 per wine gation; spartding wines, \$3.40; artificially actionated wines, \$2.40 (injuries, coldisal, st 162). 14 | 151,951 | 152,573 |
| Occupational taxes: Refail dealers in wines or in wines and beer, \$54 per year. Wholesale dealers in wines or in wines and beer, \$25 per year. | 3,841 350 | 727 41 |
| Beer taxes, total | 1,342,430 | 1,398,497 |
| Imported (collected by Customs, rates same as domestic) Domestic, 59 per barried of 31 gallons 14 Occupational laxes: | 18,782 1,320,916 | 22,81 1,372,75 |
| | 16 | 12 |
| Less than 500 parries, 350 per year And Description of the State of t | 2,128 588 | 2,281 641 |
| Tobacco taxes, total | 2,514,321 | 2,398,50 |
| Cigarettes, total | 2,461,803 | 2,357,511 |
| C-1/C-1/O-1/O-1/O-1/O-1/O-1/O-1/O-1/O-1/O-1/O | 2,461,785 | 2,357,50 |
| Small (class A), 94 per thousand, except if over 61/s inches long 54 per thousand for each 21/s inches or faction thereof ¹⁴ . Propsyments. | 17 | 11 |
| Cigare, total | 49,053 | 37,12 |
| Large cigars, total ¹⁴ | 47,291 | 35,68 |
| Class A (Retailing at not over 21); certs each) 3.250 per thousand Class B (Over 21) certs, not over 4 certs acch). 3 per thousand Class C (Over 4 certs, not over 6 certs each). 3 per thousand Class D (Over 6 certs, not over 6 certs each). 5 per thousand Class B (Over 6 certs, not over 15 certs each). 5 per thousand Class B (Over 6 certs, not over 15 certs each). 5 to per thousand Class B (Over 15 certs, not over 20 certs each). 5 to per thousand Class B (Over 15 certs, not over 20 certs each). 5 to per thousand Wholessie prica not more than 12015 294 per thousand. 8 to per thousand Wholessie prica not more than 12015 294 per thousand. 8 to per thousand Wholessie prica not more than 12015 294 per thousand. 9 to per thousand | 7 856 4.371 9.775 16.525 10.886 4.870 | 13 33 1,52 3,96 5,90 4,24 1,93 16,69 |
| Small cigars, 75 cents per thousand | 1,738 23 | 1,42 |
| Imported cigars, cigarettes, cigarette papers and cigarette tubes (collected by Customs, rates same as domestic) | 2,063 71 1,332 | 2,46 1,39 |
| Miscellaneous tobacco Cigarette papers and tubes, papers one-half cent per 50; tubes 1 cent per 50 | 1,332 | 1,38 |

Table 3.—Internal revenue collections by sources, fiscal year 1977 and comparable 12-month period for 1976—Continued (In thousands of dollars)

| | 1976 | 197 |
|--|---------------------|----------|
| else taxes—Continued | | |
| Aanufacturer's excise taxes, total | 5,622,931 | 8,068,68 |
| Gasoline, 4 cents per gallon Lubricating oil, etc., 6 cents per gallon | 4,180,860 95,586 | 4,322,07 |
| Tires, twildly with part of rupper, inner tuper, and tread rupper; | 93,366 | 100,92 |
| than type used on highway vehicles), 1 cent per pound | 701.078 | 737.86 |
| | 29.981 | 30.72 |
| Mater vehicles chassis per pouls | 25,996 | 24,50 |
| Passenger automobiles, chassis, bodies, etc., 7 percent ²² Trucks, and buses, chassis, bodies, etc., 10 percent ²² | -212 | -2.6 |
| Posts and consensus fast state of the consensus fast state | 360,862 | 598.0 |
| | 133,042 | 159.2 |
| Pistols and revolvers, 10 percent | 12,743 | 13.3 |
| Fishing rods, creals, etc., 10 percent | 22,094 | 25.4 |
| Bows and arrows, 11 percent | 4.661 | 4.3 |
| Firearms (other than pistots and revolvers), shelts and cartridges, 11 percent | 55,747 | 54.8 |
| Other ²⁴ . | 493 | • ,,, |
| letailer's excise taxes, total | 430,037 | 480,6 |
| Noncommercial aviation gasoline, 3 cents per gallon | 10.677 | 10.3 |
| | 29.106 | 30.0 |
| | 390,238 | 440.1 |
| One) | 15 | 440,1 |
| liscellaneous exclae taxes, total | 3,159,372 | 3,165,1 |
| Telephone and teletypewriter exchange services ²³ | | |
| | 1,879,268 | 1,708,7 |
| | 832,218 | 957,2 |
| Use of international air-travel lectilities, \$3 per person Sugar, approximately half-cent per pound th Con-posetatel carming devices CSS per device per user | 45,795 | 55,1 |
| Sugar, approximately half-cent ner pound 26 | 54,196 | 58,2 |
| Con-operated gaming devices, \$250 per device per year | 772 | |
| | 6,425 | 6,5 |
| Occupational tax, \$500 per year | 1,046 | _ |
| | | _ 7 |
| orividenes permit valides yeighting over 20,000 pounds, 53 per 1,000 pounds per year (installment | 5,117 | 6,6 |
| Use lax on civil aircraft, \$25 per year with an additional 2 cents per pound on nonturbine engine powered over 2,500 pounds or 31/2 cents per pound on turbine engine powered | 219,912 | 226,2 |
| Firearms transfer and occupational taxes 27 | 21,601 | 22,7 |
| Interest equalization 28 | 342 | 58 |
| Foreign insurance | 1,436 | 4 |
| Exempt organizations, total | 28,128 | 38,9 |
| | 62,277 | 80,6 |
| Not investment income, 4 percent Self dealing, 5 percent on self-leader, lesser of \$10,000 or 2½ percent on foundation manager Excess business holdings, 5 percent on foundation. Tabable excenditures, 10 percent on foundation. | 59,859 | 78,5 |
| Figure husings haddings 5 percent on foundation | 310 | 2 |
| Taxable expenditures, 10 percent on foundation, lesser of \$5,000 or 21/2 percent on foundation | 9 | |
| Failure to timely file certain information returns, \$10 per day up to a maximum of \$5,000. | 95 | 11 |
| Failure to distribute income, 15 percent of undistributed income | 952 | 8. |
| | 950 | В |
| 5 percent on foundation manager | 102 | |
| Employee pension plans, total | 712 | 2.00 |
| Excess contributions to an IRA, 6 percent of excess amount | 479 | 1.7 |
| Tax on underdistributions from an IRA, 50 percent of underdistribution | _ | |
| Prohibited transactions, 5 percent of prohibited transaction | 232 | 2 |
| Tax on excess contributions to an HR-10 Plan, 6 percent of excess amount | | _ |
| | • | |
| | _ | - |
| | | |
| | | |
| raulir to his statement required by section 6047 or 6058, \$10 per day up to \$5,000 Other ** Inclassified excise taxes | 127 | . 4 |

Table 4.—Internal revenue collections by principal sources, fiscal years 1940 through 1977 (In thousands of dollars)

| | | income | and profits taxe | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flacal year | Total Internal revenue collections | Total | Corporation income and profits taxes | Individual Income taxes 3 8 16 18 | Employ- ment taxes 3 19 | Estate and gift taxes ss | Alcohol taxes 14 | Tobacco taxes 14 | Manufac- tures excise taxes | Ail other taxes |
| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| 1940 | 7,370,108 13,047,859 22,371,386 | 2,129,609 3,471,124 8,006,884 16,298,888 33,027,802 | 1,147,592 2,053,469 4,744,083 9,668,956 14,766,796 | 982,017 1,417,655 3,262,800 6,629,932 18,261,005 | 833,521 925,856 1,185,362 1,498,705 1,738,372 | 360,071 407,058 432,540 447,496 511,210 | 624,253 820,056 1,048,517 1,423,646 1,618,775 | 608,518 698,077 780,982 923,857 988,483 | 447,088 617,373 771,902 504,746 503,462 | 337,392 430,564 821,682 1,274,048 1,733,655 |
| 1945 1946 1947 | 43,800,388 40,672,097 39,108,386 41,864,542 | 35,061,526 31,258,138 29,019,756 31,172,191 29,605,491 | 16,027,213 12,553,602 9,676,459 10,174,410 11,553,669 | 19,034,313 18,704,536 19,343,297 20,997,781 18,051,822 | 1,779,177 1,700,828 2,024,365 2,381,342 2,476,113 | 643,055 676,832 779,291 899,345 796,538 | 2,309,866 2,526,165 2,474,762 2,255,327 2,210,607 | 932,145 1,165,519 1,237,768 1,300,280 1,321,875 | 782,511 922,671 1,425,260 1,649,234 1,771,533 | 2,292,108 2,421,944 2,147,184 2,206,823 2,280,969 |
| 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 | 38,957,132 50,445,686 65,009,586 69,686,535 | 28,007,659 37,384,879 50,741,017 54,130,732 54,360,014 | 10,854,351 14,387,569 21,468,910 21,594,515 21,546,322 | 17,153,308 22,997,309 29,274,107 32,536,217 32,813,691 | 2,644,575 3,627,479 4,464,264 4,718,403 5,107,623 | 706,227 729,730 833,147 691,284 935,121 | 2,219,202 2,546,808 2,549,120 2,780,925 2,783,012 | 1,328,464 1,380,396 1,565,162 1,654,911 1,580,229 | 1,836,053 2,383,677 2,348,943 2,862,788 2,689,133 | 2,214,951 2,392,719 2,507,933 2,647,492 2,464,859 |
| 1955 1956 1957 1958 | 66,288,692 75,112,649 80,171,971 79,978,476 | 49,914,826 56,636,164 60,560,425 59,101,874 58,826,254 | 18,264,720 21,298,522 21,530,653 20,533,316 18,091,509 | 31,650,106 35,337,642 39,029,772 38,568,559 40,734,744 | 6,219,665 7,295,784 7,580,522 8,644,386 8,853,744 | 936,267 1,171,237 1,377,999 1,410,925 1,352,982 | 2,742,840 2,920,574 2,973,195 2,946,461 3,002,096 | 1,571,213 1,613,497 1,674,050 1,734,021 1,806,816 | 2,885,016 3,456,013 3,761,925 3,974,135 3,958,789 | 2,018,866 2,019,380 2,243,856 2,166,675 1,997,292 |
| 1960 1961 1962 1963 | 91,774,803 94,401,086 99,440,839 105,925,395 | 67,125,126 67,917,941 71,945,305 75,323,714 78,891,218 | 22,179,414 21,764,940 21,295,711 22,336,134 24,300,863 | 44,945,711 46,153,001 50,649,594 52,967,581 54,590,354 | 11,158,589 12,502,451 12,708,171 15,004,486 17,002,504 | 1,626,348 1,916,392 2,035,187 2,187,457 2,416,303 | 3,193,714 3,212,801 3,341,282 3,441,656 3,577,489 | 1,931,504 1,991,117 2,025,736 2,079,237 2,052,545 | 4,735,129 4,896,802 5,120,340 5,610,309 6,020,543 | 2,004,394 1,963,582 2,264,817 2,278,536 2,299,645 |
| 1965 1966 1967 1968 | 114,434,634 128,879,961 148,374,815 153,636,838 | 79,792,016 92,131,794 104,288,420 108,148,565 135,778,052 | 26,131,334 30,834,243 34,917,825 29,896,520 38,337,646 | 53,660,683 61,297,552 69,370,595 78,252,045 97,440,406 | 17,104,308 20,256,133 26,958,241 28,085,898 33,068,657 | 2,745,532 3,093,922 3,014,406 3,081,979 3,530,065 | 3,772,634 3,814,378 4,075,723 4,287,237 4,555,560 | 2,148,594 2,073,956 2,079,869 2,122,277 2,137,585 | 6,418,145 5,613,869 5,478,347 5,713,973 6,501,146 | 2,453,406 1,895,909 2,479,809 2,198,909 2,348,495 |
| 1970 1971 1972 1973 | 195,722,096 191,647,196 209,855,737 237,787,204 | 138,688,568 131,072,374 143,804,732 164,157,315 184,648,094 | 35,036,963 30,319,953 34,925,546 39,045,309 41,744,444 | 103,651,585 100,752,421 108,879,186 125,112,006 142,903,650 | 37,449,188 39,918,690 43,714,001 52,081,709 62,093,632 | 3,680,076 3,784,283 5,489,969 4,975,862 5,100,675 | 4,746,382 4,800,482 5,110,001 6,149,513 5,358,477 | 2,094,212 2,206,585 2,207,273 2,276,951 2,437,005 | 6,683,061 6,684,799 5,728,657 5,395,750 5,742,154 | 2,380,606 3,179,985 3,801,104 3,750,104 3,572,217 |
| 1975 1976 TQ 1976 1977 | 293,622,726 302,519,792 75,462,780 | 202,146,097 205,751,753 49,567,484 246,805,067 | 45,746,680 46,782,956 9,806,905 60,049,804 | 156,399,437 158,968,797 39,758,579 186,755,263 | 70,140,809 74,202,853 19,892,041 66,076,316 | 4,688,079 5,307,466 1,485,247 7,425,325 | 5,350,858 5,427,722 1,305,841 5,406,633 | 2,315,090 2,487,894 622,821 2,398,501 | 5,516,611 5,486,106 1,543,339 6,068,682 | 3,665,182 3,855,996 1,046,007 3,958,893 |

Footnotes for Tables 1-4

- The receipts in the various States do not indicate the tederal tax burden of each since, in many instances, taxes are collected in one State from residents of another State. For example, withholding taxes reported by employers located near State times may include substantial amounts withheld from salaries of employees who reside in neighboring States.
- 2. Includes taxes on unrelated business income of exempt organizations.
 3. Coffections of individual income tax not withheld include old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance taxes on self-employed income (SECA). Similarly, the collections of individual income tax withheld are reported in combined amounts with old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance taxes (FICA) on salaries and wages. Estimated separate national totals for individual income tax and for odd-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance taxes are shown in the taxt table on page. ...and are used in obtaining national totals for individual income taxes and employment itaxes in Table 1.
- 4. Self-employment lax and taxes imposed by the Federal Insurance Contribu-tions Act are applicable with respect to Guam and American Semoa. Amounts of such taxes coffected in Guam and American Samoa are combined with similar taxes reported for Office of International Operations—Other.
- Beginning with fiscal year 1957, the United States total is adjusted to exclude withheld individual income taxes transferred to the Government of Guern in accordance with the provisions of Public Law 630, approved Aug. 1, 1950 (64 Stat. 382). This adjustment amounted to \$197 million for 1977.
- Includes adjustment of \$196,376,000 made by the Department of the
- This district is designated to report all revenue collections received from taxpayers residing outside of the area serviced by its Internal Revenue Service Center.
- Partial collections only, Does not include Federal tax deposit payments made after November 30, 1976. Under a new processing system based on Federal Reserve Bank location, such payments were reported with Newark, New Jersey for Puerto Rico and with Newark, New Jersey or San Francisco, California collections for OID—Other.
- 10. Tax payments made to banks, under the Federal tax deposit system are included in the internal revenue collections for the period in which the Federal tax deposit is purchased. However, such payments are not classified by internal revenue districts (nor by tax subclasses to which exces tax payments relate) until the Federal tax deposit symment is applied to the taxpayer's liability from until the Federal tax deposit symment is applied to the taxpayer's liability from
- 11. Represents credits allowable on income tax returns for certain gasoline and lubricating oil tax payments and for excess payments under the Federal insurance Contribution Act (FICA).
- 12. Designations by taxpayers of a portion of their taxes to the Presidential Electron Campaign Fund are not collections, as such, because they do not affect taxpayer tability. Transfers of amounts to this fund are made on a national basis only and, therefore, have no affect on district and regional collection data.
- 13. Represents amounts offset against outstanding tax liabilities other than those for Forms 1040 and 1040A on which the credits are claimed.
- 14. Amounts of internal revenue taxes collected on Puerto Rican products transported to the United States or consumed on the island (less refunds, drawbacks, and expenses) are covered into the Treasury of Puerto Rico under provisors of secs. 7652(a)(3) and 5314(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1864. The gross amounts are included in overall collections results (Tables 1
- 15. Refer to Table 3 for components.
- The Congressional Budget and Impoundment Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-344) established a new local period (October 1 through September 30) effective with local year. 1977. For comparative outposes. 1976 data are for the period October 1, 1975, through September 30, 1976.

- 17. Corporation income tax rates. Effective January 1, 1985, first \$25,000 of net income, normal tax of 22 percent, net income in excess of \$25,000 contained normal and surtax of 48 percent. Normal tax and surtax sites apply to net income derived by certain exempt organizations from unrelated trade or business. Effective January 1, 1985, a 10 percent per annum suchrange was extended to bus (Public Law 99-64). The 10 percent per annum suchrange was extended to bus (Public Law 91-172 at a 5 percent annual rate, and then discontinued. Under the Tax Reduction Act of 1975 (P.L. 94-12), effective for 1975 returns, surfax exemption increased to \$5,0000 and normal fax reduced to 20 percent on first \$25,000 or taxable income. These changes were extended by The Revenue Adjustment Act of the percent o
- 18. Rates of tax are as follows: Individual income tax: Effective January 1, 1965, graduated rates from 14 percent to 70 percent of taxable income. A 10 percent per annum surcharge added by Public Law 90-364, effective April 1, 1966, for individuals, was extended to December 31, 1969, at the same annual rate (Public Law 91-53), extended to June 30, 1970 (Public Law 91-172) at a 5 percent annual rate, and then discontinued. Includes SECA taxes of 7.8 percent on net earnings up to \$15,300 to 1976 and to \$1,600 to 1975.
- 19. Rates of tax are as follows: income Tax graduated withholding on wages in occess of oxemptions: Public Law 88-368, effective July 1, 1967, 14 to 33 36 percent effective Juny 1, 1977, until 10 33 56 percent effective Juny 1, 1972, under Public Law 26-178, 15 to 36 percent, effective Juny 1, 30, 1975, under Public Law 94-12 and 94-154; 15 to 36 percent, effective Juny 1, 1977, under Public Law 95-30. A companied FIDA tax rates of 17.7 percent was in effect on salaries and wages up to \$15,300 for calendary year 1756 and \$16,300 for 1977.
- 20. Consists of regular railroad retirement combined tax rate of 21.2 percent for callendar years 1976 and 1977. Tax applies to employers (15.35%) and employees (35.5%) and smoosed no taxable portion of weges (times to tirright \$1.275 of monthly taxable compensation for 1976 and \$1.375 for 1977). Further includes ratioad employee representatives tax of 21.2 percent for callendar years 1976 and 1977 on taxable portion of compensation received. In addition, a supplemental tax levied quarterly by the Railcade Retirement Board is imposed on employers and employee representatives based on man-hours worked.
- 21. Employers of one or more persons in each of 20 calendar weeks or paid wages of \$1,500 or more in any calendar quarter taxed 3.2 percent, effective January 1, 1974, and 3.4 percent, effective January 1, 1974, or taxels portion of wages up to \$4,200. This tax is reduced by credits for unemployment contributions paid to States up to 2.7 percent of EUTA tax.
- 22. Prior to January 1, 1977, estate lax rates were graduated from 3 percent on the first \$5,000 of net estate in excess of a \$50,000 exemption to 77 percent on percent of the percent of the second percent percent
- 23. Taxes on passenger automobites and light trucks repeated December 11, 1971, by the Revenue Act of 1971
- Includes delinquent taxes on items repealed by Public Laws 87-456, 88-36, and 89-44.
- Rate was reduced from 8 percent to 7 percent on January 1, 1975, to 6 percent on January 1, 1976 and to 5 percent January 1, 1977 (Public Law 91-814).
- 26. Terminated effective June 30, 1975
- 27. Transfers of machine guns, short-barreled firearms, silencers, etc., \$200 each; cortain guns with combination sprigurs and ritle barrets, and other special types of firearms, \$5 each. Occupational taxes are levied on manufacturers, importers, or dealers in firearms and are included in the amounts shown.
- 28. Legislative authority expired June 30, 1974.
- 29. This amount represents an overstatement to the Presidential Election Fund corrected after the close of the fiscal year.

Table 5.—Amount of Internal Revenue refunds including interest (in thousands of dollars) (excluding tax rebates)¹

| North-Atlantic Ragion Albany Augusta | ; totals for other States | Total ² | Corporation income | Excessive prepayment | Other | Estate | Gift | |
|--|---|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------|
| North-Atlantic Region Albany | | /45 | | prepayment | • | | Ting. | Excise? |
| North-Atlantic Region Albany Augusta | | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| AlbanyAugusta | | 35,493,895 | 5,423,034 | 29,255,379 | 1,416,344 | 102,955 | 6,254 | 289,92 |
| Augusta | | 5,101,911 271,366 | 870,229 17,980 | 4,085,719 248,215 | 107,242 | 21,895 675 | 626 38 | 16,20 8 |
| Poeton | (See (c) below) | 134,911 | 11,774 | 119,543 | 4,371 3,057 | 446 | 13 | 7 |
| | | 924,563 | 122,602 | 780,900 | 17,021 | 2,262 | 77 | 1,70 |
| Brooklyn | (See (r) below) | 1,035,419 | 65,488 | 942,691 | 17,063 | 3,774 | 97 | 6,30 |
| Buffalo Burlington Hartford Manhattan | (See (c) below) | 696,394 | 73,030 | 609,307 | 10,702 | 1,944 147 | 77 | 1,33 |
| Burlington | (Vermont) | 55,200 642,045 | 3,520 142,453 | 49,817 482,240 | 1,679 11,382 | 2.748 | 154 | 3.06 |
| Hartford | (Connecticut) | 1,070,279 | 397,785 | 624,565 | 35.034 | 9.330 | 155 | 3.41 |
| Manhatlan | (See (c) below) | 1,070,279 | 14,556 | 105,175 | 4,307 | 398 | | 3 |
| Portsmouth Providence | (New Hampshire) | 147,254 | 21,041 | 123,266 | 2.626 | 171 | 6 | 14 |
| id-Atlantic Region | | 5,242,475 | 913,931 | 4,172,415 | 102,814 | 13,346 | 1,015 | 38,95 |
| Baltimore | (Maryland & D.C.) (New Jersey) (See (e) below) | 936.471 | 105,735 | 801,356 | 20,613 | 3,838 | 62 | 4.86 |
| Nowark | (New Jersey) | 1,346,636 | 190,196 | 1,110,740 | 26.007 | 4,146 | 220 | 15,32 |
| Philadelphia | (See (e) below) | 1,224,992 | 240,845 | 942.843 | 25,438 12,384 | 2,600 | 167 495 | 13,10 |
| Pittsburgh | (586 (6) DEKOW) | 896,230 | 290.874 | 589,963 | 12,384 16,379 | 1,273 999 | 62 | 3,58 |
| Richmond . | (Virginia) | 729,525 | 56,169 30,112 | 652,327 75,186 | 1,993 | 490 | 9 | 83 |
| Wilmington | (Delawaré) | 108,621 | 631,080 | 3.513.124 | 132,819 | 12,088 | 1,058 | 22,66 |
| outneast Megion | ********* | 4,312,840 717,883 | 82,210 | 601,630 | 23,133 | 1,077 | 94 | 9.73 |
| Atlanta Birmingham | (Georgia) | 454,149 | 49,986 | 389.660 | 12.055 | 2,155 | 142 | 15 |
| Birmingham | (Alabama) | 328,636 | 33,289 | 288,080 | 6,480 | 387 | 35 | 30 |
| Columbia Greensboro | (South Carolina) | 651,942 | 93,562 | 538,284 | 15,719 | 889 | 113 | 3,3 |
| Jackson | (Mississippi) | 231,622 | 18.035 | 203.068 | 9.842 | 396 | 63 | 19 |
| Jacksonville | (Florida) | 1,304,624 | 255,659 | 993,396 | 48,099 | 5,575 | 515 | 1,3 |
| Nashville | (Tennessee) | 623,984 | 98,339 | 499,006 | 17,491 | 1,609 | 76 | 7,46 |
| Nashville | . (| 5,102,858 | 668,281 | 4,265,524 | 132,704 | 7,860 | 669 | 27,8 |
| Cincinnati | (See (d) below) | 791,740 | 154,107 | 618,878 | 14,500 | 1,573 1,743 | 48 266 | 2,60 1,40 |
| Cleveland | (See (d) helow) | 1,178,348 | 224,309 | 901,593 | 49.035 | 1,743 | 174 | 15,9 |
| Detroil Indianapolis | (Michigan) (Indiana) (Kentucky (West Virginia) | 1,642,100 | 163,956 67,304 | 1.431,933 709,797 | 28.038 20,652 | 1,783 | 132 | 4,11 |
| Indianapolis | (Indiana) | 803,857 440,509 | 38,430 | 383,456 | 14,763 | 552 | 42 | 3.2 |
| Louisville | (Kentucky | 246,304 | 20,175 | 219.867 | 5,716 | 210 | 7 | 3: |
| Parkersburg | (vvesi virginia) | 4,916,973 | 810,365 | 3,897,912 | 161,904 | 16,269 | 668 | 29.6 |
| dwest Region | (South Dakota) | 77,737 | 8.038 | 62.292 | 7.081 | 232 | 4 | 9 |
| AberdeenChicago | (See (b) below) | 1,666,350 | 317,900 | 1,298,508 | 40,234 | 3.785 | 200 | 5.73 |
| Des Moines | (iowa) | 381,783 | 49,826 | 304,865 | 21,905 | 4.208 | 41 | 93 |
| Fargo | (lowa) (North Dakola) | 78,546 | 5.840 | 65,051 | 7.269 | 168 | 26 | 1,66 |
| Milwaukee | (Wisconsin) | 676,531 | 98,271 | 558,417 | 15,630 | 2,196 595 | 137 48 | 35 |
| Omaha | (Nebraska) | 225,004 | 36,608 | 168,947 | 18,414 22,578 | 2.692 | 40 70 | 18,3 |
| Omaha | (Missouri) (Minnesota) (See (b) below) | 772,682 | 165,700 91,249 | 563,305 504,409 | 13,207 | 1,146 | 70 98 | 1.4 |
| St. Paul Springfield | (Minnesota) | 611,519 | 36,933 | 372,118 | 15,386 | 1,247 | 44 | 1,4 |
| Springfield | (See (b) below) | 426,821 4,168,020 | 589,633 | 3,383,301 | 170.864 | 13,896 | 1,303 | 9.0 |
| outhwest Region | | 160,018 | 17,049 | 137,384 | 5,095 | 215 | 186 | -7-1 |
| Albuquerque | (New Mexico) (See (!) below) (Wyoming) (See (!) below) | 1,165,974 | 174,463 | 948,578 | 36,513 | 5,079 | 139 | 1,2 |
| Austin | (Myomina) | 70,406 | 8,101 | 58,246 | 3,666 | 314 | 2 | |
| Dalias | (See (I) below) | 790,198 | 120,925 | 621,209 | 40.829 | 2,388 | 627 | 4,2 |
| Denver | (Colorado) | 460,457 | 60,110 | 378,641 | 20,025 | 1,372 | .55 | 2 |
| DenverLittle Rock | (Arkansas) | 236,286 | 25,407 | 200,011 | 10,218 | 286 | + 177 35 | 1.3 |
| New Orleans | (Louisiana) | 555,833 | 73,655 | 461,953 | 17,657 | 1,223 1,250 | 43 | 1,3 |
| Uklanoma City | | 404,269 | 71,547 | 314,185 263.094 | 16,030 20,831 | 1,769 | 39 | 1,2 |
| Wichita | (Kansas) | 324,579 | 38.376 864.792 | 5,769,769 | 188,787 | 16,837 | 906 | 12,0 |
| estern Region | | 6,853,165 165,936 | 8,904 | 152,547 | 4,206 | 101 | 1 | 1 |
| Anchorage | (Alaska) | 125,189 | 15,129 | 101,260 | 8,479 | 161 | 61 | |
| Boise | (idaho) (Montana) | 112,580 | 13,263 | 91.438 | 7,414 | 350 | 22 | |
| Helena | _ (Hawaii) | 177,278 | 37,538 | 135,755 | 3.572 | 296 | 28 | |
| Honolulu | (See (a) below) | 2,673,935 | 293.493 | 2,308,378 | 58,654 | 7,139 | 227 | 6,0 |
| Los Angeles | (Arizona) | 368,834 | 38,322 | 317,683 | 11,980 | 758 | 41 60 | 2 |
| Portland | . (Ofegori) | 426,244 | 56,974 | 352,156 | 15,100 | 1,707 | | 2 |
| Reno Salt Lake City San Francisco | (Nevada) | 128,309 | 8,320 | 115,296 | 4.022 | 470 105 | 145 3 | |
| Salt Lake City | (Utah) | 192,947 | 15,110 | 172,347 | 5,301 | 4.794 | 199 | 4,3 |
| San Francisco | _ (See (a) below) | 1,842,958 | 291,336 | 1,495,076 | 47,216 | | 120 | 4,3 |
| Seattle | (Washington) | 638,955 | 86,403 46,039 | 527.833 149,159 | 22,843 19,071 | 957 764 | 7 | 7 9 |
| ffice of International O | perations | 216,028 29,375 | 623 | 25,364 | 2,421 | .75 | 4 | ğ |
| | | 186.653 | 45.416 | 123,795 | 18,650 | 764 | 3 | |
| Other | and excess | 100,033 | 40,410 | 120,700 | 10,000 | | _ | |
| ESCHIE, INDITIONING OIL | F100 | 531.450 | _ | _ | 400,140 | | _ | 131,3 |
| ureau of Customs | | 1,029 | _ | _ | - | _ | _ | 1,0 |
| arned Income Credits | Offsets | 7,782 | - | 7,782 | _ | _ | - | |
| efunds reversals uncla | saifled* | 39,363 | 28,688 | 10,675 | | | | |
| | | Τσ | tals for States no | t shown above | | | | |
| | (a) California | 4,518,893 | 584,829 | 3,803,454 | 105,870 | 11,933 | 426 244 | 10,3 |
| | (b) Illinois | 2.093,171 | 354,833 | 1,870,626 | 55,620 | 5,032 | 244 367 | 6.8 11.1 |
| | (c) New York | 3.073.458 | 554,283 | 2,424,778 | 67,170 | 15,723 | 367 314 | 4,0 |
| | (d) Onio | 1,970,088 | 378.416 | 1.520,471 | 63,535 37,822 | 3,316 3,873 | 662 | 14.3 |
| | (e) Pennsylvania | 2,121,222 | 531,719 | 1,532,806 | 37,822 77,342 | 7,467 | 766 | 5,42 |
| | (f) Texas | 1,956,172 | 295,388 | 1,569,787 | 11,042 | ,,-01 | . 50 | |

Table 6.—Number of Internal Revenue refunds issued (excluding tax rebates)1

| | | | Inc | lividual income an | d employment tax | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------|----------|
| | | | | Excessive | | | | |
| sternal revenue regions, distr ther areas. (States represent edicated in parentheses; total | d by single districts | Total | Corpora- tion | pre- payment | Other | Estate | Gift | Excle |
| hown at bottom of table) | s for other ouries | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | |
| United States, total | • | 67,725,918 | 463,177 | 64,531,066 | 2,649,467 | 29,224 | 5,633 | 48,35 |
| orth-Atlantic Region | | 9,509,431 | 71,708 | 9,076,423 | 349,606 | 5,630 | 739 | 5,32 |
| orth-Atlantic Region Albany (Se Augusta (Ma Boston (Ma Brooklyn (Se | e (c) below) | 610,458 | 3,841 | 587,689 | 18,263 12,075 | 294 167 | 38 21 | 33 |
| Augusta (Ma | me) | 335,693 1,694,657 | 2,520 16,395 | 320,531 1,817,095 | 59,298 | 631 | 111 | 92 |
| Brooklyn (Se | e (c) below) | 2.020,676 | 9.341 | 1.951.152 | 57,773 | 1,398 | 113 | 89 |
| | | 1,434,990 | 10,069 | 1.381.547 | 41,726 | 693 | 100 | 85 |
| Burlington (Ve | rmont) | 146,897 | 1,199 | 138,835 | 6,852 37,336 | 53 627 | 10 117 | 14 60 |
| Hartford(Co | nnecticut) | 1,117,732 1,342,205 | 7,467 15,400 | 1,071,579 1,228,938 | 37,336 95,529 | 1,309 | 202 | 8 |
| Portsmouth(Ne | w Hampshire) | 278,274 | 2,418 | 265,020 | 10.449 | 167 | 17 | 21 |
| Providence (Rt | ode Island) | 327.849 | 3,058 | 314,237 | 10,307 | 91 | 10 | 1. |
| lid-Atlantic Region | ryland & D.C.) | 9.613.327 | 56,270 | 9.232,699 | 313,485 | 3,645 | 971 | 6,2 |
| Baltimore (Ma | inyland & D.C.) | 1,729,489 | 9,861 | 1,662,576 | 55,476 | . 619 | 209 178 | 1,6 |
| Newark(Ne | | 2,422,434 | 17,256 | 2,318,844 | 83,134 73,749 | 1.398 770 | 283 | 1,1 |
| Philadelphia (Se | e (e) below) | 2,292,300 1,413,330 | 12,084 5,567 | 2,204,249 1,365,451 | 41,104 | 394 | 155 | ',6 |
| Pittsburgh (Se Richmond (Vi | ginia) | 1,567,337 | 8.518 | 1.504.123 | 53,383 | 402 | 111 | 8 |
| Wilmington (De | e (e) below)ginia) | 188,437 | 2,984 | 177,456 | 6,639 | 62 | 35 | 1,2 |
| | | 9,529,877 | 62,682 | 9.094.094 | 362,053 | 3,460 | 925 | 6,6 |
| Atlanta(Ge | orgia) ibama) uth Carolina) | 1,530,936 | 9,699 | 1,463,612 | 56,097 36,180 | 350 212 | 145 81 | 1,0 |
| Birmingham(Al: | ibama) | 1,020,716 B39,140 | 5,091 4,595 | 978,477 807,215 | 36,180 26,389 | 212 | 59 | ě |
| Greensboro(No | rth Carolina) | 1.616.422 | 10.685 | 1,547,911 | 56,261 | 419 | 92 | 1,0 |
| Jackson (Mi | ssissippi) | 594.679 | 3.093 | 568.245 | 22.645 | 115 | 45 . | |
| Jacksonville (Flo | rida) | 2,570,093 | 22,213 | 2,427,339 | 116,650 | 1,714 | 427 | 1.7 |
| | nnessee) | 1,357,891 | 7,306 | 1,301,295 | 47,831 | 418 | 76 | 9 |
| entral Region | e (d) below) | 9,436,720 | 51,341 | 9,062,085 | 313,861 | 2,959 | 486 | 5,6 |
| Cincinnati(Se | e (d) below) | 1,453,352 1,999,638 | 8,311 | 1,397,511 | 46,273 60,641 | 364 600 | 85 99 | é |
| | chigan) | 2,879,760 | 12,837 16,435 | 1,924,502 2,769,758 | 90,966 | 812 | 117 | 1,6 |
| Indianapolic flor | (ena) | 1,636,030 | 6,219 | 1,567,100 | 60,444 | 684 | 123 | 17 |
| Louisville (Ke | ntucky)est Virginia) | 949,167 | 4,792 | 904,176 | 39.063 | 336 | 43 | 7 |
| Parkersburg (W | est Virginia) | 518,773 | 2,747 | 499,038 | 18,474 | 143 | 19 | |
| lidwest Region | THE WORLD CO. | 9,327,169 | 67,552 | 8,804,548 | 439,935 | 5,332 | 950 21 | 8,8 3 |
| | uth Dakota) e (b) below) | 187,181 2,782,648 | 1,662 17,382 | 168,634 2,665,847 | 16,414 96,156 | 113 1,362 | 194 | 1.7 |
| Chicago (Se Des Moines (lo | va) | 801,536 | 6,597 | 736,927 | 56,161 | 696 | 124 | 1.0 |
| Fargo (No | rth Dakota) | 178,670 | 1,243 | 159,523 | 17,310 | 130 | 41 | - 4 |
| Milwaukee(W | sconsin)braska) | 1,402,671 | 11.332 | 1,330,215 | 58,733 | 818 | 134 | 1,4 |
| Omaha(Ne | braska) | 456,481 | 4,591 | 415,362 | 35,574 | 344 | 112 | |
| | | 1,418,064 | 11,241 | 1.342,431 | 62,050 | 718 524 | 109 102 | 1.5 |
| St. Paul (M | nnestoa) | 1,219,000 | 8,735 4,769 | 1,153,605 832,004 | 54,947 42,590 | 627 | 113 | 1.7 |
| Springfield (Se outhwest Region | (a) pelow) | 880,918 8,405,770 | 51.663 | 7.965,340 | 377,647 | 2,906 | 717 | 7. |
| Albuquerque(No | w Mexico) | 359,955 | 1,989 | 343,268 | 14 304 | 96 | 38 | 3 |
| Austin(Sc | w Mexico) | 2.326.628 | 11,438 | 2,223,311 | 89,248 | 712 | 147 | 1. |
| Cheyenne(W | yoming) e (!) below) | 130,995 | 1,467 | 121,806 | 7,467 | 68 | 20 | |
| Daltás (Se | e (!) below) | 1,590,051 | 9,843 | 1,500,596 | 77,042 | 593 | 150 | 1,4 |
| Denver(C | olorado) | 866,314 | 6,617 | . 820,275 525,376 | 38,363 26,702 | 261 129 | 78 43 | , |
| Little Rock (Ar New Orleans (Lo | kansas)uisiana) | 556,493 1,109,001 | 3,723 5,995 | 1,060,242 | 41,595 | 274 | 56 | į |
| Oklahoma City (Q | (ahoma) | 787.830 | 5,188 | 741.769 | 39,665 | 393 | 65 | |
| Wichita (Ki | (lahoma) (nsas) | 678,503 | 5,403 | 628,697 | 43,261 | 378 | 120 | |
| restern Region | | 11,613,345 | 76,025 | 11,062,099 | 461,592 | 5,116 | 816 | 7,0 |
| Anchorage (Al | ASKA) | 145,611 | 1,091 | 137,426 | 6,855 | 25 | 3 | - 1 |
| Boise(Id | aho) mtana) | 252,302 | 2,094 | 233,453 | 16,362 16,624 | 100 | 21 47 | |
| Helena(M | waii) | 233,070 293,560 | 2,557 2,880 | 213,380 280,404 | 10,027 | 102 | 32 | |
| Honolulu | e (a) below) | 4,381,958 | 27,752 | 4,196,188 | 153,512 | 2,042 | 266 | 2. |
| Phoenix(Ar | izona) | 693.333 | 4,641 | 661,481 | 26,514 | 264 | 58 | |
| Portland (O | eggn) | 850,447 | 6,208 | 807 630 | 35,641 | 300 | 55 | |
| Reno (N | vada) | 238,750 | 1,517 | 228,186 | 8.758 | 45 | 34 | |
| Salt Lake City (U | ah) | 385,183 | 2,139 | 367,677 | 15,033 | 80 | 16 | |
| San Francisco (Se | e (a) below) | 2,959,135 1,179,996 | 17,333 7,813 | 2,820,471 1,115,803 | 117,477 54,789 | 1,599 427 | 184 100 | 2. |
| Seattle (W | one | 1,179,996 | 7,813 740 | 164,098 | 31,286 | 176 | 29 | 1,7 |
| Puerto Rico | ···· | 40,585 | 17 | 28,127 | 12,431 | 170 | 4 | |
| Other | | 155,818 | 723 | 135,971 | 18,855 | 174 | 25 | |
| lefund reversals unclassified | · | 94,876 | 25,196 | 69,680 | | | | |
| (a) | California | | is for States not a | 7,016,659 | 270,989 | 3,641 | 450 | 4,2 |
| (a) (b) | Itinois | 7,341,093 3,663,566 | 45,085 22,151 | 7,016,659 3,497,851 | 138,746 | 1,989 | 307 | 2.5 |
| (D) (C) | New York | 3,663,566 5,408,329 | 22,151 38.651 | 5,149,326 | 213,291 | 3,694 | 453 | 2.9 |
| | 1910 | | 21,148 | 3,322,013 | 106.914 | 984 | 184 | 1.7 |
| 14 | Ohio | | | | | | | |
| (d) (e) (l) | Ohio Pennsylvania | 3,452,990 3,705,630 | 17,651 | 3,569,700 | 114,853 | 1,164 1,305 | 438 297 | 1,6 |

Tax Year 1974 rebates totaled \$4.104.538, including \$50.63 interest.
Figures include credits for the Federal Disk pend Surveyors, added Disability, and Federal Hospital Insurance Funds amounting to \$400,140,000.
Credits for excess payments under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) were \$400,140,000.
District office details were not available for refund reversalls bending classification when FY 1977 books were closed. Less than \$500.

The number of 1974 tax year rebates was 168,392.
 District office details were not available for refund reversals pending classification when FY 1977 books were closed.

Table 7.—Number of returns filed, by Internal Revenue regions, districts, States, and other areas.

| areas (States represented Indicated in parentheses | : total for other States | Total tax Returns | Individual Income tax | Declaration of esti- mated tax | Fiduciary | Pertner- ship | Corporation income tax | Estat |
|---|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| shown at bottom of table | ·). | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (|
| United States, total | | 133,684,546 | 85,611,191 | 8,088,480 | 1,662,702 | 1,197,203 | 2,247,111 | 248,31 |
| North-Atlantic Region | | 18,964,991 | 11,961,154 | 1,194,159 | 337,955 | 133,669 | 450,660 | 42,77 |
| Albany | (See (c) below) | 1,146,538 | 766,772 415,780 | 71,789 | 9.473 | 7.652 | 21,133 | 2,94 |
| Augusta | (Maine) | 652,652 | 415,780 | 39,218 | 8,836 | 3,260 | 11,082 | 1,370 |
| Boston Brooklyn | (Massachusells) | 3.606.754 | 2,364,594 | 222,458 | 89,442 | 17,839 | 74,660 | 7.97 |
| Buttalo | (See (c) below) | 3,956,556 | 2,595,769 | 258,090 | 22,062 | 26,932 | 103,276 | 9.42 |
| Buffalo Buffington | (See (c) below) | 2,616,574 | 1,777,863 | 158,314 | 34,469 | 18,668 | 42,702 | 6,811 |
| Hartford | (Vermont) (Connecticut) | 315.878 | 189,490 1,428,537 | 20,478 | 4,263 | 2,570 | 6,369 | 59. |
| Hartford | (See (c) below) | 2,254,102 3,267,787 | 1,428,537 | 152,912 | 42.096 | 18.516 | 43.570 | 4,94 |
| | | 543,807 | 1,676,597 348,519 | 204,158 | 112,228 | 32,239 | 121,898 | 6,65 |
| Providence . | (Abode telepol) | 604,345 | 397,233 | 33,563 | 5,942 | 3,111 | 10,201 | 1,07 |
| | | 18,759,914 | 12,020,679 | 33,179 1,120, 982 | 9,144 | 2,882 | 15,769 | 97 |
| Baltimore | (Maryland & D.C.) | 3,206.274 | 2,128,230 | | 262,764 | 137,214 | 309,799 | 32,03 |
| | | 4,759,447 | 3,054,841 | 192,125 300,639 | 44,962 49,805 | 23,106 | 48,487 | 4.93 |
| Philadelphia | | 4,369,916 | 2,884,903 | 285,821 | 91,689 | 37,810 32,963 | 123,391 | 9,66 |
| Pittsburgh Richmond | | 2,575,452 | 1,760,473 | 160,220 | 38,593 | 19,851 | 61.491 | 7,97 |
| Richmond | (Virginia) | 2.957.130 | 1,955,897 | 161,569 | 27,791 | | 26,558 | 3,709 |
| AAUTHURIOU | (Delaware) | B91,695 | 236.335 | 20,608 | 9.724 | 21,388 2,096 | 42,042 7,830 | 5,014 |
| Southeast Region | | 18.880.492 | 12,042,705 | 1,069,442 | 168,151 | 2,096 148.225 | 7.830 309.732 | 73- |
| Atlanta Birmingham | (Georgia) | 2,846,597 | 1,853,970 | 124,869 | 21,702 | 21,931 | | 29,78 |
| Birmingham | (Alabama) | 1.883.705 | 1,245,320 | 87,091 | 13,928 | 12,949 | 44,399 24,794 | 3,146 |
| | (South Carolina) | 1,564,855 | 1,039,371 | 76,667 | 8.856 | 11,007 | 21,926 | 1,763 |
| Greensboro | | 3.153.079 | 2.065.315 | 156.883 | 23,426 | 23,984 | 48,551 | 2,046 |
| | (MISSISSIDDI) | 1,168,034 | 750,287 | 53,294 | 5,636 | 10,457 | | 4,24 |
| Jacksonville | | 5,677,423 | 3,393,803 | 450,961 | 75,907 | 43,296 | 15,756 124,911 | 1,175 |
| | | 2.586.799 | 1,694,639 | 119.477 | 18,696 | 24,601 | 124,911 | 14,210 |
| entrer Hedion | | 17,584,779 | 11,737,253 | 1,014,298 | 197,773 | 165,219 | 29,395 260,825 | 3,200 |
| Cincinnati Cleveland | (See (d) below) | 2,744,719 | 1,824,566 | 159.084 | 33,352 | | 200,023 | 28,40 |
| Cleveland | (See (d) below) | 3,775,306 | 2,510,500 | 217,962 | 46.156 | 27,182 | 37,931 | 4,639 |
| | | 5.189.721 | 3,508,297 | 284,732 | 56,209 | 34,073 56,705 | 59.665 | 6,72 |
| noianabolis . | (Indiana) | 3,095,451 | 2,069,503 | 194,985 | 36,585 | 56,705 | 78,236 | 6,44 |
| LOUISVIIII | (Kenturky) | 1.833.364 | 1,195,429 | 105,330 | 16,607 | 20,549 | 45,632 | 6,464 |
| | (West Virginia) | 946,218 | 628,958 | 52,205 | 8,864 | 18,399 | 25.527 | 2.700 |
| idwest Region | | 19.193.466 | 12,245,427 | | 290,937 | 8,331 | 13.834 | 1,432 |
| Aberdeen | (South Dakota) | 442,366 | 262,251 | 1,245,159 27,261 | 4.235 | 173,968 | 319,594 | 49,695 |
| Chicago . | (See (b) below) | 5.223.582 | 3,509,168 | 323,517 | 99.763 | 4.989 49.247 | 8,484 | 1,346 |
| Das Molues | (lowa) | 1,905,852 | 1,143,703 | 141.276 | 31,574 | | 90,215 | 11,862 |
| Pargo | (North Dakota) | 443.042 | 255,832 | 25,398 | | 19,755 | 31,585 | 7.037 |
| Milwaukee . | (Wisconsin) | 2.887.362 | 1,833,900 | 189.031 | 4,237 47,500 | 4,745 21,800 | 6,389 | 1,565 |
| Omaha | (Nebraska) | 1.063.512 | 627,793 | 70,441 | 13,135 | 11,330 | 51,307 | 7.312 |
| St. Louis | (Missouri) | 2,898,980 | 1,841,195 | 192,683 | 40,188 | | 18,924 | 3,470 |
| St. Paul | (Minnesota) | 2,476,466 | 1,585,545 | 143,165 | 27,381 | 23,511 21,454 | 52,117 | 5,082 |
| Springheld | (Minnesota) (See (b) below) | 1.852,304 | 1,186,040 | 132,387 | 22,924 | 17,137 | 42,114 20,459 | 6.151 |
| | | 18,952,347 | 10,677,115 | 941,721 | 157,409 | 176.403 | | 5,870 |
| Albuquerque | (New Mexico) | 683,277 | 443,588 | 34,062 | 5,288 | | 258,387 | 24,954 |
| Ausuri | (See (f) below) | 4,438,074 | 2,886,285 | 218,628 | 41.001 | 6,434 45,905 | 9,710 | 761 |
| Chevenna | (Wyoming) | 283,302 | 166,746 | 17,181 | 2,420 | 3,383 | 56,565 5,811 | 5,362 |
| Dallas | (See (1) below) | 3.386.486 | 2.074,924 | 190,115 | 40.001 | 45,063 | 5,811 | 490 |
| Denver Little Rock | (Colorado) | 1,750,435 | 1,087,806 | 101,391 | 21,305 | 45,063 | 47,350 | 4,711 |
| Little Rock | (Arkansas) | 1,156,351 | 724,611 | 65,734 | 7,174 | 21,500 11,078 | 33,645 | 2,806 |
| New Uneans | (Louisiana) | 2,087,381 | 1,348,955 | 108.025 | 8.861 | | 17,765 | 1,373 |
| Oldahoma Cit∨ | (Okiahoma) | 1,646,962 | 1,024,671 | 100,295 | 14,641 | 13,196 15,919 | 38,493 | 2,021 |
| Wichita estern Region | (Kansas) | 1,520,099 | 919.529 | 106.290 | 16,718 | 13,925 | 26,113 22,935 | 3,065 |
| estern Region | | 22,564,207 | 14,509,965 | 1,446,493 | 247,019 | 262,216 | 22,935 | 4,365 |
| Anchorage | (Alaska) | 260,318 | 164,326 | 7,025 | 851 | 3,608 | 333,504 4,170 | * 39,680 |
| Boise | (idaho) | 529,594 | 325,342 | 30,069 | 3,672 | 6.272 | 4,170 | 178 |
| Helena | (Montana) | 535,815 | 309.725 | 33,572 | 4.666 | 6,073 | 9,164 | 896 |
| Helena Honolulu | (Hawaii) | 560,389 | 364,532 | 33,734 | 5,117 | 5.886 | 9.524 12,291 | 1,272 |
| LOS ANGBIES | (See (a) below) | B,334,438 | 5,384,899 | 534,997 | 95,783 | 104,531 | 122,909 | 168 16.471 |
| Phoenix | (Anzona) | 1,334,036 | 865.821 | 89,010 | 16,933 | 11.916 | 22,068 | |
| Pontand | (Oregon) | 1,728,118 | 1.087.940 | 103,727 | 17.074 | 18,661 | 22,008 | 2,100 |
| | | 440.220 | 291,726 | 21,044 | 4.782 | 4.533 | 26,542 8,408 | 2.879 |
| Saft Lake City | (Ulah) | 715,004 | 464,304 | 31,106 | 9.040 | 8,703 | 13,905 | . 441 . B10 |
| an Francisco | (Ulah) (See (a) below) | 5.843.063 | 3,738,397 | 412,176 | 63,820 | 66,570 | 67,951 | 10,756 |
| | | 2.383.212 | 1.512.953 | 150.033 | 25.301 | 25,463 | 36,572 | 10,755 3,711 |
| TICE OT INTERNALIGNAL Ones | | 684,350 | 416,893 | 56,226 | 694 | 25,463 | 30,5/2 4.610 | |
| | | 261,443 | 76,926 | 11,421 | 45 | 26 | 4,610 237 | 981 22 |
| Janer | *************************************** | 422,907 | 339,967 | 44,805 | 649 | 263 | 4,373 | 959 |
| | | Tot | als for States not | | | | 1,010 | - 339 |
| | (a) California | 14,177,501 | 9.123.296 | 947,173 | 150 502 | 171 101 | 100.000 | |
| | (b) Illinois | 7.075.886 | 4,695,208 | 947,173 455,904 | 159,583 | 171.101 | 190,860 | 27,227 |
| | (c) New York | 10.987.453 | 6,187,001 | | 122,687 | 66,384 | 110,674 | 17,732 |
| | (d) Ohio | 8,520,025 | 4,335,066 | 692,351 377,046 | 178,232 | 85,491 | 289,009 | 25,845 |
| | (e) Pennsylvania | 6,945,368 | 4.645,376 | | 79,508 | 61,235 | 97,596 | 11,367 |
| | (f) Texas | 7,824,560 | 4.961.209 | 446,041 | 130,482 | 52,814 | 88,049 | 11,682 |
| | | | | | | | | |

| | To | tals for States not : | shown above | | | | |
|--|------------|-----------------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| (a) California (b) Illinois (c) New York (d) Ohio (e) Pennsylvania (f) Texas | 14,177,501 | 9.123,296 | 947,173 | 159,583 | 171,101 | 190,860 | 27,227 |
| | 7,075,886 | 4,695,208 | 455,904 | 122,687 | 66,384 | 110,674 | 17,732 |
| | 10,987,453 | 6,187,001 | 692,351 | 178,232 | 85,491 | 289,009 | 25,845 |
| | 6,520,025 | 4,335,066 | 377,046 | 79,508 | 61,235 | 97,596 | 11,367 |
| | 6,945,368 | 4,645,376 | 446,041 | 130,482 | 52,814 | 88,049 | 11,682 |
| | 7,824,560 | 4,961,209 | 408,743 | 81,002 | 90,968 | 103,915 | 10,073 |

- Lumn Contents:
 (2) Includes Forms 1040, 1040A, 1040NR, 1040SS-PR, 1040C, and 1042.
 (3) Form 1040ES
 (4) Form 1040ES
 (4) Form 1061
 (5) Form 1065
 (6) Includes Forms 1120, 1120 Specials (Sched. PH, 1120L, 1120M), 1120S, 1120-DISC, 1120-DOL, and 1120F.
 (7) Includes Forms 10, 1070 and 706NA.
 (8) Includes Forms 940, 1040PR, 941, 941PR & SS, 941E, 941M, 942, 942PR, 943, 943PR, CT-1, and CT-2.
 (10) Includes Forms 900, 990PF, 990T, 990C, 5227, and 4720.
 (10) Includes Forms 500, 5050C, 5500K, 4948, 449A, and 990P.
 (12) Includes Form 550S, 550C, 550M, 4948, 449A, and 990P.
 (12) Includes Form 550S, 550C, 550M, 4948, 1140, 790B, 7

Table 7.—Number of returns filed, by Internal Revenue regions, districts, States, and other areas.—Continued

| ernal revenue regions, districts, States and east (States represented by single districts | | Employ- ment | Exempt Organi- | Employee | ATF | Excise | Suppl ment docu |
|--|----------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| licated in pareintheses; total for other States own at bottom of table). | tax | taxes | zation | Plans | Returns (12) | taxes (13) | meni (14 |
| | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | | 909.853 | 5,876,72 |
| United States, total | 386,802 | 25,023,074 | 554,166 | 1,321,009 | 557,914 | | |
| rth-Atlantic Region | 55,257 | 3,595,918 | 15,126 | 210,327 7,798 | 68,867 6,468 | 84,541 7,945 | 814,58 37,31 |
| Albany (See (c) below) | 2,753 | 204,496 132,976 | | 5,110 | 4.480 | 7,526 | 21,23 |
| Augusta (Maine) | 10.520 | 615,691 | 15,126 | 34,376 | 9,373 | 16,178 | 128,50 |
| Boston (Massachusetts) Brooklyn (See (c) below) | 7,685 | 687,930 | 15,125 | 48,119 | 9,376 | 10.663 | 177,22 |
| Brooklyn (See (c) below) | 6,512 | 428,387 | _ | 24,495 | 12,945 | 15.833 | 89.57 |
| Budington (Vermont) | 942 | 72,124 | _ | 2.537 | 2,172 | 2,420 | 11,9 |
| Hartford (Connecticut) | 9.014 | 383,730 | _ | 22,483 | 11,247 | 9,766 | 127,26 |
| Manhattan (See (c) below) | 13,354 | 850,903 | _ | 56,597 | 8,126 | 6,962 4,808 | 176.00 22,3 |
| Portsmouth (New Hampshire) | 1,504 | 105,532 | _ | 4,480 | 2,703 1,977 | 2,440 | 21,0 |
| Providence (Rhode Island) | 1,168 | 114,149 | | 4,332 | 50.863 | 98.098 | 787,2 |
| d-Atlantic Region | 43,754 | 3,229,350 | 451,465 | 215,684 65,127 | 7,027 | 13.695 | 129,9 |
| Baltimore (Maryland & D.C.) | 8,387 | 540,240 684,521 | _ | 50,127 | 13,667 | 20,287 | 203,2 |
| Newark (New Jersey) | 11,100 | | | 46,119 | 10.034 | 23.893 | 171,0 |
| Sestion (Massachusus) Foodlyn (See (C) below) Suffation (Vermont) See (C) below) Haifford (Connecticut) Haifford (Rhode Island) Haifford (Maryland & D.C) Howark (New Jersey) Haiffordhia (See (e) below) Heitsburgh (See (e) below) | 9,748 4,744 | 744,057 418,940 | = | 25.877 | 7,509 | 17,806 | 91,1 |
| Pittsburgh (See (e) below) Richmond (Virginia) | 8,602 | 568,041 | - | 22,159 | 11,642 | 19.914 | 113,0 |
| Hichmond (Virginia) | 1,173 | 73,551 | 451,465 | 5.937 | 984 | 2.503 | 78.7 |
| Richmond (Virginia) | 55,018 | 3,929,730 | 451,400 | 100,240 | 78,653 | 130,598 | 818,2 |
| outheast Region | | 617,915 | | 16,107 | 10,489 | 20,705 | 103,2 |
| Rirminoham (Alabama) | | 404 496 | _ | 8,103 | 7,529 | 14,701 | 57,8 |
| Columbia (South Carolina) Greensboro (North Carolina) | 3.845 | 329,121 | Ξ | 6,761 | 7,620 | 13,267 | 44,1 |
| Greensborn (North Carolina) | 8,428 | 656.918 | | 19,900 | 12,476 | 23,327 | 109,6 |
| Columbia (South Carolina) Greensboro (North Carolina) Jackson (Missssippi) Jacksonville (Florida) | 2,919 | 265,563 | - | 5,101 | 8,683 | 11.854 | 37.3 318.5 |
| Jacksonville (Florida) | 21.084 | 1,158,498 | _ | 29,017 | 21.318 | 25.878 | 316, |
| | 5,449 | 497,219 | _ | 15,251 | 10,538 | 20.866 | 147,4 746.7 |
| ntral Region (See (d) below) | 42,055 | 2,979,601 | 55,386 | 157,015 | 77,426 10.028 | 122,537 14,732 | 129,4 |
| Cincinnati (See (d) below) | | 446,988 | 27,036 | 23,343 | | 22,834 | 178.9 |
| Cieveland (See (d) below) | 8.930 | 622,300 | 13,963 | 37,591 | 15,680 21,953 | 33,449 | 229.3 |
| Detroit (Michigan) | 11,399 | 838,583 | 14,387 | 49,963 | 21,953 | 30,379 | 113.6 |
| Indianacolie (Indiana) | 8.8/8 | 524,953 | = | 30,766 10,489 | 12,920 10,429 | 13,676 | 66, |
| l nuisville (Kentucky) | 4,481 | 363,951 | _ | 4.863 | 6,416 | 7.467 | 28, |
| Parkersburg (West Virginia) | 1,923 | 183,026 | _ | 238,252 | 101,074 | 167.971 | 807.4 |
| dwest Region | 72,171 | 3,481,817 | _ | 9,536 | 3,768 | 7.135 | 16,0 |
| | 2,630 | 96,702 828,114 | - | 24,608 | 16,618 | 20.747 | 233. |
| | 16,499 | 381,480 | _ | 37,368 | 9,829 | 21,253 | 71, |
| Des Moines (lowa) | 9,444 | 95,560 | _ | 16,129 | 3,033 | 9.253 | 18. |
| Fargo (North Dakota) | 2,831 | - 518,371 | _ | 35,987 | 23,735 | 24,734 | 124. |
| Fargo (North Dakota) Milwaukee (Wisconsin) Omaha (Nebraska) St. Louis (Missouri) | 9,537 8,030 | 219,086 | | 20,153 | 5.531 | 14,842 | 50, |
| Omana (Nebraska) | 8,212 | 561,172 | _ | 23,648 | 17.358 | 24,066 | 109, |
| St. Louis (Missouri) | 7,225 | 440.956 | _ | 45.975 | 11,908 | 28.463 | 116. |
| St. Paul (Milialesula) | 7,763 | 340,376 | _ | 24.848 | 9.294 | 17.478 | 67, |
| Springlield (See (b) below) | 56,913 | 3.441.139 | _ | 132,010 | 87,648 | 149,703 | 848, |
| Albumunes (New Maxico) | 1.837 | 138,480 | _ | 4,523 | 2,419 | 5.641 | 30, |
| St. Louis (Missouri) | 14,052 | 848,243 | _ | 29,866 | 32,211 | 28,486 | 231, |
| Austin (See (f) below) Cheyenne (Wyoming) | 1,536 | 63,293 | | 2,951 | 1,947 | 4,466 | 13, |
| Dallas (See (f) below) | 11,25/ | 720,921 | | 29,411 | 10.952 | 32,919 | 17B. |
| Denver(Colorado) | 6.236 | 336,685 | | 16,967 | 7,471 | 14,845 | 99. |
| into Doct (Arkansas) | 3.596 | 247,737 | - | 9.099 | 4,614 | 14.361 | 49. |
| | 4,523 | 439,200 | _ | 12,400 | 11,389 | 14.790 17.169 | 85. 82. |
| Oklahoma City (Oklahoma) Wichita (Kansas) | 5,512 | 334,436 | _ | 13,406 | 9,428 7,217 | 17.169 | 82, 78. |
| Wichita (Kansas) | 8,364 | 312,144 | | 13,387 | 93,117 | 155,408 | 1,035, |
| estern Region | 60,900 | 4,181,011 | 32,189 | 267,224 | | 4.558 | 25. |
| Anchorage (Alaska) | 340 | 46,074 108,854 | _ | 1,143 6.807 | 2,278 3,626 | 8,061 | 24. |
| Boise(idaho) | 1,933 | 108,854 | = | 6.841 | 4,691 | 9,633 | 32 |
| | 3,413 | 94,467 | _ | 9.076 | 2,523 | 3,252 | 26 |
| Honolulu | 2,841 | 1,521,859 | 17,470 | 110.299 | 21,266 | 40,777 | 344. |
| Los Angeles (See (a) below) | 19,100 | 241,502 | 17,470 | 7.797 | 3 6,616 | 8,112 | 58. |
| Phoenix (Arizona) | 3,899 4 R3R | 308,992 | | 17,383 | 7,721 | 17,354 | 115. |
| Montano (Dregon) | 1,383 | 78,157 | _ | 1,791 | 2,205 | 5,273 | 20 |
| Heno (Nevada) | 2,666 | 134,489 | | 4,924 | 2,263 | 7.249 | 35 |
| San Ernocino (San (a) halow) | 14.048 | 1,069,441 | 14,719 | 78,239 | 30,170 | 24.641 | 252 |
| Coetto (Washington) | 6,434 | 462,829 | | 22,924 | 9,758 | 26.498 | 100, |
| Portiand Reno (Nevada) Satt Lake City (Ulah) San Francisco (See (a) below) Seattle (Washington) Hice of International Operations | 734 | 184,308 | | 257 | 266 | 997 | 16, |
| Puerto Rico | 65 | 172.088 | - | 2 | 242 | 35 962 | 17 |
| Other | 669 | 12,220 | | 255 | 24 | 962 | 17, |
| | | Totals for States not | shown above | | | | |
| (a) California | 33,148 | 2,591,300 | 32,189 | 188,538 | 51,436 | 65.418 | 596 |
| (b) Illinois | 24,262 | 1.168,490 | | 49.456 | 25,912 | 38,225 | 300 |
| (b) Illinois | 30.304 | 2,171,716 | _ | 137,009 | 36,915 | 41,403 | 482 |
| (d) Ohio | 15,374 | 1,069,288 | 40,999 | 60.934 | 25,708 | 37,566 | 308, |
| (e) Pennsylvania . | 14,492 | 1,162,997 | _ | 71,996 | 17,543 43,163 | 41,699 61,405 | 262 410 |
| (f) Texas | 25,309 | 1,569,164 | | 59,277 | | | |

Table 8.—Internal revenue collections, costs, employees, and U.S. population, 1948 through 1977

| Fiscal | Operating | Collections | Cost of | Population | Tax | N | lumber of employ | pes - |
|--------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------|--------|--------------------|--------|
| Year | cost | Conconons | collecting \$100 | (Thousands) | per capital | Total | National Office | Field |
| | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| 1948 | 183,731,060 | 41,864,542,295 | 0.44 | 147.208 | 284.39 | 52,143 | 4,662 | 47.481 |
| 1949 | 209,205,715 | 40,463,125,019 | 0.52 | 149.767 | 270.17 | 52,266 | 4.554 | 47,712 |
| 1950 | 230,408,200 | 38,957,131,768 | 0.59 | 152,271 | 255.84 | 55,551 | 4,303 | 51,248 |
| 1951 | 245,869,538 | 50.445.686.315 | 0.49 | 154.878 | 325.71 | 57.795 | | |
| 1952 | 271,872,192 | 65,009,585,560 | 0.42 | 157,553 | | | 4.030 | 53,765 |
| 1953 | 268,590,806 | 69,686,535,389 | 0.38 | | 412.62 | 55,370 | 3,842 | 51,528 |
| 1954 | 268,969,107 | 69,919,990,791 | | 160,184 | 435.00 | 53,463 | 3,834 | 49,629 |
| 1955 | 278.834.278 | 66.288.692.000 | 0.38 | 163,026 | 428.69 | 51,411 | 2,707 | 48,704 |
| | 270,034,276 | 00,260,092,000 | 0.42 | 165,931 | 399.50 | 50,890 | 2.675 | 48,215 |
| 1958 | 299.894.710 | 75.112.649.000 | 0.40 | 168,903 | 444.74 | | | |
| 1957 | 305,537,814 | 80.171.971.000 | 0.38 | | 444.71 | 50,682 | 2,583 | 48,099 |
| 1958 | 337.428.789 | 79,978,476,484 | 0.36 | 171,984 | 466.16 | 51.364 | 2,602 | 48,762 |
| 1959 | 355.469.228 | 79,797,972,806 | | 174,882 | 457.33 | 50,816 | 2,638 | 48,178 |
| 1960 | 363,735,359 | | 0.44 | 177.830 | 448.73 | 50,200 | 2.633 | 47.567 |
| | 363,735,359 | 91,774,802,823 | 0.40 | 180,671 | 507.96 | 50,199 | 2,702 | 47,497 |
| 1961 | 413,295,238 | 94,401,086,398 | 0.44 | 183,691 | 513.91 | 53.680 | 3,031 | *** |
| 1962 | 450.080.420 | 99.440.839.245 | 0.45 | 186,538 | 533.09 | 56.510 | | 50,649 |
| 1963 | 500,804,314 | 105,925,395,281 | 0.47 | 189,242 | 559.74 | | 3,357 | 53,153 |
| 1964 | 549,692,131 | 112.260,257,115 | 0.49 | | | 59,486 | 3,562 | 55,924 |
| 1965 | 597,387,471 | 114.434.633.721 | | 191,689 | 585.03 | 59,357 | 3,753 | 55,604 |
| | 114,186,186 | 114,434,633,721 | 0.52 | 194,303 | 588.95 | 60,360 | 3,790 | 56,570 |
| 1966 | 624,861,929 | 128,879,961,342 | 0.48 | 196.560 | 655.68 | 61.689 | 3.816 | 57,873 |
| 1967 | 667,080,295 | 148,374,814,552 | 0.45 | 198,712 | 746.68 | 65,122 | 4.060 | |
| 1968 | 699,190,304 | 153,638,837,665 | 0.46 | 200.706 | 765.48 | 65.177 | | 61,062 |
| 1969 | 758,785,475 | 187.919.559.668 | 0.40 | 202,677 | 927.19 | | 3.939 | 61.238 |
| 1970 | 886,159,162 | 195,722,096,497 | 0.45 | 204,878 | | 64,507 | 4,037 | 60,470 |
| | 000,100,102 | 133,722,030,437 | 0.45 | 204,878 | 955.31 | 68,098 | 4,356 | 63,742 |
| 1971 | 981.065.297 | 191,647,198,138 | 0.51 | 207.053 | 925.63 | 68.987 | | |
| 1972 | 1,127,390,411 | 209.855.736.878 | 0.54 | 208.846 | | | 4,521 | 64,466 |
| 1973 | 1,162,009,945 | 237,787,204,058 | 0.49 | | 1,004.83 | 74,086 | 4.823 | 69,263 |
| 1974 | 1,312,894,681 | 268.952.253.663 | | 210,410 | 1,130.11 | 71,846 | 4,646 | 67,200 |
| 1975 | 1,584,711,486 | | 0.49 | 211,901 | 1,269.24 | 78,233 | 4,685 | 73,548 |
| | 1,364,711,486 | 293,822,725,772 | 0.54 | 213,559 | 1,375.84 | 82,266 | 4,960 | 77,306 |
| 1976 | 1.667.311.689 | 302.519.791.922 | 0.56 | 215.142 | 1.406.14 | 85.712 | | |
| 1977 | 1,810,444,833 | 358, 139, 416, 730 | 0.51 | 217.329 | 1,647,91 | | 4,944 | 80,768 |
| | | 222,:22,410,700 | 0.51 | £17,328 | 1,047.91 | 84,414 | 5,043 | 79.371 |

*This figure represents actual IRS operating costs for FY 1975, 1976, exclusive of reimbursements received from other agencies for services performed. While the operating cost figures for fiscal year prior to 1975 may in some cases include reimbursements, those amounts are sufficiently small so as not to after the cost figures in column 3.

Table 9.—Number of returns examined by class of tax and by internal revenue regions, districts, and other areas

| Region, service center, and district | Total | Individual | Fiduciary | Corporation | Estate | Gift | Excise | Employ- ment | Exempt Organiza- tions | Employee Plans |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2,363,739 | 1,892,786 | 10,881 | 167,689 | 42,320 | 11,484 | 84,931 | 135,019 | 9,803 | 8,826 |
| Total | 382,425 | 304,845 | 1.959 | 36,504 | 8,045 | 2,132 | 11,090 | 14,178 | 1,700 | 1,972 |
| Mid-Attentic | 275,545 | 212,620 | 1,609 | 24.612 | 4.692 | 1,655 | 9,141 | 17,803 | 1,669 | 1,744 |
| Southeast | 344.930 | 273,401 | 1,427 | 20,113 | 5,339 | 1,824 | 13,717 | 26,349 | 1,391 | 1,369 1,751 |
| Central | 225,757 | 172,598 | 1,169 | 21,018 | 4,734 | 1,032 | 8,718 | 13,497 | 1,240 | 1,/51 854 |
| Midwest | 306,892 | 232,955 | 2,008 | 25,094 | 7,743 | 2,192 | 14,162 | 20,514 | 1,370 1,482 | 677 |
| Southwest | 265,670 | 203,149 | 1,007 | 16,681 | 4,794 | 1,297 1,312 | 16,207 11,793 | 19,547 | 951 | 459 |
| Western International Operations | 537,304 | 471,925 | 1,698 | 22,983 | 6,636 | 1,312 | 103 | 2,755 | 851 | 435 |
| International Operations | 25,216 | 21,293 | 4 | 684 | 337 | -0 | 103 | 2,755 | | |
| | | | | *** | 377 | 196 | 756 | 628 | _ | _ |
| Albany Augusta Boston Brooklyn | 17,712 | 14,637 | 67 62 | 851 794 | 181 | 33 | 912 | 862 | _ | _ |
| Augusta | 9.705 49.821 | 6,861 35,339 | 373 | 6.567 | 1,115 | 220 | 2.742 | 2.045 | 756 | 664 |
| Boston | 96,054 | 81,605 | 145 | | 1,836 | 373 | 1,748 | 3,511 | 346 | 542 |
| Buffalo | 42.015 | 33,675 | 247 | 3,321 | 738 | 219 | 1,453 | 2.362 | _ | |
| Buttage | 5.531 | 4.509 | 15 | 331 | 68 | 25 | 238 | 345 | _ | - |
| Burlington | 31,604 | 24,583 | 354 | 3.065 | 1,166 | 328 | 847 | 1.261 | | 766 |
| Manhattan | 87.185 | 64,564 | 604 | 13,712 | 2,306 | 676 | 1,816 | 2,143 | 598 | 700 |
| Portsmouth | 10,081 | 8,001 | 59 | 930 | 142 | 42 | 287 | 620 | _ | _ |
| Providence | 7,491 | 5.845 | 33 | 985 | 116 | 20 | 291 | 201 | _ | _ |
| Providence Andover Service Center | 10,612 | 10,612 | _ | _ | _ | _ | .= | | _ | |
| Brookhaven Service Center | 14,614 | 14.614 | - | | _ | | | 3.426 | 946 | 684 |
| Baltimore | 58,411 | 46.521 | 272 | 3,819 | B16 | 502 416 | 1,425 2,548 | 4.620 | 247 | 379 |
| Nowark | 75,117 | 57.217 | 333 | 8,095 | 1,262 935 | 224 | 1.263 | 2,926 | 476 | 6B1 |
| Philadelphia | 59,968 | 46,982 | 388 | | 871 | 281 | 1.841 | 3,182 | | - |
| Pittsburgh | 27,853 | 18,640 | 403 | | 647 | 194 | 1,785 | 3,130 | _ | - |
| Richmond | 39,496 | 30,289 3,202 | 152 61 | 671 | 161 | 38 | 279 | 519 | _ | _ |
| Wilmington | 4,931 9,769 | 9.769 | 01 | 6/1 | , , , , | - | | - | _ | _ |
| Philadelphia Service Center | 9,709 | 9,700 | - | _ | | | | | | |
| Southeast Region: | 58.818 | 45,630 | 159 | 3,218 | 618 | 422 | 2.184 | 5,019 | 800 | 768 |
| Atlanta Birmingham | 27,097 | 21,001 | 92 | 1.756 | 245 | 187 | 1,106 | 2,710 | | - |
| Columbia | 21.916 | 17,344 | 73 | | 323 | 78 | 910 | 1,618 | _ | _ |
| Greensboro | 49,700 | 39,271 | 189 | 3,121 | 762 | 191 | 2,496 | 3,670 | _ | _ |
| Jackson | 22.862 | 17,493 | 50 | 1,560 | 260 | 140 | 1,170 | 2,189 | | |
| Jacksonville | 98.000 | 73,862 | 702 | 6,605 | 2,523 | 615 | 4,147 | 8,354 | 591 | 60 |
| | 34,595 | 26,858 | 162 | 2,283 | 608 | 191 | 1,704 | 2,789 | - | |
| Atlanta Service Center | 16,595 | 16,595 | _ | - | _ | - | - | | _ | |
| Atlanta Service Center Memphis Service Center | 15,347 | 15.347 | _ | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Central Region: | | | | | | | 1,433 | 2,144 | 448 | 44 |
| Cincinnati | 32,819 | 24,043 | 188 | 3.318 | 658 | 139 327 | 2.265 | 2.690 | 571 | 86 |
| Claveland . | 46.502 | 32,618 | 367 263 | 5.400 | 1,401 980 | 281 | 2.203 | 2.829 | 221 | 44 |
| Detroit | 69.043 | 55,102 | - 26 | 3 . 6,751 1 2,452 | 948 | 122 | 1.792 | 3.027 | | _ |
| | 35,008 | 26,526 | 14 | | 586 | 126 | 694 | 1.794 | _ | _ |
| | 24,749 | 19,476 6,764 | 13: | | 161 | 37 | 358 | 1,013 | _ | - |
| Parkersburg Cincinnati Service Center | 9,567 8,069 | 8,069 | | J 1,139 | 101 | | _ | - | = | - |
| Cincinnati Service Center | 8,069 | 8,009 | _ | _ | | 7 | | | | |
| Midwest Region: | 7.215 | 5,591 | 31 | 6 339 | 265 | 137 | 242 | 605 | | - |
| Aberdeen | 98,630 | 78.930 | 96 | | 1.855 | 345 | 2,098 | 5,038 | 339 | 30 |
| Chicago Des Moines | 23,335 | 17,016 | 111 | | 1,198 | 286 | 1,492 | 1,717 | | - |
| | 5,413 | 4,135 | 2 | | 278 | 101 | 241 | 425 | - | = |
| Milwaukee Omaha | 38,042 | 27,186 | 25 | 6 3,720 | 767 | 198 | 3.201 | 2,714 | _ | - |
| Omaha | 15,737 | 10,373 | 9 | 8 1,214 | 606 | 375 | 1,349 | 1.722 | 497 | 25 |
| | 46.333 | 33,259 | 13 | 1 5.310 | 1,016 | 352 | 2.119 | 3,396 | | 23 29 |
| St Paul | 36.005 | 26,932 | | 6 2.636 | 897 | . 256 | 1,448 | 2,759 2,138 | 534 | 29 |
| Springfield | 23,635 | 16,986 | 13 | 3 1,403 | 861 | 142 | 1,972 | 2,130 | | |
| St. Paul Springfield Kansas City Service Center | 12,547 | 12,547 | - | | _ | | _ | _ | _ | |
| Southwest Region: | | | _ | | | 16 | 599 | 1,131 | _ | - |
| Albuquerque | 9,636 | 7.287 | . 3 | | 91 1,242 | 236 | 2.512 | 3,946 | 894 | 32 |
| Austin | 59.509 | 46.306 | | 1 3,730 | 95 | 34 | 139 | 248 | - | _ |
| AustinCheyenneDallas | 3,401 | 2.666 | | 4 215 D 3.520 | 1,139 | 346 | 4,458 | 5,144 | 588 | 35 |
| Dallas | 55,896 26,737 | 40.066 20.029 | i 28 | | 459 | 130 | 2,252 | 2,128 | | |
| Denver | | | | 6 1,330 | 252 | 57 | 71.170 | 1.167 | _ | - |
| Little Rock | 16,239 28,760 | 12,217 22,140 | | | 475 | 137 | 11,723 | 2,349 | | |
| New Orleans | 26.353 | 20,288 | ĬĂ | 3 2,010 | 534 | 183 | 1,498 | 1.757 | = | - |
| Uklahina City | 24.651 | 17.662 | Š | 1,868 | 507 | 158 | 1,856 | 2,506 | | - |
| Wichita Austin Service Center | 14,488 | 14,488 | | | _ | _ | | - | | - |
| Western Region: | 14,400 | 14,50 | | | | 21 | | | | |
| Anchorane | 7.880 | 6,498 | 3 | 7 306 | 33 | . 4 | 351 | 681 | _ | - |
| AnchorageBoise | 7,280 | 5,610 | 3 1 | 7 420 | 134 | 16 | 253 | 827 | | |
| Helens | 7,740 | 6,064 | 1 2 | B 483 | 136 | 34 | 445 | 550 | | |
| Honoiutu | 8,795 | 6.857 | 7 4 | 10 762 | 98 | 45 | 527 | 466 | | 27 |
| HonoiuluLos Angeles | 245.986 | 222,56 | 68 | 7 9,525 | 2.548 | 512 | 3.043 | 6,466 | | |
| | 25.536 | 22,076 | 3 12 | | 440 | 100 | 453 | 1,136 | | |
| Portland | 17,525 | 13,63 | 3 8 | 34 1,194 | 470 | 98 | 571 | 1,470 | | |
| Portland | 15,578 | 13.87 | | 36 578 | .76 | 77 | 351 | 581 | | |
| Salt Lake City | 11,786 | 9.25 | 1 5 | 4 927 | 124 | 27 | 496 | 907 | ~~ | |
| San Francisco | 110,229 | 94,36 | 7 48 | | 2,001 | 344 | 2,873 | 4.43 | | , |
| | 30,389 | 22,54 | 3 13 | 36 2,238 | 574 | 55 | 2,430 | 2.03 | | |
| Ogden Service Center | 15,680 | 15,68 |) . | | _ | | _ | - | . . | |
| | 32,900 | 32.90 | | | | | | | | |

Table 10.—Additional tax and penalties recommended after audit examination by class of tax, and by internal revenue regions, districts, and other areas. (In thousands of dollars)

| Regions, service center, and district | Total | Individual | Fiduciary | Corporation | Estate | Gift | Excise | Employ- ment | Exempt Organi- zations |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Total | 5,062,839 | 1,638,848 | 47,449 | 2,465,510 | 597.355 | 72.461 | 73,172 | 162,422 | 5,622 |
| North-Atlantic | 1,003,916 | 281,518 | 2,106 | 576,323 | 103,589 | 14,399 | 7,993 | 17,662 | 326 |
| Mid-Atlantic | 860,152 | 210,432 | 1,561 | 340,001 | 61,968 | 10,614 | 13,744 | 21,801 | 31 |
| Central | 667,704 481,751 | 234,541 164,217 | 3,474 18,390 | 323,217 218,799 | 64,479 49,376 | 7,963 | 10,278 | 22,614 | 1,138 |
| Midwest | 785.752 | 202,716 | 3,476 | 427,292 | 83,524 | 6,000 15,538 | 11,463 8,617 | 13,721 43,688 | 1,785 701 |
| Southwest | 563,793 | 195,750 | 2,388 | 205,085 | 122,295 | 10.931 | 7,644 | 19,170 | 530 |
| Western International Operations | 853,396 | 328,121 | 18,054 | 357.408 | 107,598 | 6.831 | 13,320 | 20,953 | 1,111 |
| International Operations | 46,374 | 21,553 | _ | 17,385 | 4,526 | 5,831 184 | 113 | 2,613 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Albany | 52,366 | 8.009 | 57 | 22,815 | 20,515 | 369 | 98 | 503 | - |
| Roston | 22,839 135,036 | 3,651 45,378 | 66 626 | 15,992 71,567 | 1,115 | 57 | 1.259 | 699 | _ |
| Brooklyn | 123,117 | 51,420 | 481 | /1,56/ 42,543 | 8,206 22,286 | 931 1,771 | 2,180 795 | 6,079 3,783 | 69 |
| BrooklynBuffalo | 103,138 | 14,952 | 45 | 76.073 | 8,520 | 796 | 1,350 | 1,402 | 38 |
| | 3,470 | 2.088 | 71 | 1,025 | 167 | 14 | 51 | 124 | = |
| Hartford | 65,642 | 13,991 | 369 | 34,609 | 8,782 | 5,923 | 1.039 | 929 | |
| Manhattan | 444,685 | 108,049 | 430 | 294,815 | 32,437 | 4.272 | 1,152 | 3,511 | 219 |
| Portsmouth | 15,221 | 5,199 | 21 | 8,647 | 763 | 57 | 35 | 499 | |
| Providence Andover Service Center | 12,502 | 3,082 | 9 | 8,239 | 797 | 207 | 34 | 134 | _ |
| Andover Service Center | 10,302 | 10,302 | _ | - | _ | _ | | _ | |
| Brookhaven Service Center | 15,397 | 15,397 | _ | _ | - | - | - | - | _ |
| Mid-Atlantic Region: | | | | | | | | | |
| Baltimore | 87,110 | 39,406 | 408 | 33,334 | 9,557 | 1,448 | 316 | 2,615 | 26 |
| Newark | 218,694 | 66,053 | 740 | 124,711 | 11,530 | 395 | 6.869 | 8.392 | 4 |
| Philadelphia | 150,316 | 39,278 | 211 | 76,790 | 15,556 | 7,049 | 4,945 | 6,486 | 1 |
| Richmond | 89,307 58,372 | 18,054 22,272 | 76 114 | 62,100 20,375 | 6,407 11,333 | 726 616 | 558 | 1,386 | _ |
| Wilmington | 44,174 | 13,189 | 12 | 22,691 | 7,585 | 381 | 966 90 | 2,696 | = |
| Wilmington Philadelphia Service Center | 12,180 | 12,180 | 12 | 22,091 | 7,385 | 361 | 90 | 226 | _ |
| Southeast Region: | 12,100 | 12,100 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| Atlanta | 105,507 | 34,760 | 755 | 51,854 | 6.303 | 991 | 5.769 | 4.003 | 1,072 |
| Duringitarii | 45,826 | 15,498 | 464 | 20.597 | 5,997 | 1,520 | 214 | 1,536 | 1,072 |
| Columbia | 28,280 | 12,011 | 40 | 10,561 | 4.130 | 322 | 272 | 944 | = |
| Greensboro | 95,404 | 25,063 | 215 | 53,685 | 10,123 | 1,129 | 504 | 4.685 | _ |
| Jackson | 29,434 | 13,112 | 254 | 10,206 | 3.301 | 467 | 205 | 1,689 | _ |
| Jacksonville | 255,759 | 63,142 | 1,563 | 133,318 | 27,832 | 2,355 | 1,417 | 6,066 | 66 |
| Nashville Atlanta Service Center | 79,389 | 22,848 | 184 | 42,996 | 6,792 | 1,180 | 1,897 | 3,492 | _ |
| Alianta Service Center | 13,758 | 13,758 | - | _ | _ | _ | - | | _ |
| Memphis Service Center Central Region: | 14,349 | 14,349 | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | _ | |
| Cincinnati | | 40.000 | | | | | | | |
| Cincinnati Cleveland | 59,522 158,867 | 19,826 41,491 | 261 | 28,553 | 6,069 | 446 | 587 | 2,089 | 1,691 |
| Detroit | | 45,666 | 14.962 727 | 74,383 | 18,940 | 1,138 | 4,540 | 3,344 | 69 |
| Indianapolis | 108,587 57,195 | 21,483 | 368 | 46,953 20.374 | 7,306 8,998 | 1,423 | 4,606 | 1,881 | 25 |
| | 65.023 | 16,963 | 57 | 37,695 | 6,996 | 2,186 562 | 521 1,142 | 3,265 1,608 | _ |
| Parkersburg Cincinnati Service Center | 22,836 | 9,064 | 16 | 10,840 | 1,068 | 246 | 67 | 1,535 | _ |
| Cincinnati Service Center | 9.724 | 9,724 | | .0,0-10 | 1,000 | 240 | - 07 | 1,353 | = |
| | | | | | | | | | _ |
| AberdeenChicago | 9,234 | 4,245 | 14 | 2,828 | 1,120 | 727 | 36 | 264 | _ |
| Chicago | 306,842 | 77,549 | 1,457 | 181,968 | 28,354 | 7,431 | 1,555 | 8.492 | 36 |
| | 61,556 | 17,097 | 93 | 28.917 | 9,737 | 632 | 612 | 4.468 | |
| Fargo | 9,579 | 2,957 | 13 | 3,764 | 2,315 | 295 | 63 | 172 | Ξ |
| Omnina | 76,171 | 15,760 | 56 | 36,723 | 5,244 | 767 | 699 | 16,922 | _ |
| Omaha | 39,602 | 9,997 | 62 | 18,183 | 5,412 | 1,223 | 3,473 | 1,252 | _ |
| St. Louis | 152,448 | 23,106 | 1,393 | 100,206 | 13,991 | 2,040 | 1,395 | 10.234 | 83 |
| Springfield | 77,545 41,808 | 26,337 14,698 | 231 159 | 36,477 18,227 | 10,691 | 1,447 | 461 | 1.319 | 582 |
| Springfield Kansas City Service Center | 10,971 | 10,971 | 158 | 10,227 | 6,661 | 976 | 323 | 764 | _ |
| | 10,871 | 10,971 | _ | _ | - | _ | - | _ | _ |
| Albuquerque | 6,366 | 3.256 | 5 | 1,326 | 771 | 39 | 228 | 741 | |
| AUSIII | 137,057 | 42,087 | 688 | 32,529 | 53,112 | 5.450 | 673 | 2,243 | 275 |
| Chevenne | 3,740 | 2,103 | 22 | 615 | 684 | 144 | 49 | 123 | 2,0 |
| Dallas | 124,558 | 48,905 | 1.004 | 47,270 | 21,018 | 1,935 | 1.210 | 2.961 | 255 |
| Deriver | 60,179 | 20.065 | 90 | 27,298 | 1.931 | 166 | 2,108 | 8,521 | |
| Little Hock | 52,112 | 13,234 | 46 | 11,100 | 24,692 | 604 | 1,718 | 718 | _ |
| New Orleans | 59,728 | 15,626 | 239 | 35,186 | 6,601 | 321 | 617 | 1,138 | _ |
| Oklahoma City | 54,737 | 18,409 | 155 | 23,443 | 9,531 | 1,674 | 497 | 1,028 | - |
| Wichita Austin Service Center | 50,129 | 16,679 | 140 | 26,316 | 3,955 | 598 | 542 | 1,699 | = |
| Vestern Region: | 15,187 | 15,187 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Anchomos | | | | | | | | | |
| Anchorage Boise Helena | 21,569 12,348 | 5,670 3,687 | 22 11 | 12,087 | 454 | 15 | 1,162 | 2,159 | - |
| Helena | 7,844 | 3,948 | 11 | 5,368 2,258 | 2,693 | 200 | 52 | 337 | - |
| Honolulu | 15,835 | 5,705 | 324 | | 1,110 | 148 | 156 | 217 | - |
| Honolulu Los Angelos Phoenix | 289,103 | 128,336 | 814 | 7.030 90,898 | 1,808 52,752 | 78 1.636 | 76 | 814 | |
| Phoenix | 42,167 | 15.004 | 114 | 16.534 | 52,752 7.666 | | 8,418 | 5,875 | 374 |
| | 39,088 | 11,831 | 49 | 19,688 | 5,726 | 1,266 448 | 276 321 | 1,307 1,025 | _ |
| Reno | 43,642 | 22,353 | 104 | 11,965 | 7.744 | 534 | 550 | 392 | _ |
| Salt Lake City | 23,369 | 14,555 | 10 | 5.692 | 973 | 139 | 229 | 1,771 | |
| San Francisco | 251,716 | 66,000 | 16,302 | 142,087 | 19,377 | 842 | 991 | 5,461 | 656 |
| | 78,080 | 22,396 | 296 | 43,800 | 7.295 | 1,526 | 1,091 | 1,595 | 81 |
| Ogden Service Center | 11,957 16,677 | 11,957 | | | | | ., | ., | |
| Fresno Service Center | | 16.677 | | | | | | | |

Table 11.—Appellate Division receipts and dispositions of cases not before the Tax Court (nondocketed cases)

| | | Amount stated in rever report (thousand d | nue agent's Jollars) |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| | Number of cases | Deficiency and penalty | Over essess men |
| Status | (1) | (2) | (3 |
| Pending October 1 Received | 20,822 20,083 | 3,734,450 2,026,791 | 193,900 44,308 |
| Disposed of, total | 21,148 | 1,427,303 | 57,95 |
| By agreement Unagreed: (Overassessments, claims, excise, employment, and offer in compromise rejections) By taxpeyer default on statutory notice By taxpeyer default on statutory notice By petition to the Tax Court—transferred to docketed status | 14,872 2,482 1,018 2,776 | 1,038,798 58,153 45,928 284,424 | 56,682 1,266 |
| Pending Sept. 30 | 19,757 | 4,333,938 | 180,35 |

| | | Appellate determine (thousand dollar | nation irs) |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| | Number of cases | Deficiency and penalty | Over- assess men |
| Method | (1) | (2) | (3 |
| Disposed of, total | 21,148 | 811,014 | 66,177 |
| By agreement Unagreed: (Overassessments, claims, excise, employment, and offer in compromise rejections) By taxpayer default on statutory notice By taxpayer default on statutory notice By petions to the Tax Court—innafere | 14,872 2,482 1,018 2,776 | 446,343 52,180 38,508 273,983 | 65,124 1,050 |

Table 12.—Appellate Division receipt and disposition of income, estate and gift tax cases petitioned to the Tax Court (docketed cases)

| A. Progress of work | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | Amount stated in statut (thousand dolla | in statutory notice and dollars) | |
| | Number of cases | Deficiency in tax and penalty | Over- essess- men | |
| Status | , (1) | (2) | (3) | |
| Perceived, total | 18,151 12,268 | 2,387,000 777,872 | NA | |
| Petitions filed in response to— District Directors istututory notices Appellate Division's statutory notices | ;t 9,737 2,531 | 496,557 281,315 | | |
| Disposed of, total | 10,199 | 511,839 | | |
| By stoulisted agreement By domissal by the Tax Cour or taxpayer default Tried before the Tax Cour on the ments | 7,437 1,360 1,402 | 412,545 15,338 83,956 | N// | |
| Pending Sept. 30 | 20,220 | 2,653,033 | | |

| | Number of cases | Appellate determing (thousand dollo | nation ors) |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| | | Deficiency in tax and penalty | Over- ssess- ment |
| Method | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Disposed of, total by stopulated agreement by described by assessed by the control of temperer default by described by the Court on the ments! | 10,199 7,437 1,360 1,402 | 222,424 126,034 12,434 83,956 | N/A |

Represents amounts petitioned.

Table 13.—Appellate Division processing of all cases for 1976-1977 (Income, estate, gift, excise, employment, and offers-in-compromise)

| | | Number of cases | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Status | FY 6-30 | FY 9-30 | |
| Pending beginning of fiscal year | 34,951 31,114 | 38,973 32,351 | |
| Disposed of, total | 29,096 | 31,347 | |
| By agreement Unagreed: (Overassessments, claims, excise, employment, and other-in-compromise rejections) By taxpayer delaution statutory notice or dismissall by Tax Court By petition to the Tax Court Theid in the Tax Court | 20.811 1,924 1,979 2,975 1,407 | 22,309 2,482 2,378 2,776 1,402 | |
| Pending end of fiscal year | 36,969 | 39,977 | |

Table 14—District Conference Activity

| | Revenue Agents | Tex Auditors | FY 1977 Total |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Cases pending Otcober 1 | 9,620 | B,133 | 17,753 |
| Cases Received | 17,097 | 30.003 | 47.100 |
| Conterence Completed | 18.631 | 30,309 | 48 940 |
| Number Agreed Agreed as a percent of total | 11.631 62.4 | 22.865 75.4 | 34.496 70.5 |
| Cases pending September 30 | 8,086 | 7,827 | 15,913 |

Table 15—Overassessments of Tax Exclusive of Claims for Refund

| | Number | | Amount Reco (thousands o | mmended 1 dollars) |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| • | 1976 | 1977 | 1976 | 1977 |
| Total | 137,689 | 122,003 | \$269,100 | \$280,511 |
| Individual Friduciary Corporation Estate Gill Excise Employment | 109.264 1.589 11.667 6.167 4.787 3,538 | 94.799 11.128 12.360 5.226 551 3.710 4.229 | 96,471 7 423 133,216 33,939 1,724 5,594 10,733 | 83.055 8.211 130 649 35.249 2.235 5.558 15.554 |

Table 16.—Work flow in the Internal Revenue Service, and the courts, fiscal years 1976 and 1977

| | 4000 | 1977 |
|--|--|--|
| Returns | 1976 | |
| Tax returns filed, total midvisual income tax Declaration of estimated tax Fiduciary Partnership Corporation income tax Corporation income tax | 127,662,218 82,577,438 7,888,482 1,811,567 1,134,699 2,189,728 241,508 308,873 24,840,076 503,487 524,770 593,090 919,389 4,388,513 | 133,684,584 85,611,191 8,088,480 1,862,702 1,197,203 2,247,111 248,316 386,802 25,023,074 554,166 1,321,006 557,911 909,855 5,876,725 |
| Income, Estate and Giff Tax | | |
| Number of returns examined by Audit Division Returns with adjustment proposed by Audit Division Disposal of by Audit Division Disposal of by Audit Division: | : | 2,125,160 1,611,579 1,562,573 |
| Agreed, paid of defaulted Transferred to Appellate Other | : | 1,562,573 33,444 15,562 |
| * Due to fiscal year change in 1976, comparable figures are not available. | | |
| Civil Tax Cases | | |
| Courts of Original Jurisdiction Tax Court: Total Petitioned to Tax Court Dismissed Settled by Stipulation Closed by Tax Court decision | 11,360 1,209 7,070 1,210 | 12,26 1,39 7,48 1,25 |
| District Cours and Court of Claims: Total field in District Courts and Court of Claims Settled in District Courts and Court of Claims Decided by District Courts and Court of Claims Decided by District Courts and Court of Claims | 1,033 532 402 | 1,15: 44! 45 |
| Courts of Appeals: Settled by Courts of Appeals decision Pavonable to government Pavonable to povernment Modified 3 | 299 231 56 12 | 23 16 4 3 |
| Supreme Court: granted Taxpayer petitions for Certiorari granted denied | 44 | 3 |
| Government petitions for certiorari | - 1 | - |
| Settled by Supreme Court decision | , | |
| Fraud Cases | | |
| Cases initiated by Intelligence Division | 9,035 | 8,90 |
| Prosecution recommended | 3,147 5,650 | 3,40 5,45 |
| Disposed of by Office of Chief Counsel: Prosecution not warranted, including cases declined by the Department of Justice | 589 2,037 | 48 2,18 |

Table 17.—Amounts of revenue involved at each level of the tax system, fiscal year 1977 and the preceding 12-month period for 1976

| р. | | | • | • | ٠ |
|-----|-------|----|---|----|----|
| /Mi | llior | do | ш | ar | œ١ |

| Item | 1976 | 197 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Internal revenue collections, total | 310,823 163,889 | 358,139 186,755 |
| Withholding Other Corporation income taxes | 127,758 36,131 47,432 | 144,672 42,083 60,050 |
| Estate and gift taxes Employment taxes | 5,408 76,695 | 7,425 86,076 |
| Excise laxes | 17,399 | 17,833 |
| Civil Cases | | |

| Fraud Cases | | |
|--|----------|----|
| Tax and penalties determined in cases decided by the Supremo Court and Courts of Appeals | 18 64 | 4 |
| Decisions on merits | 42 | 2 |
| Dismissed | 15 | 1 |
| Tax and penalties determined by settlement in Tax Court | 115 | 12 |

Table 18.—Requests for Tax Rulings and Technical Advice (Closings), 1977

| Subject | Total | Taxpayer Requests | Field Requests |
|----------------------|--------|-------------------|----------------|
| Total | 10,623 | 10,329 | 494 |
| Actuarial Matters | 1.555 | 1,531 | 24 |
| Exempl Organizations | 3,785 | 3,507 | 278 |
| Employee Plans | 5,483 | 5,291 | 192 |

Table 18A.—Determination letters issued on pre-ERISA* employee benefit plans, fiscal year 1977.

| ttem | Pension or Annuity Plans | Profit Sharing and Stock Bonus | Self- Employed | Total |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| Determination letters issued with respect to- | | | | |
| 1. Initial qualification: | | | | |
| a. Plans approved | 360 | 260 | a | 628 |
| 1) Participating Employees | 18.716 | 2.908 | 34 | 21.658 |
| b. Plans disapproved | 15 | 14 | n | 29 |
| 2. Amendments: | | | • | |
| s. Plans Approved | 472 | 120 | 5 | 597 |
| b. Plans Disapproved | | 1 | ň | 3 |
| 3. Terminations: | - | • | • | , |
| 8. Plans Approved | 2,499 | 1.776 | 9 | 4.284 |
| b. Plans Disapproved | 45 | 16 | ñ | 4,264 |
| b. Flans Disapproved | 45 | 10 | | 61 |

^{*} Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

Table 18B.—Determination letters issued on ERISA* employee benefit plans, fiscal year 1977.

| Item | Defined Contribution | Defined Benefit | Tota |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Determination letters issued with respect to- | | | |
| Initial qualification: | | | |
| a. Plans Approved | 28,502 | 6,684 | 35,186 |
| 1) Participating Employees | 3,402,699 | 1,065,622 | 4,468,321 |
| b. Plans Disapproved | 39 | 8 | 47 |
| 2. Amendments: | | | |
| a. Plans Approved | 78,286 | 27,226 | 105.512 |
| b. Plans Disapproved | 16 | 1 | 17 |
| 3. Terminations: | | | |
| a. Plans Approved | 8.065 | 4.020 | 12.08 |
| b. Plans Disapproved | 16 | В. | 24 |

^{*} Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

Table 18C.—Number of Returns Examined By Type of Exempt Organization

| • | | FY 1977 |
|-----------|--|--------------|
| 501(c)(3) | Private Foundation | 1,502 |
| | Non-Exempt Charitable Trust | 4(|
| 501(c)(3) | All Others | 3.729 |
| 501(c)(4) | Civic Leagues, Social Welfare | 480 |
| 501(c)(5) | Labor, Agriculture, Horticulture | 285 |
| 501(c)(6) | Business Leagues | 780 |
| 501(c)(7) | Social and Recreational Clubs All Others | 718 1,690 |
| 501 | All Others | 576 |
| 521 | Pamiers Cooperatives | 3/6 |
| Total | | 9.803 |
| | | -1.0-0 |

Table 18.D—Number of Active Entities On Exempt Organizations Master File (Individual and Group)

| IRC Section (501(c)): | 9-30-76 | 9-30-7 |
|--|---------|---------|
| (1) Corporations Organized Under Act of Congress | 1.067 | 1.072 |
| (2) Titleholding Corporation | 5.114 | 5.223 |
| (3) Religious, Charitable, etc. | 259.523 | 276,455 |
| (4) Social Welfare | 125.415 | 129,496 |
| (5) Labor, Agriculture Organizations | 87,412 | 87,656 |
| (6) Business Leagues | 42,120 | 44,100 |
| (7) Social and Recreation Clubs | 47.820 | 50.031 |
| (8) Fraternal Beneficiary Societies | 141,725 | 141,138 |
| (9) Voluntary Employee Beneticiary Societies | 6,271 | 6,486 |
| (10) Domestic Fraternal Beneficiary Societies | 11,612~ | 12,410 |
| (11) Teachers Retirement Fund | 14 | 10 |
| (12) Benevolent Life Insurance Association | 4.685 | 4,801 |
| (13) Cemetery Companies | 4,959 | 5,264 |
| (14) Credit Unions | 4,686 | 5,074 |
| (15) Mutual Insurance Companies | 1,454 | 1,450 |
| (16) Corporations to Finance Crop Operation | 30 | 31 |
| (17) Supplemental Unemployment Benefit Trusts | 790 | 800 |
| (18) Employer Funded Pension Trusts | 4 | 4 |
| (19) War Veterans Organizations | 13,960 | 14,305 |
| 501(d) Religious and Apostolic Organizations | 59 | 63 |
| 521 Farmers' Cooperatives | 3,969 | 3,794 |
| Total | 762.689 | 789.666 |

Table 18E.—Exempt Organizations Disposals of Applications During FY 1977

| IR Code Section 501(c) | Approved | Denied | Other ¹ | Tot |
|--|----------|--------|--------------------|-------|
| (1) Corporations Organized Under Act of Congress | 1 | | | |
| (2) Titleholding Corp. | 163 | 18 | 131 | 31 |
| (3) Religious, Charltabte, etc. | 15,89D | 728 | 5,833 | 22,45 |
| (4)+Social Welfare | 2,576 | 154 | 1,009 | 3,73 |
| (5) Labor, Agriculture Org. | 596 | 15 | 115 | 72 |
| (6) Business Leagues | 1,727 | 113 | 326 | 2.16 |
| (7) Social and Recreation Clubs | 2.122 | 195 | 824 | 3.14 |
| (8) Fraternal Beneficiary Societies | 38 | 18 | 37 | |
| (9) Voluntary Empl. Beneficiary Societies | 135 | 7 | 32 | 1 |
| 10) Domestic Fraternal Societies | 83 | 12 | 57 | 1 |
| 11) Teachers' Retirement Fund | | . = | | |
| 12) Benevolent Life Insurance Assn. | 139 | ž 28 | 114 | 2 |
| 3) Cemetery Companies | 299 | 10 | 46 | 3 |
| 14) Credit Unions | 18 | | 74 | • |
| 15) Mutual Ins. Companies | 11 | = | 3 | |
| 16) Corp. to Finance Crop Oper. | | . = | • | |
| 17) Complemental Linemplement Benefit Trusts | | ., – | _ | |
| 7) Supplemental Unemployment Benefit Trusts | ٤, | _ | 7 | |
| 19) War Veterans' Org. | 53 | 7 | 30 | |
| 21 Farmers' Cooperatives | 39 | 40 | 30 | |
| 21 Partiers Coopelauves | | 273 | 30 | |
| National Office Rulings or Determination Letters | 2,491 | | == | 2,7 |
| Miscellaneous? | 9,615 | 804 | 65 | 10.4 |
| Grand Total | 36,017 | 2,389 | 8,661 | 47,0 |

Table 19.—Earned Income Credits January-September 1977 (in thousands of dollars)

| | | | | | | A | PPLICATION | OF EARNE | INCOME (| REDITS | |
|--|---|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Internal revenue regions States and other areas (| States | TOTAL EA | RNED EDITS' | NEW FILE WITH EIC ZERO TAX LIA | AND | APPLIED 1976 LIAB | TO ILITY | REFUND | | OFFSET-FR | |
| represented by single di in perentheses; totals | | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number | Amount | Number ^s | Amount |
| for other States shown a of table) | t bottom | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| United States, total | | 6,170,831 | 1,240,317 | 471,264 | 103,446 | 3,065,908 | 344,436 | 4,323,706 | 884,118 | 85,952 | 11,763 |
| North-Atlantic Region _ | | 718,226 | 141,511 | 53,328 | 11,870 | 347.952 | 38,273 | 496,941 34,352 | 101,542 6,861 | 9,852 594 | 1,695 93 |
| Albany | (See (c) below) | 49,836 37,117 | 9,748 7,317 | 2,566 1,756 | 544 351 | 24,742 19,613 | 2,794 2,271 | 25,219 | 4,992 | 451 | 55 |
| Augusta Boston | (Maine) (Massachusetts) | 119.820 | 23,537 | 8,653 | 1,830 | 54,582 | 6.056 | 84,911 | 17,243 | 1,418 | 238 |
| Brooklyn | (See (c) below) | 163,441 | 32.832 | 15,186 | 3,582 | 75,549 | 8,167 | 114,989 | 24,131 13,814 | 2,840 1,094 | 534 168 |
| | (See (c) below) | 101,693 | 19,736 | | 1,136 | 50,839 7,849 | 5,754 934 | 69,736 10,413 | 1,999 | 218 | 32 |
| Burlington Hartford Manhattan Portsmouth Providence | (Vermont) | 15,114 | 2,965 | 781 5.377 | 155 1,160 | 7,849 34.236 | 3,731 | 47,822 | 9.680 | 853 | 145 |
| Hartford | (Connecticut) | 70,265 116,892 | 13,556 23,291 | 10,658 | 2,517 | 58,519 | 6,127 | 79,443 | 16.811 | 1,913 | 353 |
| Manhattan | (New Hampshire) | 20,605 | 3,911 | 1,107 | 221 | 11,165 | 1.270 | 13,435 | 2,604 | 236 | 36 |
| Providence | (Rhode Island) | 23,443 | 4,617 | 1.797 | 373 | 10.858 | 1,169 | 16,621 | 3,407 97,653 | 235 7,465 | 40 1,198 |
| MID-ATTAINTIC HEGION | | 703,157 | 138,032 | 45,325 | 9,603 | 354,186 | 39,181 4,493 | 478,684 53,764 | 11,120 | 827 | 126 |
| Barumore | (See (n) below) | 80,013 | 15.739 32.704 | 4.996 14,059 | 1,046 3,073 | 41,439 75,553 | 8,213 | 116,651 | 24,099 | 2,211 | 392 |
| Newark . | (New Jersey) (See (c) below) | 165,646 162,547 | 31.754 | 9,442 | 1,967 | 82,627 | 9,328 | 109,842 | 22,172 | 1,623 | 254 |
| Philadelphia | (See (c) below) | 93,956 | 18,030 | | 958 | 46,368 | 5,212 | 64,387 | 12,703 | 803 | 116 |
| Pittsburgh | (Virginia) | 141,288 | 28,152 | 7,409 | 1,602 | 76 916 | 8.532 | 94.693 | 19,429 | 1,258 578 | 190 94 |
| Washington, D.C. | (See (a) below) | 43,987 | 8,569 | 3,471 | 764 | 23,327 7,956 | 2,546 858 | 28,688 10,659 | 5,930 2,200 | 165 | 26 |
| Wilmington | (Delaware) | 15,720 | 3,084 | | 193 21.084 | 7,956 662,713 | 74,740 | 938,167 | 196 392 | 15,001 | 2,278 |
| Southeast Region | | 1,324,538 215,947 | 273,410 44,953 | | 3,701 | 107,151 | 12.094 | 154,026 | 32,533 | 2,276 | 326 |
| Atlanta Birmingham | (Georgia)(Alabama) | 152,623 | 32,085 | | 2,573 | 73,248 | 8,319 | 111,421 | 23,567 | 1,295 | 200 |
| Columbia | (South Carolina) | 118.049 | 24,057 | 7,588 | 1,692 | 58,915 | 6,424 | 82,636 153,264 | 17,411 31,358 | 1,323 2,464 | 221 354 |
| Greensboro | (South Carolina) (North Carolina) | 226,090 | 45,596 | | 2,674 | 122,694 | 13,884 | 91,898 | 20,062 | 1,417 | 206 |
| Jackson | | 119,097 | 26,051 | 12,285 | 2,734 | 50,585 150,414 | 5,783 17,030 | 208,206 | 43,291 | 4.370 | 702 |
| tacksonville | (Florida)(Tennessee) | 297,895 | 61.023 39.644 | 22,684 | 5,221 2,488 | 99,706 | 11,206 | 136,716 | 28,169 | 1,856 | 270 |
| Nashville Central Region | (Tennessee) | 194,837 735,539 | 145,228 | | 10.018 | 366,562 | 41,267 | 510,809 | 102,953 | 6.418 | 1,008 |
| Central Region | (See (d) below) | 117,018 | 22,872 | | 1.528 | 58,646 | 6.432 | 79,719 | 16,267 | 1,117 | 172 |
| Cincinnati Cleveland | (See (d) below) | 127,384 | 24,796 | 8,881 | 1,770 | 64,001 | 7,148 | 86,524 | 17,460 | 1,175 | 188 |
| Detroit | (Michigan) | 172,536 | 33,787 | 13,579 | 2,753 | B1,092 | 9,012 | 122,597 87,976 | 24.523 17,842 | 1,586 1,064 | 253 168 |
| Indianapolis | (Michigan)(Indiana) | 131,697 | 25,897 | | 1,731 | 69,705 66,453 | 7,887 7,916 | 94,118 | 18,713 | 1,107 | 169 |
| Louisville | {Kerkucky} | 130,904 | 26,797 11,079 | 7,651 3,289 | 1,580 657 | 26,665 | 2.873 | 39,875 | 8,148 | 369 | 58 |
| Parkersburg Midwest Region | (West Virginia) | 56,000 | 11,07 | 47,870 | 10.205 | 380,224 | 45,283 | 474,468 | 91,068 | 6,566 | 1,091 |
| Midwest Region | (South Dakota) | 699,715 24,137 | 137,442 | 1,098 | 230 | 15,678 | 2,050 | 16 294 | 2,634 | 153 | 23 |
| Aberdeen | (See (b) below) | 172.455 | 33,660 | | 4,002 | B1,245 | 8,710 | 119,740 | 24,522 | 2,362 | 428 |
| Chicago Des Moines | ((lowa) | 59.641 | 11,52 | 7 3,184 | 673 | 36,290 | 4,592 | 38,359 | 6,866 | 410 133 | 69 20 |
| Fargo | (North Dakota) | 18,146 | 3,44 | 687 | 145 | 12,339 | 1,584 5,799 | 11,505 58.427 | 1,838 10,865 | 748 | 120 |
| Milwaukee | (Wisconsin) | 87.027 | 16,78 | | 894 368 | 47,913 24,496 | 3,104 | 24,945 | 4,327 | 264 | 43 |
| Omaha | (Nebraska) | 38,584 | 7,474 30,38 | | 2,107 | 78,770 | 9,266 | 104,289 | 20,913 | 1,362 | 209 |
| | (Missouri)(Minnesota) | 150,250 82,878 | 16,18 | 3 4.109 | 869 | 48.815 | 6,169 | 55,388 | 9,920 | 626 | 94 |
| St. Paul Springfield | (Minnesota) | 6597 | 13,27 | 4,278 | 916 | 34,678 | 4,009 | 45,521 | 9,184 | 508 | . 85 |
| Southwest Region | (366 (0) 06/04/ | 1.007,219 | 207,34 | 2 85,120 | 19,014 | 493,017 | 55,810 | 722,113 | 149,838 | 10,295 511 | 1,595 84 |
| Albuquerque | (New Mexico) (See (f) below) | 52,188 | 10.45 | 7 4,607 | 938 | 22,738 | 2,471 14,628 | 39,105 216,613 | 7,901 46,095 | 3,117 | 529 |
| Austin | (See (f) below) | 293.845 | 61,25 | 3 26,442 2 602 | 6,090 132 | 134,521 5.460 | 629 | 6,470 | 1,247 | 94 | 16 |
| Austin Cheyenne | (Wyoming) (See (f) below) | 9.677 180.265 | 1,89 36,87 | | 3,585 | 93,409 | 10,682 | 124,107 | 25,836 | 2,122 | 354 |
| Dallas | (See (I) below) | 69,414 | 13,75 | | 1.144 | 35,950 | 4.042 | 48,002 | 9,576 | 793 | 132 |
| Denver Little Rock | (Colorado)(Arkansas) | 99,431 | 20,68 | 1 7,458 | 1,638 | 49,354 | 5,878 | 71,632 | 14,654 | 973 | 148 |
| New Orleans | (Louisiana) | 148,297 | 31,43 | 0 14,440 | 3,126 | 67,779 | 7,644 | 111,115 69,649 | 23,590 14,134 | 1,193 1,021 | 156 |
| | (Louisiana) (Oklahoma) | 99,397 | 20,36 | | 1,658 702 | 51,722 32,084 | 5,076 3,760 | 35,420 | 6,804 | 471 | 78 |
| Wichita Western Region | (Kansas) | 54,705 978,581 | 10.64 196,58 | | 21,580 | 459.801 | 49,741 | 699,560 | 144,06B | 15,625 | 2,781 |
| Western Region | (Alaska) | 978,581 5,696 | 1,11 | | | 2.924 | 318 | 3,915 | 787 | 65 | 11 |
| Anchorage | (Alaska) | 25,528 | 4,97 | 8 1,628 | 370 | 14,540 | 1,719 | 16,876 | 3,218 | 272 | 41 |
| Boise | (Idaho) (Montana) | 22,980 | | 5 1,460 | 319 | 12,754 | 1,525 | 15,793 | 2,981 | 242 128 | 39 22 |
| Honolulu | (Hawaii) | 19,108 | 3,49 | D 1,159 | 244 | 9,964 | 968 | 12,897 | 2,500 | 128 8.608 | 1.627 |
| Los Angeles | (See (a) below) | 404.655 | 82,92 | 3 47,389 | 11,065 | 178,184 | 19,199 3,620 | 296,155 55,662 | 62,098 11,524 | 1,102 | |
| Phoenix | (Arizona) | 75,554 | 15,32 | | 1,438 1,058 | 33,684 33,737 | 3,751 | 45.816 | 9,196 | 680 | |
| Portland | (Oregon) | 66,586 | | | 384 | 11,699 | 1,178 | 13,845 | 2,869 | 244 | 40 |
| Reno Satt Lake City San Francisco | (Nevada) | 20,832 30,974 | | | | 15.939 | 1.744 | 21,407 | 4,322 | 258 | 38 |
| Sall Lake City | (Utah) (See (a) below) | 225,339 | | | | 104,787 | 11,222 | 161,226 | 33,240 | 3,301 | 554 |
| San Francisco | (Washington) | 81,329 | 15,95 | 1 6,821 | 1,454 | 41,589 | 4,495 | 55,968 | 11,333 | 725 | 123 |
| Office of International C | (Washington) | 3,856 | 76 | 2 332 | 73 | 1,453 | 142 | 2,954 1,466 | 603 299 | 89 32 | 17 |
| Puerto Rico | | 1,737 | 34 | 6 168 | | 496 957 | 41 100 | 1,498 | 299 305 | 57 | 11 |
| Other | | 2,119 | 41 | 6 164 | 37 | 95/ | 100 | 1,490 | 303 | 3, | |
| | | | т | otals for States | not shown | above | | | | | |
| | (a) California | 629.99 | 4 127.9 | 40 68,58 | 2 15,763 | 3 282,97 | 1 30,421 | 457.38 | 95,33 | 11.90 | |
| | (b) Illinois | 239.05 | 2 46.9 | 39 22,56 | 3 4,918 | 115.92 | 3 12,720 | 165,26 | 33,70 | 2.87 | |
| | (c) New York | 431,86 | 2 85,6 | 08 33.85 | 7 7,779 | 209,64 | 22,842 | 298,520 | 61,617 | 7 6,44 7 2,29 | 1 1,14 |
| | (d) Ohio | _ 244,40 | 2 47,6 | 67 16,43 | 7 3.296 | 122,64 | 7 13,580 5 14,539 | 166,243 174,225 | | | |
| | (e) Pennsylvania | _ 256,50 | 3 49,7 | 84 14,44 | | 5 128,99 5 227,93 | 25,310 | 340,720 | | | 9 88 |
| | (f) Texas (g) Baltimore District | _ 474,11 124,00 | 0 98.1 0 24,3 | 25 42,11 08 8,46 | | | | 82,45 | 17,04 | | |
| | (g) Battimore District (Maryland and D.C.) | 124,00 | U 64,3 | 0,40 | ,,,,, | 54.70 | ,500 | | | | |

Table 20.—Tax Withheld From Payments to Foreign Persons of Treaty and Nontreaty Countries—Calendar Year 1975 (In thousands of dollars)

143

| Country | income | Total tax withheld | Fex withheld by domestic withholding agents | Tax from foreign governments or withholding agents | Number of information documents filed by withholding agents |
|--|-----------|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Total | 2,634,161 | 433,561 | 303,544 | 57,228 | 614,320 |
| Treaty countries, total | 2.416.704 | 391.542 | 261,525 | 57,228 | 504,638 |
| Australia | 5.971 | 1.063 | 1.063 | | 6.936 |
| Austria | 3,568 | 467 | 452 | 15 | 4,474 |
| Belgium | 65.726 | 9.192 | 8.347 | 845 | 14,168 |
| Former Belgian o/s Territories | 49 | 5 | 5 | | 153 |
| Canada | 406.901 | 48.139 | 43,927 | 14.212 | 267.744 |
| Denmark | 4,801 | 267 | 267 | - | 2,197 |
| Finland | 358 | 23 | 23 | <u> </u> | 388 |
| France | 192.806 | 20.953 | 20,788 | 165 | 13,936 |
| Federal Republic of Germany | 95.370 | 10.829 | 10.829 | | 56.368 |
| Grance | 2.801 | 442 | 442 | | 3.781 |
| iceland | 88 | 24 | 24 | _ | 41 |
| ireland | 4,204 | 554 | 554 | | 4.093 |
| Italy | 18,592 | 2.524 | 2.524 | = | 12.852 |
| Japan | 90.466 | 9.049 | 9.049 | = | 4.776 |
| Luxembourg | 40,409 | 3,666 | 3,666 | | 4.551 |
| Netherlands | 209.842 | 30,000 | 29.853 | 147 | 12.231 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 212,122 | 7,173 | 7.172 | *** | 1.329 |
| New Zealand | 960 | 158 | 158 | | 1.341 |
| Norway | 2.878 | 357 | 357 | _ | 3.710 |
| Pakistan | 263 | 15 | 15 | | 253 |
| Poland | 411 | 69 | 69 | _ | 341 |
| Romania | 51 | 10 | 10 | _ | 86 |
| Sweden | 40.292 | 2.069 | 2.089 | _ | 5.404 |
| Switzerland | 600.027 | 124.632 | 72,789 | 51.843 | 26,621 |
| | 109 | 124,032 | 12,769 | 31,843 | 20,021 |
| Trinidad & Tobago Republic of South Africa | 1.700 | 447 | 447 | | 1,989 |
| USSR | 690 | 198 | 198 | | 1,988 518 |
| United Kingdom | 410.468 | 45.764 | 45.764 | _ | |
| | | | | - | 51,765 |
| Former U.K. o/s Territories | 4,783 | 632 | 632 | _ | 2,256 |
| Nontreaty countries | 217,477 | 42,019 | 42,019 | _ | 109,682 |

Only total amount of tax withheld is available; breakdown between tax withheld by domestic withholding agents and tax from foreign governments or withholding agents is estimated from past experience.

Table 21.—Internal Revenue refunds, including interest, 1976* and 1977* (excluding rebates) (For refunds by region, and district, see tables 5 and 6)

| | Number | | Amount refunded (principal and interest— thousand dollars) | | Amount of interest included (thousand dollars) | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|------------------------------|
| - | 1976 | 1977 | 1976 | 1977 | 1976 | 1977 |
| Total refunds of internal revenue ¹ | 87,287,464 | 67,726,918 | 34,689,589 | 36,493,895 | 327,125 | 318,935 |
| Corporation income taxes Individual income_and employment taxes, total1 | 478,721 66,727,550 | 463,177 67,180,533 | 5,484,268 28,790,340 | 5,423,034 30,671,723 | 213.082 99,489 | 208.494 97,438 |
| Excessive prepayment income tax1 Other income tax and Federal Insurance Contributions Act taxes Raitroad retirement Unemployment insurance | 64,169,170 2,361,979 431 195,970 | 64,531,066 2,428,402 268 220,797 | 27,442,540 1,316,397 246 31,157 | 29,255,379 1,379,342 199 36,803 | 48,885 49,703 7 894 | 51,000 45,484 9 944 |
| Estate lax Gift tax Excise taxes, total | 28,182 4,649 48,362 | 29,224 5,633 48,351 | 101,785 9,740 303,455 | 102,955 6,254 289,929 | 9,870 2,032 2,650 | 9,747 726 2,532 |
| Alcohol taxes ² Tobacco taxes ² Manufacturers' and retailers' excise taxes, total | 12,176 409 4,010 | 13,403 362 3,324 | 112,701 4,161 167,617 | 112,844 6,498 154,964 | 19 -24 1,214 | 14 55 1,634 |
| Gasoline used on tarms ³ Gasoline, nonhighway Other ⁴ | 142 807 3,061 | 89 892 2,343 | 122,132 2,456 43,028 | 106.458 4,205 44,300 | 1,214 | 1,63 |
| Ail other excise taxes ⁵ | 31,767 | 31,262 | 18,978 | 15,824 | 1,440 | 829 |

¹ Includes Earned Income Credits claimed by taxpayers and also responses to notices sent to and returned by taxpayers whose tax returns showed the characteristics of but who did not claim Earned Income Credits on their tax returns.

1 Includes taxpayers who filed solely to claim Earned Income Credits as well as those who received an Earned Income Credit notice because their return, filed as non-taxable or returnable for includes taxpayers who filed solely to claim Earned Income Credit sincerteristics.

1 The furnish of Earned Income Credit applications exceeds the total number of such credits in column (1) because of dust application, i.e., partially refunded and partially applied to collaboration and the compount of Earned Income Credit applications exceeds the amount shown in column (2).

1 Earned Income Credit generated but applied to other than 1975 fashibites and those generated but temporarily unapplied pending resolution of taxpayer accounts.

1 The United States total for column 9 includes 14,841 other Earned Income Credit applications which are not available by district and region.

Net of 179,188 undeliverable create tooling 45,417,000 in 1976 and 1,244 undeliverable checks totaling \$507,000 in 1977.

Includes treatenable and stamps predemotions.

Includes the credits floating \$121,982,000 in 1976 and \$106,295,000 in 1977.

Includes the credits floating \$121,982,000 in 1976 and \$106,295,000 in 1977.

Includes buckerabing oil use for noninginary purposes.

Includes anacotics, silver, wagering (excess and stamps), capital stock and other excise tax refunds.

To but to facility aper change in 1976, the data for that year covers Oct. 1, 1975 to Sept. 30, 1976, and the data for 1977 covers Oct. 1, 1976 to Sept. 30, 1977.

Table 22.—Obligations Incurred by Internal Revenue Service by Appropriation and Activity (In thousands of dollars)

| | Total | | | Compensation Benefits | 0 | ther |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| Appropriation by Activity | 1976 | 1977 | 1976 | 1977 | 1976 | 1977 |
| Total obligations, appropriations & reimbursable | 1,682,557 1,667,311 | 1,810,445 1,790,588 | 1,332,437 1,318,223 | 1,430,313 1,412,276 | 350,120 349,088 | 380,132 378,312 |
| Salaries & Expenses: | 44,685 | 49,365 | 38,234 | 40,822 | 6,451 | 8,543 |
| Executive Direction | 19,410 25,275 | 21,311 28,054 | 16,603 21,631 | 17,711 23,111 | 2,807 3,644 | 3,600 4,943 |
| Accounts, Collection & Taxpayer Service: | 777,223 | 649,515 | 573,169 | 618,760 | 204,054 | 230,755 |
| Data Processing Operations Statistical Reporting Collection Taxpayer Service | 410,517 12,763 242,625 111,318 | 448,664 12,653 246,458 141,740 | 306,135 9,892 198,161 58,981 | 338,265 9,908 204,153 66,434 | 104,382 2,871 44,464 52,337 | 110,399 2,745 42,305 75,306 |
| Compliance: | 845,403 | 891,708 | 706,820 | 752,694 | 138,583 | 139,014 |
| Audit of Tax Returns Employee Plans Tax Fraud & Special Investigations Exempt Organizations Taxpayer Conferences & Appeals Technical Rulings & Services Legal Services | 600.726 30.664 100.293 20,581 35,886 18,848 38,405 | 632.050 35.816 105.332 20.433 38.262 19.395 40.420 | 500,738 26,096 81,387 17,494 32,159 16,013 32,933 | 530.790 31.111 86,757 17,593 33,699 16,926 35,818 | 99,968 4,568 18,906 3,087 3,727 2,835 5,472 | 101,260 4,705 18,575 2,840 4,563 2,468 4,602 |
| Reimbursable obligations, Total | 15,246 | 19,657 | 14,214 | 18,037 | 1,032 | 1,82 |

¹ Data Processing Operations Total includes Management Activity 2300 for National Office.

Table 23.—Staff Years Authorized and Realized¹

| Appropriation | Autho 1976 | rized 1977 | Reali 1976 | zed 1977 | Percenta Realize 1976 | |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Salaries & Expenses Accounts, Collection & Taxpayer Service Compliance | 1,874 44,248 38,042 | 1,821 44,173 38,346 | 1.880 44,215 38,169 | 1,834 44,683 37,226 | 100.3 99.9 100.3 | 100.7 101.2 97.1 |
| Total | 84,164 | 84,340 | 84,264 | 83,743 | 100.1 | 99.3 |
| Increase, Decrease 1977 over 1976 | | +176 | | -521 | _ | |

[†] Does not include staff years devoted to reimbursable projects.

Table 24.—Costs incurred by the Internal Revenue Service (In thousands of dollars)

| | Total | Personnel Compen- sation | Travel | Equipment | Other |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Internal revenue office, district or region | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| A. National Office and regional totals (including district director's offices and service centers) | | | | | |
| Total Internal Revenue Service | 1.810.445 | 1,430,313 | 47,970 | 10.676 | 321,486 |
| National Office | 334.823 | 106,023 | 2.948 | 4,984 | 220.86 |
| North-Atlantic | 265,998 181,985 | 243,415 165,701 | 4,687 | 273 1,223 | 17.62 11.03 |
| Coutheast | 188,457 | 167,344 | 6,546 | 713 | 13.85 |
| Central | 153,653 | 139,175 | 4,949 | 637 | 8.89 |
| Midwest | 178.479 | 161,027 | 5.829 | 1.186 | 10,43 |
| Vestern | 165,758 251,759 | 146,002 225,475 | 7,381 7,696 | 780 351 | 11.59 18,23 |
| Nestern Regional Counsel | 23,505 | 22.334 | 286 | 356 | 52 |
| legional Inspection | 21,40B | 18,926 | 1,869 | 78 | 53 |
| Office of International Operations | 11.365 | 8.778 | 1,626 | 23 | 93 |
| National Computer Center | 9,579 23,676 | 6.086 20.027 | 42 87 | (°) | 3,45 3,49 |
| B. Regional commissioner's offices | | | | | |
| (excluding district director's offices and service centers) North-Atlantic | 13.797 | 10 705 | one | | |
| Mid-Atlantic | 10,464 | 12.785 9.266 | 233 198 | 29 103 | 750 891 |
| Southeast | 9.307 | 8.231 | 271 | 13 | 79 |
| Central | 8.962 | 8,184 | 210 | 18 | 550 |
| Midwest Southwest | 10.374 8.982 | 8,821 | 372 | 226 | 956 |
| Western | 14,126 | 8,095 11,341 | 323 533 | 67 171 | 2,08 |
| C. Regional costs undistributed | | | | | |
| North-Atlantic | 924 | - | 858 | - | 65 |
| Mid-Allantic Southeast | 977 2.201 | | 909 | - | -68 |
| Central | 1.348 | 587 72 | 1,413 1,212 | - | 200 64 |
| didwest | 1,175 | | 1,111 | _ | 64 |
| Southwest | 1.974 | _ | 1,875 | - | 99 |
| Western | 1,689 | - | 1.564 | - | 125 |
| District director's offices and service centers: North Atlantic: | | | | | |
| Albany | 7.695 | 6.972 | 237 | . 16 | 475 |
| Augusta | 4,443 | 4.024 | 190 | 7 | 223 |
| Boston | 28,068 | 26,310 | 548 | 32 | 1,178 |
| Brooklyn | 30.274 17,909 | 28.621 16,492 | 397 475 | 83 8 | 1,173 |
| Burlington | 2.486 | 2.198 | 121 | 14 | 934 153 |
| Hartford | 14,664 | 13,797 | 338 | 16 | 513 |
| Manhattan | 60.128 | 57.602 | 660 | 3 | 1,863 |
| Portsmouth Providence | 3,849 5,481 | 3,547 5,083 | 114 120 | 10 | 184 267 |
| Providence North-Alamic Regional Training Ctr. North-Alamic Region-Centralized Tr. Andover Servic Center Andover Servic Center | 3,461 | 3,063 | 120 | 10 | 267 |
| North-Atlantic Region-Centralized Tr. | 162 | _ | 160 | - | 3 |
| Andover Service Center | 35',683 40,436 | 30.927 | 141 | 49 | 4.565 |
| 4id-Atlantic | 40,430 | 35.057 | 101 | 2 | 5.276 |
| Baltimore | 24,004 | 22.583 | 380 | 206 | 835 |
| Newark | 37,048 | 34,812 | 811 | 112 | 1,313 |
| PhiladelphiaPittsburgh | 30,522 | 28,722 | 567 | 239 | 995 |
| Richmond | 15.699 16.467 | 14.663 14.774 | 327 568 | 100 197 | 608 927 |
| Wilmington Mid-Atlantic Regional Training Ctr. | 3,507 | 3.302 | 68 | 22 | 115 |
| Mid-Atlantic Regional Training Ctr. | | - : | | = | 1.10 |
| Mid-Attantic Region-Centralized Tr. Phitadelphia Service Center | 116 43,163 | | 116 | _ - | |
| Fourtheast: | 43,163 | 37.578 | 80 | 245 | 5,280 |
| Allanta | 21,041 | 19.081 | 962 | 164 | 834 |
| Birmingham | 9,799 | 84880 | 428 | 61 | 430 |
| Columbia Greensboro | 7.498 | 6.848 | 288 | 51 | 311 |
| Jackson | 16.033 6.880 | 14,528 6,204 | 759 326 | 98 23 | 649 326 |
| | 37,233 | 34.116 | 1.287 | 121 | 1,710 |
| Jacksonville | | | | 148 | 551 |
| Jacksonville | 13,023 | 11,794 | 530 | | |
| Nashville | · - | 11,794 | _ | 140 | |
| Jacksonwile Nashvile Nashvile Nashvile Sudhast Regional Traning Cir. Southeast Region-Centralized Tr. Atlanta Service Center | 13,023 — 154 32,118 | 28.099 | 154 60 | 25 | 3.934 |

Table 24.—Costs incurred by the Internal Revenue Service—Continued (In thousands of dollars)

| | Total | Personnel Compen- sation | Travel | Equipment | Other |
|---|--------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------|
| nternal revenue office, district, or region | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| | | | 471 | 90 | 726 |
| entral: Cincinnati | 17,035 | 15,748 | 604 | 58 | 951 |
| Cleveland | 24,127 | 22,514 | 978 | 111 | 1,319 |
| Detroit | 33,966 | 31,559 | | 125 | 697 |
| Indianapolis | 16,408 | 14,974 | 612 368 | 48 | 437 |
| Louisville | 10,334 | 9,481 | | 55 | 300 |
| Parkersburg | 5,887 | 5,270 | 261 | 55 | - |
| Parkersburg | _ | _ | | _ | |
| Central Regional Training Ctr. | 128 | - | 128 | 132 | 3.848 |
| Central Region-Centralized Training | 35,456 | 31,373 | 105 | 132 | 3,04 |
| Cincinnati Service Center | | | | 0.5 | 126 |
| dwest: | 2,944 | 2,593 | 200 | 25 | |
| Aberdoen | 42.876 | 40,272 | 851 | 139 | 1,615 |
| | 9.549 | 8,614 | 411 | 48 | 47 |
| | 2.643 | 2.336 | 130 | 24 | 15 |
| | 14,132 | 12,985 | 431 | 143 | 57 |
| | 6.549 | 5.820 | 285 | 69 | 37 |
| | 22.451 | 20.635 | 756 | 273 | 78 |
| | 16,077 | 14,921 | 547 | 42 | 56 |
| | 11.008 | 9.830 | 515 | 116 | 54 |
| | 11,000 | . 0,000 | | _ | _ |
| | 140 | _ | 140 | _ | - (|
| | 38.563 | 34,201 | 82 | 83 | 4,19 |
| Kansas City Service Center | 38,503 | 34,201 | Ų <u>.</u> | | |
| | | 4.096 | 196 | 20 | 21 |
| Albuquerque | 4,530 | | 1,224 | 159 | 1.28 |
| Austin | 28,749 | 26,078 | | 20 | 11 |
| Cheyenne | 2.312 | 2,008 | 167 | 182 | 1.86 |
| Dallas | 28,565 | 25,443 | 1,075 | 103 | 84 |
| Dalles | 11,868 | 10,429 | 494 | 67 | 66 |
| Deriver | 7,277 | 6,196 | 352 | | 59 |
| Little Bock | 13.178 | 12,059 | 474 | 49 | 71 |
| New Orleans | 12,475 | 11,163 | 527 | 67 | 35 |
| Oklohome City | 8,909 | B.151 | 377 | 26 | |
| | 172 | | 172 | _ | (|
| | 36.767 | 32,283 | 125 | 20 | 4,33 |
| | 30,707 | 04,200 | _ | _ | |
| Southwest Regional Training Center | _ | | | | |
| | 3.623 | 3,122 | 259 | 2 | 24 |
| 4 | 3,023 | 3,425 | 202 | 17 | 19 |
| | | | 212 | 2 | 19 |
| Helena | 3,405 | 2,993 | 135 | 31 | 20 |
| Honolulu | 4,409 | 4,036 | 1.626 | 36 | 2.5 |
| Los Angeles | 61,081 | 56,883 | 292 | 11 | 3 |
| Los Angeles | 8,791 | 8,127 | | 14 | 5 |
| Phoenix | 9,303 | 8,426 | 311 | 10 | 2 |
| Portland | 6,225 | 5,707 | 233 | 4 | 1 |
| Reno | 4,353 | 4,031 | 127 | | 1,9 |
| Salt Lake City | 39,147 | 36,074 | 1,114 | 22 | 1,9. |
| San Francisco | 14,689 | 13,533 | 542 | 10 | |
| | (*) | (1) | _ | _ | |
| | 266 | <u> </u> | 259 | - | |
| | 38,030 | 33,766 | 136 | .4 | 4,12 |
| | 38,784 | 34,012 | 150 | 17 | 4,60 |
| Fresno Service Center | 30,704 | 3., | | | |

^{*} Less than \$500.00.

Table 25.—Personnel Summary

| | Average Positions R | estized | Number Employees At Close of Year | | |
|---|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Location and type | 1976 | 1977 | 1976 | 197 | |
| Service Total Fermanent Temporary | 85,455 71,936 13,519 | 85.727 69.848 15,879 | 85,712 70,868 14,643 | 84,414 70,594 13,811 | |
| National Office 1 | 4,783 | 5,025 | 4,558 | 4,662 | |
| Field Service Total ² | 80,672 | 80.702 | 81,153 | 79,75 | |
| Data Processing, total | 26,938 | 28,517 | 27,370 | 25,490 | |
| Collection, total | 11,784 | 10,881 | 12,08\$ | 10,701 | |
| Revenue Otticers Cither | 6.918 4,866 | 6,201 4,680 | 6,781 5,300 | 6,075 4,63 | |
| Taxpayer Service, total | 3,506 | 3,922 | 3,647 | 4,082 | |
| Taxpayer Ser. Specs. Taxpayer Ser. Reps. Other | 482 1,491 1,533 | 589 1,147 2,186 | 1,327 2,320 | 1,096 2,984 | |
| Audit, total Revenue Agerits Off. Audit & Tax Tech. Other | 26,691 14,166 4,763 7,762 | 25,810 13,635 4,545 7,630 | 26,399 13,865 4,596 7,938 | 26,381 14,083 4,681 7,621 | |
| Employee Plans Org., total | 1,103 | 1,266 | 1,212 | 1,27 | |
| Revenue Agents Tax Law Specialist Technical Tax Auditors Other | 714 30 42 317 | 903 | 756 82 42 332 | 76- 60 31 39 | |
| Intelligence, total | 3,739 | 3,575 | 3.563 | 3.86 | |
| Special Agents | 2,611 1,128 | 2,555 1,020 | 2,553 1,110 | 2,78 | |
| Exempt Org., total | 684 | 612 | 652 | 654 | |
| Revenue Agentis Tax Law Specialist Technical Tax Audifors Other | 447 7 77 153 | 452 | 421 8 70 153 | 404 16 51 173 | |
| Appellate, total | 1,215 | 1,181 | 1.205 | 1,19 | |
| Appeals Officers Auditors Other | 585 120 510 | 566 116 499 | 576 121 508 | - 57: 11: 50: | |
| Administration, total | 3,209 | 3,131 | 3,102 | 3,25 | |
| Regional Counsel | 935 | 946 | 947 | 99: | |
| Regional Inspection | 868 | 861 | 875 | 85 | |

Note: Reimbursements are included in above figures.
Includes Terminal Leave for average positions realized for entire Service
Includes Time of International Operations, National Computer Center, and IRS Data Center.

Table 26.—Quantity And Cost Statistics For Printing

| | Quantity (1,000 | items) | Cost (1,000 Dolla | rs) |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Clase of Work | Tax Packages | Other Printing FY-77 | FY-76 | FY-77 |
| 1. Tax Packages (1977) Package 1 (Form 1040, Instructions, Schedules A & B, 52 pages) Package 2 (Form 1040, Schedules A & B, D, E, R, and Instructions—58 pages) Package 3 (Form 1040, Schedules A & B, C, D, E, R, F, SF, and Instructions—76 pages) Package 4 (Form 1040, Schedules A & B, C, D, E, R, F, SF, Form 3408, 4130, 4797, and | 24,797 10,787 8,957 | _ | = | 1,835 1,126 993 |
| instructions—96 pages) Package 1040A (Form 1040A and instructions—32 pages) Package 1065 (Form 1065 Sch K-1 Form 4797 & instructions—52 pages) | 2,765 37,797 1,800 | Ξ | 153 | 1,797 210 |
| Package 1120 (Form 1120, Sch. D, Form 1120W, 3468, 4797, 4874, 7004, and Instructions— | 2,180 | _ | 154 | 202 |
| 2. Employment Tax Package Pub. 393 (1977) | 5,961 | _ | _ | 465 |
| Total cost of Tax Returns & Instructions for Major Mailing To Taxpayers | - | _ | _ | 7,237 |
| 3. Other Tax Returns, Instructions, Public Use Forms & Pamphlets | _ | 3,411,306 | - | 20,660 |
| 4. Administrative Forms and Pamphlets | _ | 605,311 | _ | 7,431 |
| 5. Field Printing | - | 389,637 | _ | 2,92 |
| Grand Total | | 13,446,447 | | 38,25 |

Index

| Acts of Congress | | Chief Counsel Programs | |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| State and Local Assistance | 75 | Administrative | 46 |
| Employmee Retirement Income | | Criminal | 47, 48 |
| Security (ERISA) | 36 | Disclosure | 57 |
| Privacy | 29 | Legal | 51 |
| Tax Reduction-1977 | 8 | Refund | 52 |
| Tax Relorm-1976 | 8. 17, 49 | Tax Court | 54 |
| · - · · · · · · | | Statistics | 49/60 |
| Administration | 72, 73 | | |
| Cost Reduction | 72, 73 | Conferences | 26 |
| Equal Employment | 74 74 | Advisory | 26 27 |
| Handicapped | 73 | Appellate | 21 |
| Labor-Management | | Inter-American Administrators | 40 |
| Safety | 73 | (CiAT) | 42 |
| Training | 75, 76 | Corporate Income | |
| Advisory Groups | | Collections | 14, 15 |
| Art Panel | 75 | Employee Plans | 36 |
| | | Refunds | 130, 131 |
| Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms AT&F Taxes | Appendix | Returns | 17, 23 |
| 7 | 14 | Team Audits | 24 |
| Statistics | 14 | Criminal Prosecution | |
| Appeals Process | | | 47, 48 |
| Administrative | 26 | Case analysis and disposal | 47, 40 |
| Appellate | 27 | Investigations | 47 |
| Options | 28 | Justice Department | 47, 48 |
| Statistics 54, | Appendix | Statistics | 47, 40 |
| Assessments | | Delinquent Accounts | |
| | 24, 25, 26 | Compliance | 19, 20 |
| Estate | 20, 24 | Prevention | 20 |
| Excise | 20 | Statistics | 20 |
| Gift | 20 | | |
| Individual | 20 | Disclosure Operations | 57 |
| Statistics | Appendix | Document Security | 29 |
| | | Disclosure Officers | 57 |
| Assistance | 40 | Privacy Act Impact | 29 |
| Foreign | 42 | Restricting Return Access | 25 |
| State and Local Governments | 75 | Earned Income Credit | |
| Taxpayer | 6, 8 | Public Notices | 6, 10 |
| Audit of Returns | | Tabular Data | 17 |
| Charts and Tables | Appendix | Statistics | Appendix |
| Computer Assisted | 24 | Employee Plans | |
| Information (AIMS) | 26 | Federal Agency Coordination | 36 |
| Tax Shelters | 26 | Rulings | 36 |
| Technical Reference (TRI) | 29 | Statistics | Appendix |
| | | | , appoints |
| Commissioners of Internal Rever | Examination Programs | | |
| (1862-1977) | Appendix | Discriminant Function (DIF) | 22 |
| , , | | Mathematical Verification | 18 |
| | | Taxpayer Compliance | |
| | | Measurement (TCMP) | 22, 37 |

| Exempt Organizations Determinations and Rulings Master File (EOMF) Technical Advice Statistics | Ap | | 37 141 141 1dix |
|--|------|------------|-----------------------------|
| Federal Court Activities Appeals Claims Supreme Court Tax Court | | | 55 52 49 54 |
| Federal-State Programs Agreements Tax Information Exchange Training | | 62, | 63 63 42 |
| Foreign Programs Assistance Competent Authority International Operations (OIO) Official Visitors (TAAS) Statistics | Αp | pen | 42 41 40 42 dix |
| Fraud Investigations Cases Prosecuted Intelligence Division Internal Security Organized Crime Strike Force Cooperation Statistics 28 | . Ap | 28, 70, | 71 29 29 |
| Individual Income Appeals Audits Collections Refunds Returns Filed Statistics 14, 15, | 12, | 26, 14, | 55 22 15 16 16 |
| Information Activities Internal Revenue Bulletin Public Affairs Publications Taxpayer Assistance | • | | 33 10 9 |
| Inspection Operations Internal Audit Internal Security Investigations | | | 70 70 71 |
| International Operations (See Foreign Programs) | | | 40 |
| Legal Activities (See Chief Counsel) | | 49/ | 60 |
| Map of Internal Revenue regions, districts, and Service Centers | | oeno | xib |

| Narcotics Financiers | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Investigations | 29 |
| Statistics | 29 |
| Personnel Programs | |
| Equal Employment | 74 |
| Executive Development | 75. 76 |
| Handicapped | 75, 76 |
| Labor-Management | 73 |
| Statistics | Appendix |
| Principal Officers of Internal | rippondix |
| Revenue Service as of | |
| September 30, 1977 | A |
| | Appendix |
| Publications | |
| Internal Revenue Bulletin | . 33 |
| Taxpayer Assistance | 9 |
| Statistics of Income | 64 |
| Refunds | |
| (See Corporate Income; Individ | dual |
| Income: Appendix) | 16 |
| Regulations | 10 |
| Revenue Rulings | 00.00 |
| Technical Advice | 33, 60 |
| | 32, 33 |
| Returns Processing | |
| Audit | 22 |
| Collection | 18, 19 |
| Data Services | 32 |
| Service Center | 16 |
| Statistics | Appendix |
| Verification | 18 |
| Statistics | • |
| Audit Charts and | |
| Tables 1 to 31 | 88 |
| Statistical Tables 1 to 26 | 118 |
| Tax Administration | |
| Compliance | 00 |
| Collection | 23 |
| Costs Incurred | 12 |
| Enforcement | Appendix |
| Forms | 28, 29 |
| | . 8, 9 |
| Legal and Legislative Security | 49/60 |
| Statistics | 70, 71 |
| | Appendix |
| Workflow in the Internal Revenu | 16 |
| Audit | Appendix |
| Chief Counsel | 58 |
| Collection | 13 |
| Management | 72 |
| Statistics | Appendix |

